

$$\mathbf{b}m_{i_ , j_ \rightarrow k_} := \mathbb{E} \left[(\beta_i + \beta_j) \mathbf{b}_k, (\eta_i + \eta_j) \mathbf{y}_k, \mathbf{1} - \epsilon \eta_j \mathbf{y}_k \beta_i + \mathbf{0}[\epsilon]^2 \right]$$

$$\mathbf{b}\Delta_{i_ \rightarrow j_ , k_} := \mathbb{E} \left[\beta_i (\mathbf{b}_j + \mathbf{b}_k), \eta_i (e^{-b_k} \mathbf{y}_j + \mathbf{y}_k), \right. \\ \left. \mathbf{1} + \epsilon \eta_i^2 \mathbf{y}_j \mathbf{y}_k e^{-b_k} / 2 + \mathbf{0}[\epsilon]^2 \right]$$

$$\mathbf{b}S_{i_} := \mathbb{E} \left[-\beta_i \mathbf{b}_i, -e^{b_i} \eta_i \mathbf{y}_i, \right. \\ \left. \mathbf{1} - \epsilon e^{b_i} \eta_i \mathbf{y}_i (\beta_i + e^{b_i} \eta_i \mathbf{y}_i / 2) + \mathbf{0}[\epsilon]^2 \right]$$

$$\mathbf{b}Si_{i_} := \mathbb{E} \left[-\beta_i \mathbf{b}_i, -e^{b_i} \eta_i \mathbf{y}_i, \right. \\ \left. \mathbf{1} - \epsilon e^{b_i} \eta_i \mathbf{y}_i (\beta_i - \mathbf{1} + e^{b_i} \eta_i \mathbf{y}_i / 2) + \mathbf{0}[\epsilon]^2 \right]$$