

On board - the stitching formula

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc} \omega & a & b & S \\ \hline a & \alpha & \beta & \theta \\ b & \gamma & \delta & \epsilon \\ S & \phi & \psi & \Xi \end{array} \xrightarrow[\substack{\mu := 1 - \beta \\ T_a, T_b \rightarrow T_c}]{m_c^{ab}} \begin{array}{c|cc} \mu\omega & c & S \\ \hline \dot{c} & \gamma + \alpha\delta/\mu & \epsilon + \delta\theta/\mu \\ S & \phi + \alpha\psi/\mu & \Xi + \psi\theta/\mu \end{array}$$

Wherefore  $w?$

The Euler trick, scatter & glow  
The switch to  $bcw$ :

(160612) Let  $\mathfrak{g} := \langle c, w \rangle$  with  $[c, w] = w$ , let  $\mathfrak{g}^* = \langle b, u \rangle$  with  $c(b) = u(w) = 1$  and  $c(w) = u(b) = 0$  be Abelian, let  $I\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{g}^* \rtimes \mathfrak{g}$  so  $[b, c] = [b, w] = [b, u] = 0$  while  $[c, u] = -u$  and  $[w, u] = b$ . Let  $r = Id = b_1c_2 + u_1w_2 \in \mathfrak{g}^* \otimes \mathfrak{g} \subset I\mathfrak{g} \otimes I\mathfrak{g}$ . Let  $\mathcal{U} = \mathcal{U}(I\mathfrak{g})$ , degree-completed with respect to  $\deg b, u = 1$  and  $\deg c, w = 0$ . Then  $R = \exp(r) \in \mathcal{U} \otimes \mathcal{U}$  satisfies Yang-Baxter,  $bc + uw$ ,  $cb + wu$ , and  $b$  are central, and  $(cb + wu) - (bc + uw) = b$ . Also,  $ad(-r_{ij}) = \{b_k \mapsto 0, u_i \mapsto 0, u_j \mapsto b_iu_j - b_ju_i, c_i \mapsto -u_1w_2, c_j \mapsto 0, w_i \mapsto b_iw_j, w_j \mapsto -b_iw_j\}$ .

stitching the glow part.