

Pensieve header: October 13: A Faster Jones Program.

**Today.** A faster Jones, then whatever you may suggest, then EIWL 9-12, then, if time, Patterns.

**Topics** (in no particular order). Whatever you may suggest; whatever comes to my mind; ~~the Fibonacci numbers;~~ the Catalan numbers; ~~the Jones polynomial;~~ a more efficient Jones algorithm; ~~a riddle on spheres;~~ Khovanov homology;  $\Gamma$ -calculus; the Hopf fibration; Hilbert's 13th problem; non-commutative Gaussian elimination; free Lie algebras; the Baker-Campbell-Hausdorff formula; wacky numbers; an order 4 torus; the Schwarz Lantern; knot colourings; the Temperley-Lieb pairing; the dodecahedral link; sound experiments; barycentric subdivisions; a Peano curve; braid closures and Vogel's algorithm; the insolubility of the quintic; phase portraits; the Mandelbrot set; shadows of the Cantor aerogel; quilt plots; some image transformations; De Bruijn graphs; the Riemann series theorem; finite type invariants and the Willerton fish; the Hanoi towers.

<< **KnotTheory`**

Loading KnotTheory` version of September 6, 2014, 13:37:37.2841.

Read more at <http://katlas.org/wiki/KnotTheory>.

**PD[Knot[3, 1]]**

**KnotTheory:** Loading precomputed data in PD4Knots`.

PD[X[1, 4, 2, 5], X[3, 6, 4, 1], X[5, 2, 6, 3]]

**Knot[8, 17]**

Knot[8, 17]

**Knot[8, 17] // PD**

PD[X[6, 2, 7, 1], X[14, 8, 15, 7], X[8, 3, 9, 4], X[2, 13, 3, 14],  
X[12, 5, 13, 6], X[4, 9, 5, 10], X[16, 12, 1, 11], X[10, 16, 11, 15]]

**Jones[PD[Knot[3, 1]]][q]**

$$-\frac{1}{q^4} + \frac{1}{q^3} + \frac{1}{q}$$

**AllKnots[{3, 10}] // Length**

249

```

SetAttributes[P, Orderless];
JP[K_Times, opts___Rule] := Module[{verb, n, b1, b2, b3, b4, b5, w, J},
  verb = Verbose /. {opts} /. Verbose -> False;
  n = Length[K];
  If[verb, Print["K has ", n, " crossings."]];
  b1 = K //. X[i_, j_, k_, L_] => AP[i, j] P[k, L] + BP[j, k] P[i, L];
  b2 = Expand[b1];
  b3 = b2 //. P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] => P[i, k];
  b4 = b3 //. {P[i_, j_]^2 -> d, P[i_, i_] -> d};
  b5 = Expand[b4 //. {B -> 1/A, d -> -A^2 - 1/A^2}];
  If[verb, Print["The Kauffman bracket is "]];
  If[verb, Print[b5]];
  w = K /. {Times -> Plus, X[_ , 1, _ , 2 n] -> 1,
    X[_ , 2 n, _ , 1] -> -1, X[_ , j_, _ , L_] -> If[j > L, 1, -1]};
  If[verb, Print["The writhe is "]];
  If[verb, Print[w]];
  If[verb, Print["The Jones Polynomial is "]];
  J = Expand@Cancel[
$$\frac{(-A^3)^{-w} b5}{-A^2 - 1/A^2}$$
 /. A -> q^{-1/4}];
];
JP[K_PD, opts___] := JP[Times@@K, opts];
JP[K_Knot, opts___] := JP[PD@K, opts];

JP[Knot[3, 1], Verbose -> True]

K has 3 crossings.

The Kauffman bracket is


$$\frac{1}{A^7} + \frac{1}{A^3} + A - A^9$$


The writhe is

-3

The Jones Polynomial is


$$-\frac{1}{q^4} + \frac{1}{q^3} + \frac{1}{q}$$


Timing[tab1 = Table[JP[K], {K, AllKnots[{3, 10}]}];]
{52.2031, Null}

tab2 = Table[Jones[K][q], {K, AllKnots[{3, 10}]}];

KnotTheory: Loading precomputed data in Jones4Knots`.

tab1 == tab2

True

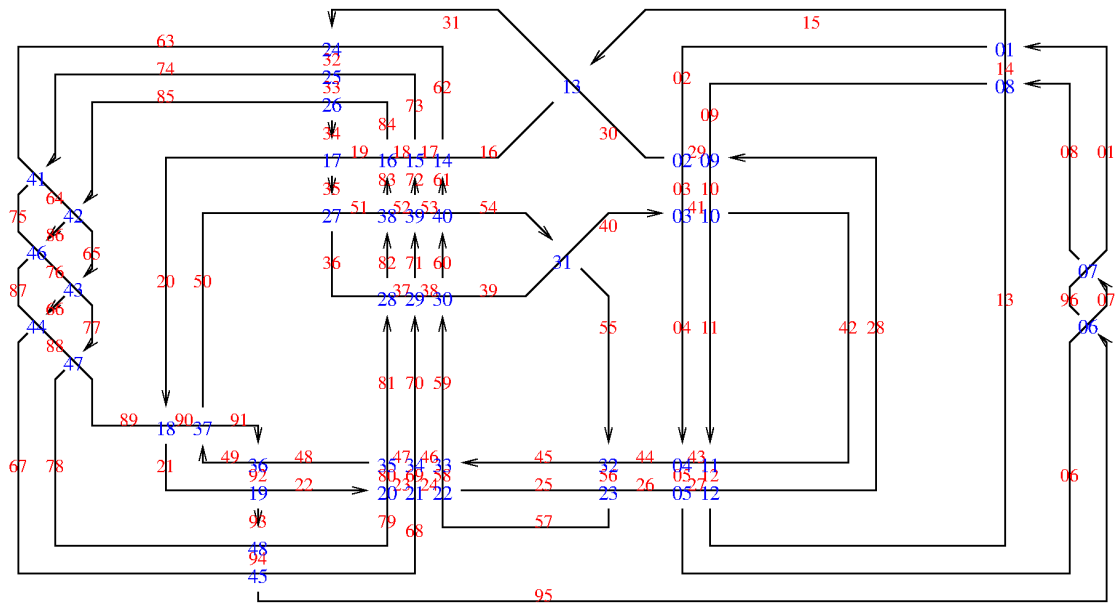
Union[tab1] // Length

242

```

## A 48-crossing knot

Import ["http://drorbn.net/AcademicPensieve/2016-09/GST48-Marked.png"]



GST48 = PD[

- X[01, 15, 02, 14], X[29, 02, 30, 03],
- X[40, 04, 41, 03], X[04, 44, 05, 43], X[05, 26, 06, 27],
- X[95, 07, 96, 06], X[07, 01, 08, 96], X[08, 14, 09, 13],
- X[28, 09, 29, 10], X[41, 11, 42, 10],
- X[11, 43, 12, 42], X[12, 27, 13, 28], X[15, 31, 16, 30],
- X[61, 16, 62, 17], X[72, 17, 73, 18],
- X[83, 18, 84, 19], X[34, 20, 35, 19], X[20, 89, 21, 90],
- X[92, 21, 93, 22], X[22, 79, 23, 80],
- X[23, 68, 24, 69], X[24, 57, 25, 58], X[56, 25, 57, 26],
- X[31, 63, 32, 62], X[32, 74, 33, 73],
- X[33, 85, 34, 84], X[35, 50, 36, 51], X[81, 37, 82, 36],
- X[70, 38, 71, 37], X[59, 39, 60, 38],
- X[54, 39, 55, 40], X[55, 45, 56, 44], X[45, 59, 46, 58],
- X[46, 70, 47, 69], X[47, 81, 48, 80],
- X[91, 49, 92, 48], X[49, 91, 50, 90], X[82, 52, 83, 51],
- X[71, 53, 72, 52], X[60, 54, 61, 53],
- X[74, 63, 75, 64], X[85, 64, 86, 65], X[65, 76, 66, 77],
- X[66, 87, 67, 88], X[94, 67, 95, 68],
- X[86, 75, 87, 76], X[77, 88, 78, 89], X[93, 78, 94, 79] ];

2<sup>48</sup>

281474976710656

$$b1 = K // . X[i_, j_, k_, L_] \Rightarrow AP[i, j] P[k, L] + BP[j, k] P[i, L];$$

$$b2 = \text{Expand}[b1];$$

$$b3 = b2 // . P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] \Rightarrow P[i, k];$$

$$b4 = b3 // . \{P[i_, j_]^2 \rightarrow d, P[i_, i_] \rightarrow d\};$$

$$b5 = \text{Expand}[b4 // . \{B \rightarrow 1/A, d \rightarrow -A^2 - 1/A^2\}];$$

$$\text{Knot}[3, 1] // \text{PD}$$

$$\text{PD}[X[1, 4, 2, 5], X[3, 6, 4, 1], X[5, 2, 6, 3]]$$

$$J1 = X[1, 4, 2, 5] /. X[i_, j_, k_, L_] \Rightarrow AP[i, j] P[k, L] + A^{-1} P[j, k] P[i, L]$$

$$\frac{P[1, 5] P[2, 4]}{A} + AP[1, 4] P[2, 5]$$

$$J2 = \text{Expand}[J1]$$

$$\frac{P[1, 5] P[2, 4]}{A} + AP[1, 4] P[2, 5]$$

$$J3 = J2 // . P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] \Rightarrow P[i, k]$$

$$\frac{P[1, 5] P[2, 4]}{A} + AP[1, 4] P[2, 5]$$

$$J4 = J3 /. \{P[i_, j_]^2 \rightarrow -A^2 - 1/A^2, P[i_, i_] \rightarrow -A^2 - 1/A^2\}$$

$$\frac{P[1, 5] P[2, 4]}{A} + AP[1, 4] P[2, 5]$$

$$J5 = \text{Expand}[J4]$$

$$\frac{P[1, 5] P[2, 4]}{A} + AP[1, 4] P[2, 5]$$

$$J1 = J5 * (X[3, 6, 4, 1] /. X[i_, j_, k_, L_] \Rightarrow AP[i, j] P[k, L] + A^{-1} P[j, k] P[i, L])$$

$$\left( \frac{P[1, 5] P[2, 4]}{A} + AP[1, 4] P[2, 5] \right) \left( AP[1, 4] P[3, 6] + \frac{P[1, 3] P[4, 6]}{A} \right)$$

$$J2 = \text{Expand}[J1];$$

$$J3 = J2 // . P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] \Rightarrow P[i, k];$$

$$J4 = J3 /. \{P[i_, j_]^2 \rightarrow -A^2 - 1/A^2, P[i_, i_] \rightarrow -A^2 - 1/A^2\};$$

$$J5 = \text{Expand}[J4]$$

$$\frac{P[2, 6] P[3, 5]}{A^2} + P[2, 5] P[3, 6] - A^4 P[2, 5] P[3, 6]$$

$$J1 = J5 * (X[5, 2, 6, 3] /. X[i_, j_, k_, L_] \Rightarrow AP[i, j] P[k, L] + A^{-1} P[j, k] P[i, L])$$

$$\left( \frac{P[2, 6] P[3, 5]}{A} + AP[2, 5] P[3, 6] \right) \left( \frac{P[2, 6] P[3, 5]}{A^2} + P[2, 5] P[3, 6] - A^4 P[2, 5] P[3, 6] \right)$$

```
J2 = Expand[J1];
J3 = J2 /. P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] => P[i, k];
J4 = J3 /. {P[i_, j_]^2 -> -A^2 - 1/A^2, P[i_, i_] -> -A^2 - 1/A^2};
J5 = Expand[J4]
1/A^7 + 1/A^3 + A - A^9
```

```
PD[Knot[3, 1]]
PD[X[1, 4, 2, 5], X[3, 6, 4, 1], X[5, 2, 6, 3]]
```

```
FJ[K_PD] := Module[{J = 1, todo, front, v, x, n, w},
  n = Length[K];
  todo = List@@K;
  front = {};
  v[x_X] := Length[front ∩ (List@@x)];
  While[todo != {},
    x = RandomChoice@MaximalBy[todo, v];
    J = Expand[J * (x /. X[i_, j_, k_, l_] => AP[i, j] P[k, l] + A^-1 P[j, k] P[i, l])];
    J = J /. P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] => P[i, k];
    J = Expand[J /. {P[i_, j_]^2 -> -A^2 - 1/A^2, P[i_, i_] -> -A^2 - 1/A^2}];
    todo = DeleteCases[todo, x];
    (* todo=Complement[todo, {x}]; *)
    (* front=Complement[front ∪ (List@@x), front ∩ (List@@x)] *)
    front = front ∪ (List@@x);
  ];
  w = K /. {PD -> Plus, X[_ , 1, _ , 2 n] -> 1,
    X[_ , 2 n, _ , 1] -> -1, X[_ , j_, _ , l_] => If[j > l, 1, -1]};
  Expand@Cancel[(-A^3)^-w J / (-A^2 - 1/A^2) /. A -> q^-1/4];
];
```

```
FJ[K_Knot] := FJ[PD@K];
```

```
FJ[Knot[3, 1]]
```

$$-\frac{1}{q^4} + \frac{1}{q^3} + \frac{1}{q}$$

```
Timing[tab3 = FJ /@ AllKnots[{3, 10}];]
{2.20313, Null}
```

```
tab3 == tab1
```

True

```
FJ[GST48] // Timing
```

$$\{2.6875, 5 - \frac{1}{q^7} + \frac{1}{q^6} - \frac{1}{q^3} + \frac{3}{q^2} - \frac{3}{q} - 5q + 5q^2 - 3q^3 - q^4 + 3q^5 - 4q^6 + 2q^7 - q^8 + q^9 - q^{10} + q^{11} - q^{12} + 3q^{13} - 4q^{14} + 3q^{15} - q^{16}\}$$

**? MaximalBy**

MaximalBy[{ $e_1, e_2, \dots$ },  $f$ ] returns a list of the  $e_i$  for which the value of  $f[e_i]$  is maximal.  
 MaximalBy[{ $e_1, e_2, \dots$ },  $f, n$ ] returns a list of the  $e_i$  corresponding to the  $n$  largest  $f[e_i]$ .  
 MaximalBy[ $f$ ] represents an operator form of MaximalBy that can be applied to an expression. >>

```
rands = RandomReal[{-1, 1}, 20]
```

```
{0.934427, -0.671289, 0.702115, -0.560976, 0.498471, -0.0442471,  
0.409253, 0.0841965, 0.715116, 0.158044, 0.148088, 0.914499, 0.63077,  
0.215494, 0.329929, 0.447944, -0.345088, -0.500468, -0.891825, 0.41459}
```

```
Max[rands]
```

```
0.934427
```

```
Min[rands]
```

```
-0.891825
```

```
-Max[-rands]
```

```
-0.891825
```

```
MaximalBy[rands, Abs]
```

```
{0.934427}
```

```
f[x_] := -x;
```

```
MaximalBy[rands, f]
```

```
{-0.891825}
```

```
(f[x] + g)3 // Expand
```

```
 $g^3 - 3 g^2 x + 3 g x^2 - x^3$ 
```

**? Function**

Function[ $body$ ] or  $body\&$  is a pure function. The formal parameters are # (or #1), #2, etc.  
 Function[ $x, body$ ] is a pure function with a single formal parameter  $x$ .  
 Function[{ $x_1, x_2, \dots$ },  $body$ ] is a pure function with a list of formal parameters. >>

```
Function[- #] [77]
```

```
-77
```

```
Function[#1 + #2] [3, 4]
```

```
7
```

```
(#1 + #2) & [4, 5]
```

```
9
```

```
MaximalBy[rands, - # &]
```

```
{-0.891825}
```

```

Function[{x, y}, x + y] [5, 6]
11
(x ↦ x2) [5]
25

Clear[BFJ];
BFJ[K_PD] := Module[{J = 1, todo = List @@ K, ocean = {}, x, n = Length[K], w},
  While[todo != {},
    x = RandomChoice@MaximalBy[todo, x ↦ Length[ocean ∩ (List @@ x)]];
    J = Expand[J * (x /. X[i_, j_, k_, L_] => A P[i, j] P[k, L] + A-1 P[j, k] P[i, L])];
    J = J /. P[i_, j_] P[j_, k_] => P[i, k];
    J = Expand[J /. P[_ , _]2 | P[i_, i_] => -A2 - 1/A2];
    todo = DeleteCases[todo, x];
    ocean = ocean ∪ (List @@ x);
  ];
  w = Plus @@ K /.
    {X[_ , 1, _ , 2 n] → 1, X[_ , 2 n, _ , 1] → -1, X[_ , j_, _ , L_] => If[j > L, 1, -1]};
  Expand@Cancel[ $\frac{(-A^3)^{-w} J}{-A^2 - 1/A^2}$  /. A → q-1/4];
];
BFJ[K_Knot] := BFJ[PD@K];
BFJ[Knot[3, 1]] == FJ[Knot[3, 1]]
True

Cases[{1, 2, 3, 3.14, 4, 5}, _Integer]
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Cases[{1, 2, 2.78, 3, 3.14, 4, 5}, 3.14 | _Integer]
{1, 2, 3, 3.14, 4, 5}

```