

```
SetDirectory["C:\\Users\\T15Roland\\Wiskunde\\Bn\\Theta"];
Once[<< KnotTheory`]
```

Out[*]:=

C:\\Users\\T15Roland\\Wiskunde\\Bn\\Theta

```
In[*]:= Rot[pd_PD] := Module[{n, xs, x, rots, Xp, Xm, front = {1}, k},
  n = Length@pd; rots = Table[0, {2 n}];
  xs = Cases[pd, x_X => {Xp[x[[4]], x[[1]] PositiveQ@x},
    {Xm[x[[2]], x[[1]] True}];
  For[k = 1, k <= 2 n, ++k,
    If[FreeQ[front, -k],
      front = Flatten@Replace[front, k -> {xs /. {
        Xp[k, l_] | Xm[l_, k] => {l + 1, k + 1, -l},
        Xp[l_, k] | Xm[k, l_] => {++rots[[l]]; {-l, k + 1, l + 1}},
        _Xp | _Xm => {}
      }}, {1}],
      Cases[front, k | -k] /. {k, -k} => --rots[[k]];
    ];
  {xs /. {Xp[i_, j_] => {+1, i, j}, Xm[i_, j_] => {-1, i, j}}, rots}];
Rot[K_] := Rot[PD[K]];
```

```
In[*]:= CF[ε_] := Module[{vs = Union@Cases[ε, g_, ∞], ps, c},
  Total[CoefficientRules[Expand[ε], vs] /. (ps_ -> c_) => Factor[c] (Times @@ vs^ps)]];
```

```
In[*]:= T3 = T1 T2;
```

```
In[*]:= R1[s_, i_, j_] =
  CF[s (1/2 - g3ii + T2^5 g1ii g2ji - g1ii g2jj - (T2^5 - 1) g2ji g3ii + 2 g2jj g3ii - (1 - T3^5) g2ji g3ji -
    g2ii g3jj - T2^5 g2ji g3jj + g1ii g3jj + ((T1^5 - 1) g1ji (T2^5 g2ji - T2^5 g2jj + T2^5 g3jj) +
    (T3^5 - 1) g3ji (1 - T2^5 g1ii - (T1^5 - 1) (T2^5 + 1) g1ji + (T2^5 - 2) g2jj + g2ij)) / (T2^5 - 1)]];
```

```
In[*]:= θ[{s0_, i0_, j0_}, {s1_, i1_, j1_}] := CF[
  s1 (T1^s0 - 1) (T2^s1 - 1)^-1 (T3^s1 - 1) g1,j1,i0 g3,j0,i1 ( (T2^s0 g2,i1,i0 - g2,i1,j0) - (T2^s0 g2,j1,i0 - g2,j1,j0) ) ]
```

```
In[*]:= T1[φ_, k_] = -φ / 2 + φ g3kk;
```

```

In[*]:=  $\Theta[K\_]$  := Module[{Cs,  $\varphi$ , n, A, s, i, j, k,  $\Delta$ , G, v,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , gEval, c, z},
  {Cs,  $\varphi$ } = Rot[K]; n = Length[Cs];
  A = IdentityMatrix[2 n + 1];
  Cases[Cs, {s_, i_, j_}  $\Rightarrow$  (A[[{i, j}, {i + 1, j + 1}]] +=  $\begin{pmatrix} -T^s & T^s - 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ )]];
   $\Delta$  = T(-Total[ $\varphi$ ] - Total[Cs[[All, 1]]]) / 2 Det[A];
  G = Inverse[A];
  gEval[ $\mathcal{E}$ _] := Factor[ $\mathcal{E}$  /. gv,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$   $\Rightarrow$  (G[[ $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ]] /. T  $\rightarrow$  Tv)];
  z = gEval[ $\sum_{k1=1}^n \sum_{k2=1}^n \Theta[Cs[[k1]], Cs[[k2]]]$ ];
  z += gEval[ $\sum_{k=1}^n R_1 @ Cs[[k]]$ ];
  z += gEval[ $\sum_{k=1}^{2^n} T_1[\varphi[[k]], k]$ ];
  { $\Delta$ , ( $\Delta$  /. T  $\rightarrow$  T1) ( $\Delta$  /. T  $\rightarrow$  T2) ( $\Delta$  /. T  $\rightarrow$  T3) z} // Factor];

```

```

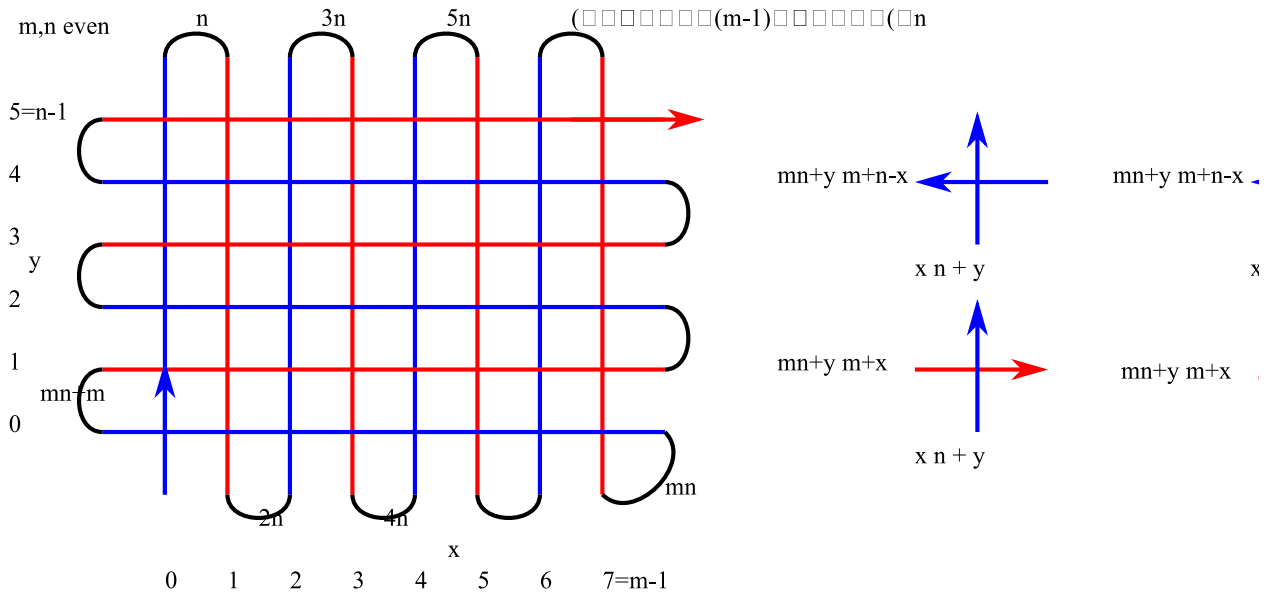
In[*]:= PolyPlot[{ $\Delta$ _,  $\theta$ _}] := Module[{crs, m, m1, m2, maxc, minc, s, , rect, hex}, GraphicsColumn[{
  rect = {{0, 0}, {1, 0}, {1, 1}, {0, 1}};
  hex = Table[{Cos[ $\alpha$ ], Sin[ $\alpha$ ]} / Cos[2  $\pi$  / 12] / 2, { $\alpha$ , 2  $\pi$  / 12, 2  $\pi$ , 2  $\pi$  / 6}];
  If[Expand[ $\Delta$ ] == 0, Graphics[],
    crs = CoefficientRules[Tm = -Exponent[ $\Delta$ , T, Min]  $\Delta$ , {T}];
    maxc = N@Log@Max@Abs[Last /@ crs];
    minc = N@Log@Min@Select[Abs[Last /@ crs], # > 0 &];
    If[minc == maxc, s[_] = 0, s[c_] := s[c] = (maxc - Log@c) / (maxc - minc)];
    Graphics[crs /. ({x_}  $\rightarrow$  c_)  $\Rightarrow$  {
      Lighter[Which[c == 0, White, c > 0, Red, c < 0, Blue], 0.88 s[Abs@c]],
      Polygon[{(x + m - 1 / 2, 0) + #} & /@ rect], AspectRatio  $\rightarrow$  1 / 5]
    },
  If[Expand[ $\theta$ ] == 0, Graphics[{White, Disk[]}],
    crs = CoefficientRules[Tm1 = -Exponent[ $\theta$ , T1, Min] Tm2 = -Exponent[ $\theta$ , T2, Min]  $\theta$ , {T1, T2}];
    maxc = N@Log@Max@Abs[Last /@ crs];
    minc = N@Log@Min@Select[Abs[Last /@ crs], # > 0 &];
    If[minc == maxc, s[_] = 0, s[c_] := s[c] = (maxc - Log@c) / (maxc - minc)];
    Graphics[{
      {White, Disk[{0, 0}, 1 + Cos[2  $\pi$  / 12] Norm[{m1, m2}] /  $\sqrt{2}$ ]},
      crs /. ({x1_, x2_}  $\rightarrow$  c_)  $\Rightarrow$  {
        Lighter[Which[c == 0, White, c > 0, Red, c < 0, Blue], 0.88 s[Abs@c]],
        Polygon[ $\left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1/2 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3}/2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \{x1 - m1, x2 - m2\} + \# \right)$  & /@ hex]
      }
    ]
  ], Spacings  $\rightarrow$  0]]];

```

A mat-shaped knot based on an m by n rectangular grid. The integers m,n should be even and the

crossings can be chosen arbitrarily.

Probably all knots can be brought into this form.



(*m,n, even, by default all xings positive. The
list negxs flips the sign of those crossings.*)

```
Mat[m_, n_, negxs_ : {}] := Module[{pd}, pd = (Flatten@Table[
  Switch[
    {EvenQ[x], EvenQ[y]},
    {True, True},
    X[mn + ym + m - x - 1, nx + y + 1, mn + ym + m - x, nx + y],
    {True, False},
    X[nx + y, mn + ym + x + 1, nx + y + 1, mn + ym + x],
    {False, True},
    X[nx + n - y - 1, mn + ym + m - x, nx + n - y, mn + ym + m - x - 1],
    {False, False},
    X[mn + ym + x, nx + n - y, mn + ym + x + 1, nx + n - y - 1]
  ],
  {x, 0, m - 1}, {y, 0, n - 1}
] /. {X[a_, b_, c_, d_] => X[a + 1, b + 1, c + 1, d + 1]}];
Do[pd[[i]] = (pd[[i]] /. {X[a_, b_, c_, d_] => X[d, a, b, c]}), {i, negxs}];
PD @@ pd
]
(*Randomly assign signs to all crossings*)
RandMat[m_, n_] := Mat[m, n, RandomSample[Range[mn], RandomInteger[{0, mn}]]]
```

```
In[ ]:= (*The trefoil and the unknot*)
```

```
{Mat[2, 2],  
  Mat[2, 2, {1}]}  
Θ /@ %
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

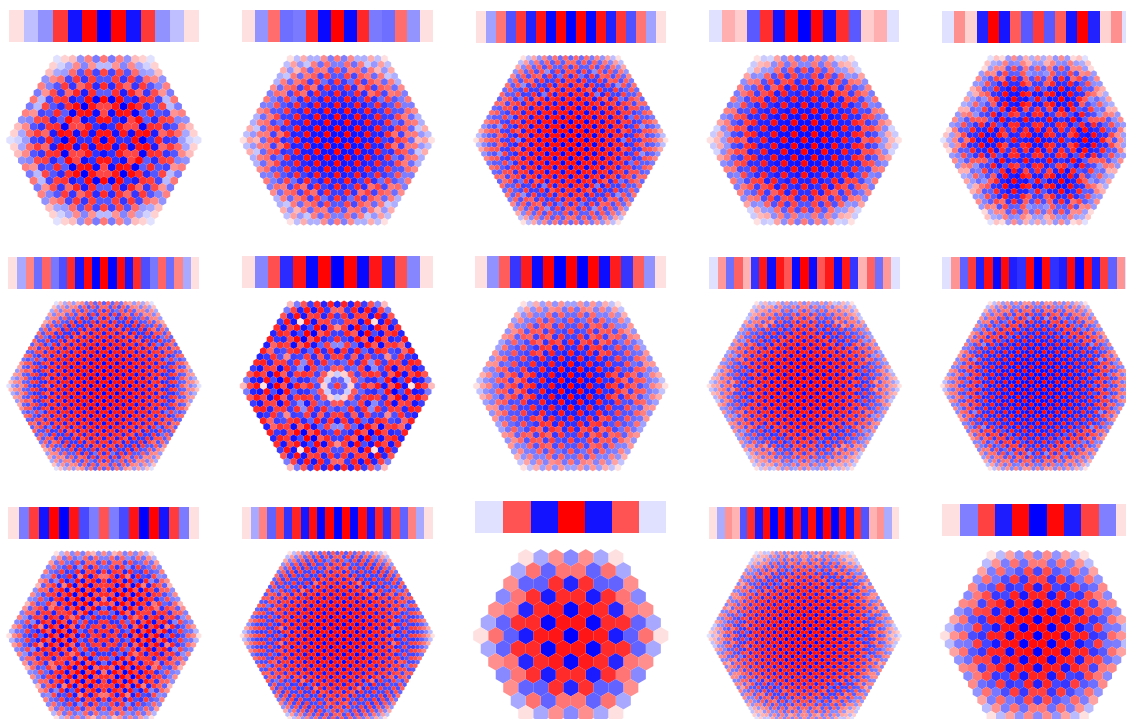
```
{PD[X[6, 2, 7, 1], X[2, 8, 3, 7], X[4, 6, 5, 5], X[8, 4, 9, 3]],  
  PD[X[1, 6, 2, 7], X[2, 8, 3, 7], X[4, 6, 5, 5], X[8, 4, 9, 3]]}
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

$$\left\{ \left\{ \frac{1 - T + T^2}{T}, \frac{1 - T_1 + T_1^2 - T_2 - T_1^3 T_2 + T_2^2 + T_1^4 T_2^2 - T_1 T_2^3 - T_1^4 T_2^3 + T_1^2 T_2^4 - T_1^3 T_2^4 + T_1^4 T_2^4}{T_1^2 T_2^2} \right\}, \{1, 0\} \right\}$$

```
In[ ]:= GraphicsGrid[Table[PolyPlot@Θ@RandMat[6, 8], {i, 3}, {j, 5}]]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```



```
In[ ]:= GraphicsGrid[Table[PolyPlot@@@RandMat[10, 8], {i, 4}, {j, 7}]]
```

Out[]=

