



Chern-Simons-Witten Theory Near The Co-Commutative Limit

Abstract. Perhaps every algebra meeting should have one analysis talk (and vice versa), lest we forget that the other exists. In my role as the outsider, I will tell you today about the other – perturbative – evaluation of path integrals, where instead of hoping that nature will help us compute faster, we approximate nature by things we already can compute quickly.



van der Veen

Specifically I will tell you how in the Chern-Simons-Witten theory you can perturb the base Lie algebra from where it's easy towards where it's strong, leading to the strongest genuinely computable knot invariant we presently have.

I wish I could give my talk in the language of the Kabbalah, but I ain't smart enough for that. So I'll highlight the Kabbalistic points that we're still missing, and then stick to the Talmud.

Acknowledgement. Work supported by NSERC grant RGPIN-2025-06718 and by the Chu Family Foundation (NYC).



AI Overview

The Talmud is the foundational, comprehensive compilation of Jewish law (Halacha) and legal debates, focusing on the "how" of daily practice. Kabbalah is the esoteric, mystical tradition of Judaism, focusing on the inner meaning of the Torah, the nature of God, and spiritual universes. Both are considered part of the Oral Law tradition. 👤 Ohr Somayach +2

Chern-Simons-Witten with Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} and representation V :

$$\int_{A \in \Omega^1(\mathbb{R}^3; \mathfrak{g})} \mathcal{D}A \exp\left(\frac{i}{4\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}^3} A \wedge dA + \frac{2\hbar}{3} A \wedge A \wedge A\right) \text{tr}_V \mathcal{P} \exp_{\gamma}(\hbar A)$$

Same as old

Missing Kabbalah:

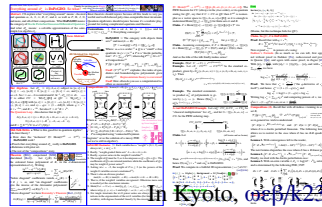
1. Exact evaluation at $\epsilon = 0$ giving Δ .
2. Then perturbation theory.

Old Kabbalah

Old Talmud

Universal Reshetikhin-Turaev for \mathfrak{g}_{ϵ} with $q = e^{\hbar^2 \epsilon}$

ϵ -expansion: perturbation theory, Feynman diagrams



In Kyoto, Sep 23

Today's invariants:

$\epsilon = 0$	$\epsilon^2 = 0$	$\epsilon^3 = 0$	\dots
Alexander's Δ	ρ_1, θ	ρ_2, \dots	\dots

Solvable Approximation:

$$\mathfrak{g} \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}_{\epsilon}$$

Chern-Simons-Witten with Lie algebra \mathfrak{g}_{ϵ} :

$$\int_{A \in \Omega^1(\mathbb{R}^3; \mathfrak{g}_{\epsilon})} \mathcal{D}A \exp\left(\frac{i}{4\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}^3} A \wedge dA + \frac{2\hbar}{3} A \wedge A \wedge A\right) \mathcal{P} \exp_{\gamma}(\hbar A)$$

Same as old

Missing Kabbalah:

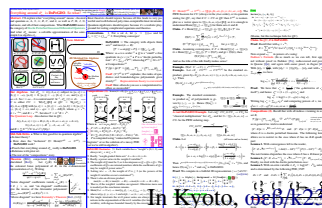
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New Kabbalah

New Talmud

Universal Reshetikhin-Turaev for \mathfrak{g}_{ϵ} with $q = e^{\hbar^2 \epsilon}$

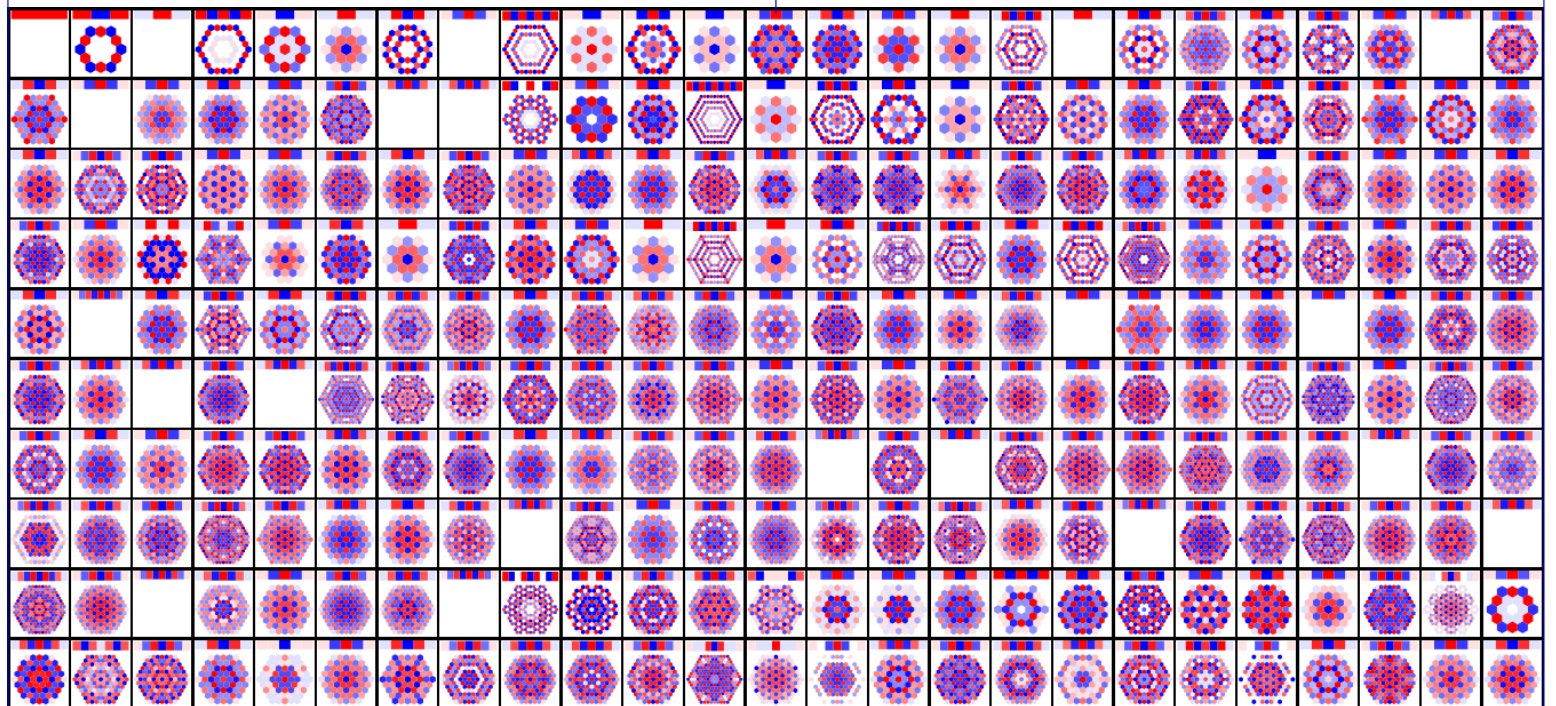
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TBW.

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