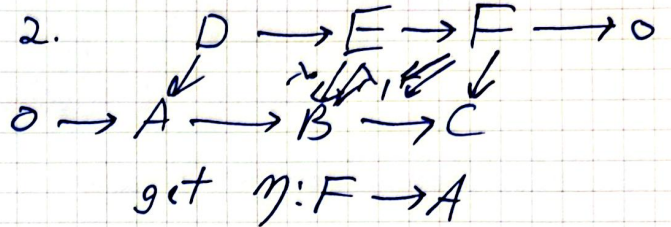
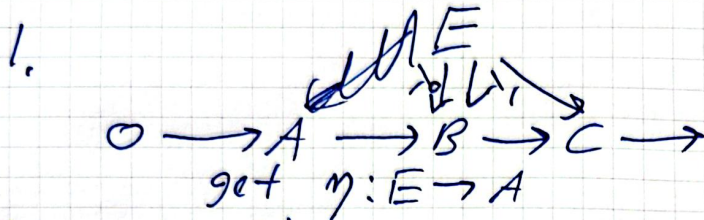


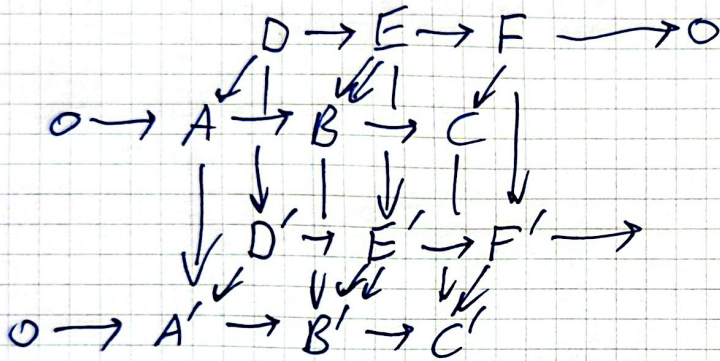


Title. Secondary Operations, Emergent knots, and the Goldman-Turaev Lie bialgebra.

Apologies: Mostly language Thu: Mostly tofu. ~~My talk will have 3 parts~~
 Part I Secondary operations Goal: Emergent.



3. Naturality



If all the squares commute, then $\eta = \eta'$ square commutes.
 Appl For us, The top layer will be \mathbb{K} , The bottom $gr \mathbb{K} = \mathbb{A}$, and the vertical arrows are some knot-theoretic expansion.

Part II Emergent knots in $\Sigma \times I$ [If $\Sigma = \text{circle}$, $\Sigma \times I$ is PDS_n]

$\mathbb{K}(S)$: l.c. of knots in $\Sigma \times I$, with skeleton S .

$\mathbb{K}^1(S)$: The span of knots w/ one S - S double point, where $\times = \setminus - /$

$\mathbb{K}^2(S)$: - - - w/ 2 double points.

$\mathbb{K}^1 = \mathbb{K}^{gh}$ = homotopy classes $\mathbb{K}^{gh}(1/0) = \pi_1 \otimes \pi_1$
 (there is also a framed variant)

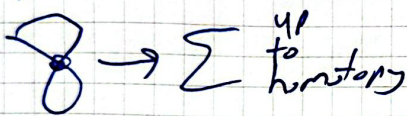
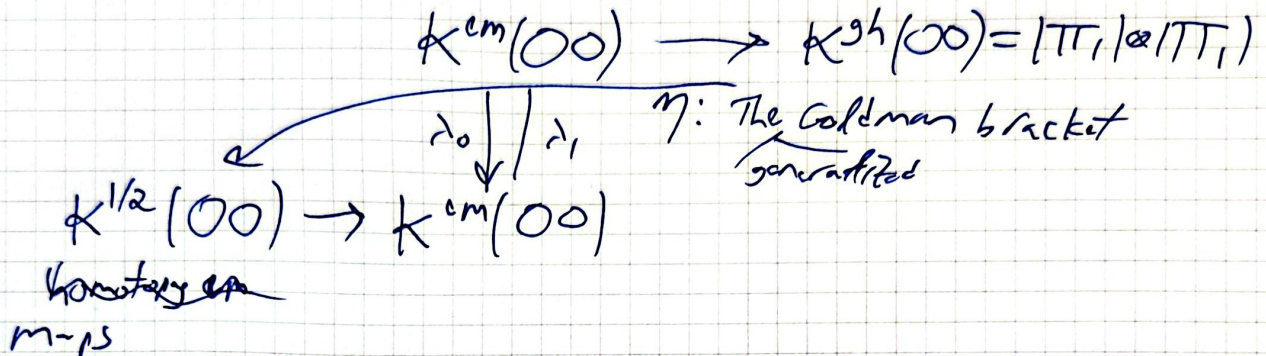


$K^{1/2} = K^{em} = \text{"emergent knots"}$

$$K^{1/2} \xrightarrow{\lambda_0} K^{em} \xrightarrow{\lambda_1} K^{gh} \rightarrow 0$$

From now on,
 $\Sigma = \text{XRF}$
 D: empty

Example 1. $S = \bigcirc \bigcirc$ $\lambda_0: 1 \text{ above } 2$
 $\lambda_1: 2 \text{ above } 1.$



Example 2 ~~$S = \bigcirc$~~ $S = \curvearrowright$

λ_0 : ascending
 λ_1 : descending

set $\eta: \mathbb{T}T_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{T}T_2$

"generalized co-action"

Part II.5 $K_H := \mathbb{Q}[b] \otimes K$ $\nearrow \searrow = \nearrow - \searrow = b \curvearrowright$

~~Prop~~ $\hat{b}: K_{(H)}^{gh} \rightarrow K_H^{1/2}$ is an isomorphism.

PF \hat{b} surjectivity is obvious, so we need $\Psi: K_H^{1/2} \rightarrow K^{gh}$
 s.t. $\hat{b} \circ \Psi = I_{K^{gh}}$

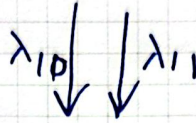
$$\Psi: b \cdot K \rightarrow K \quad \Psi: b^0 K \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x \in K} (-1)^x K \Big|_{x \rightarrow \partial K}$$

Satisfies R2, R3
 Satisfies H.



Part III Go-Tu

$$K^{em}(0;0) \longrightarrow K^{gh}(0;0) \cong \mathbb{T}^1 \otimes \mathbb{T}^1$$



The Goldman bracket

$$\mathbb{T}^1 = \overset{K^{gh}(0)}{\text{circle}} \xrightarrow{\hat{b}} K^{1/2}(0;0) \longrightarrow K^{em}(0;0)$$

$$K^{em}(\Gamma) \longrightarrow K^{gh}(\Gamma) \cong \mathbb{T}^1$$

$$\mathbb{T}^1 \otimes \mathbb{T}^1 \cong K^{gh}(g) \xrightarrow{\hat{b}} K^{1/2}(\Gamma) \longrightarrow K^{em}(\Gamma) \xleftarrow[\text{dec}]{\text{asc}} K^{em}(\Gamma)$$

The "co-action"

Part IV Take gr of everything

$$A(\mathcal{O}) = \langle \text{diagram with 4 crossings} \rangle / 4\mathbb{T}$$

$$A_{(H)}^{gh}(\mathcal{O}) = A \otimes |A| \quad \text{w/ } A = \text{FAK}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$gh: \begin{matrix} \text{H} \\ \text{S} \end{matrix} = 0 \quad b = 0$$

$$A_H^{em}(\mathcal{O}) = \left| \text{diagram with 4 crossings} \right| / \left| \text{diagram with 4 crossings} \right| - \left| \text{diagram with 4 crossings} \right|$$

$$em: \begin{matrix} \text{H} & \text{H} \\ \text{S} & \text{S} \end{matrix} = 0 \quad b^2 = 0$$

$$H: \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \text{H} \\ \downarrow \end{matrix} = b \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \text{H} \\ \downarrow \end{matrix} \quad b \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \text{S} \\ \downarrow \end{matrix} = 0$$

$$A^{em}(0;0) \rightarrow A^{gh}(0;0) = |A| \otimes |A|$$

$$|A| = A^{gh}(0) \xrightarrow{\hat{b}} A^{em}(0;0)$$

similarity of the co-action...

Comments

② HW: Do the same for K^w/A^w

① I'm not happy! I think we are still missing something small, perhaps an extension of the KI