

Three types of inverses appear below!

$\bar{R}$  is the inverse of  $R$  in the algebra  $\mathbb{B} \otimes \mathcal{A}$ .

$P$  is the inverse of  $R$  as a quadratic form, like how an element of  $V^* \otimes V^*$  can be the inverse of an element of  $V \otimes V$ .

$\overline{aS}$  is the inverse of  $aS$  as an operator form, like how an element of  $V^* \otimes V$  can be the inverse of another element of  $V^* \otimes V$ .