

Pensieve header: Examples for the Da-Nang talk: Double Integration and the trefoil.

## Startup

```
In[*]:= SetDirectory["C:\\drorbn\\AcademicPensieve\\Talks\\DaNang-1905"];
<< "Engine-Speedy.m";
<< "Objects.m";
```

## cm

```
In[*]:= Δ0 = HoldForm[ (η_i + (e^{-α_i - ε β_i} η_j) / (1 + ε η_j ξ_i)) y_k + (β_i + β_j + (Log[1 + ε η_j ξ_i] / ε)) b_k +
(α_i + α_j + Log[1 + ε η_j ξ_i]) a_k + ( (e^{-α_j - ε β_j} ξ_i / (1 + ε η_j ξ_i)) + ξ_j ) x_k ];
TeXForm[Δ0]
Δ = ReleaseHold[Δ0]
```

```
Out[*]:= a_k (Log[1 + ε η_j ξ_i] + α_i + α_j) +
b_k ( (Log[1 + ε η_j ξ_i] / ε) + β_i + β_j ) + y_k ( η_i + (e^{-α_i - ε β_i} η_j) / (1 + ε η_j ξ_i) ) + x_k ( (e^{-α_j - ε β_j} ξ_i / (1 + ε η_j ξ_i)) + ξ_j )
```

$$\left(\eta_i + \frac{e^{-\alpha_i - \epsilon \beta_i} \eta_j}{1 + \epsilon \eta_j \xi_i}\right) y_k + \left(\beta_i + \beta_j + \frac{\log[1 + \epsilon \eta_j \xi_i]}{\epsilon}\right) b_k + (\alpha_i + \alpha_j + \log[1 + \epsilon \eta_j \xi_i]) a_k + \left(\frac{e^{-\alpha_j - \epsilon \beta_j} \xi_i}{1 + \epsilon \eta_j \xi_i} + \xi_j\right) x_k$$

```
rho
In[*]:= HL[ε_] := Style[ε, Background -> If[TrueQ@ε, Green, Red]];
{py = ( {0, 0}, {ε, 0} ), pb = ( {0, 0}, {0, -ε} ), pa = ( {1, 0}, {0, 0} ), px = ( {0, 1}, {0, 0} )};
HL /@ {pa.px - px.pa == px, pa.py - py.pa == -py,
pb.py - py.pb == -ε py, pb.px - px.pb == ε px, px.py - py.px == pb + ε pa}
```

```
rho
Out[*]:= {True, True, True, True, True}
```

```
rho
In[*]:= HL@Simplify@With[{E = MatrixExp},
E[η_i py].E[β_i pb].E[α_i pa].E[ξ_i px].E[η_j py].E[β_j pb].E[α_j pa].E[ξ_j px] ==
E[∂_y_k Δ py].E[∂_b_k Δ pb].E[∂_a_k Δ pa].E[∂_x_k Δ px]]
```

```
rho
Out[*]:= True
```

```
rho
In[*]:= Series[Δ, {ε, 0, 1}]
```

```
rho
Out[*]:= (a_k (α_i + α_j) + y_k (η_i + e^{-α_i} η_j) + b_k (β_i + β_j + η_j ξ_i) + x_k (e^{-α_j} ξ_i + ξ_j)) +
(a_k η_j ξ_i - (1/2) b_k η_j^2 ξ_i^2 - e^{-α_i} y_k η_j (β_i + η_j ξ_i) - e^{-α_j} x_k ξ_i (β_j + η_j ξ_i)) ε + O[ε]^2
```

## Some Atoms

Atoms

```
In[ ]:= PP_ := Identity; $k = 1; h = γ = 1;
Column[ (# -> (ε = ToExpression[#]; Normal@Simplify[ε[[1]] + ε[[2]] + Log@ε[[3]])) & /@
{"dmi,j→k", "dΔi→j,k", "dSi", "Ri,j", "Pi,j"} ]
```

Atoms

$$dm_{i,j \rightarrow k} \rightarrow a_k (\alpha_i + \alpha_j) + b_k (\beta_i + \beta_j) + y_k \eta_i + \frac{y_k \eta_j}{\mathcal{A}_i} + \frac{x_k \xi_i}{\mathcal{A}_j} + \eta_j \xi_i - B_k \eta_j \xi_i +$$

$$\in \frac{(2 y_k \eta_j (2 x_k \xi_i + \mathcal{A}_j (-2 \beta_i + (1-3 B_k) \eta_j \xi_i)) + \mathcal{A}_i \xi_i (x_k (-4 \beta_j + 2 (1-3 B_k) \eta_j \xi_i) + \mathcal{A}_j \eta_j (4 a_k B_k + (1-4 B_k + 3 B_k^2) \eta_j \xi_i)))}{4 \mathcal{A}_i \mathcal{A}_j} + x_k \xi_j$$

$$d\Delta_{i \rightarrow j,k} \rightarrow$$

$$a_j \alpha_i + a_k \alpha_i + b_j \beta_i + b_k \beta_i + y_j \eta_i + B_j y_k \eta_i + x_j \xi_i + x_k \xi_i + \frac{1}{2} \in (B_j y_j y_k \eta_i^2 + x_k \xi_i (-2 a_j + x_j \xi_i))$$

Out[ ]:=

$$dS_i \rightarrow -a_i \alpha_i - b_i \beta_i - \frac{\mathcal{A}_i (y_i \eta_i + (-\eta_i + B_i (x_i + \eta_i)) \xi_i)}{B_i} - \frac{1}{4 B_i^2} \in \mathcal{A}_i (\mathcal{A}_i \eta_i^2 (2 y_i^2 - 6 y_i \xi_i + 3 \xi_i^2) +$$

$$B_i^2 \xi_i (4 a_i x_i + 2 x_i^2 \mathcal{A}_i \xi_i + 2 x_i (2 \beta_i + \mathcal{A}_i \eta_i \xi_i) + \eta_i (-4 + 4 \beta_i + \mathcal{A}_i \eta_i \xi_i)) +$$

$$2 B_i \eta_i (y_i (-2 + 2 \beta_i + 2 x_i \mathcal{A}_i \xi_i + \mathcal{A}_i \eta_i \xi_i) - \xi_i (-2 + 2 a_i + 2 \beta_i + 3 x_i \mathcal{A}_i \xi_i + 2 \mathcal{A}_i \eta_i \xi_i))$$

$$R_{i,j} \rightarrow a_j b_i + x_j y_i - \frac{1}{4} \in x_j^2 y_i^2$$

$$P_{i,j} \rightarrow \alpha_j \beta_i + \eta_i \xi_j + \frac{1}{4} \in \eta_i^2 \xi_j^2$$

## Double Integration

Integrals

```
In[ ]:= inp = IE[{} -> {1}][3 a1 b1, 5 x1 y1, 1] // dmi,1→i;
Table[
  HL@TrueQ[
    (inp // (sYi→1,1,2,2 RR) // BM // AM // P1,2) dej ≡
    (inp // ΔΔ // (sYi→1,1,2,2 RR) // BM // AM // P1,2) ],
  {ΔΔ, {dΔi→i,j, dΔi→j,i}}, {AM, {dm2,4→2, dm4,2→2}}, {BM, {dm1,3→1, dm3,1→1}},
  {RR, {R3,4, R3,4 // dS3 // dS3, R3,4 // dS4 // dS4}}
] // MatrixForm
```

Out[ ]//MatrixForm=

Integrals

(	(	False	False	False	)	(	False	False	True	)
(	(	False	False	False	)	(	False	False	False	)
(	(	False	False	False	)	(	False	False	False	)
(	(	False	False	True	)	(	False	False	False	)

## The Trefoil

Trefoil



Trefoil

In[\*]:= \$k = 2;

Simplify [R<sub>1,5</sub> R<sub>6,2</sub> R<sub>3,7</sub> C<sub>4</sub> Kink<sub>8</sub> Kink<sub>9</sub> Kink<sub>10</sub> // dm<sub>1,2→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,3→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,4→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,5→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,6→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,7→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,8→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,9→1</sub> // dm<sub>1,10→1</sub>] /. v<sub>-1</sub> :-> v

Trefoil

Out[\*]= E<sub>{ }→{1}</sub> [0, 0,

$$\frac{B}{1 - B + B^2} + \frac{B (-B + 2 B^2 + 2 B^4 + a (-1 + B - B^3 + B^4) - 2 x y - B^3 (3 + 2 x y)) \epsilon}{(1 - B + B^2)^3} + \frac{1}{2 (1 - B + B^2)^5}$$

$$B (4 B^8 + a^2 (1 - B + B^2)^2 (1 + B - 6 B^2 + B^3 + B^4) + 6 B^5 x^2 y^2 + 2 x y (-2 + 3 x y) - B^7 (11 + 4 x y) - 2 B^2 (1 + 6 x^2 y^2) - 2 B^4 (1 - 2 x y + 6 x^2 y^2) + B (1 + 8 x y + 6 x^2 y^2) + B^6 (6 + 8 x y + 6 x^2 y^2) + B^3 (4 + 4 x y + 30 x^2 y^2) + 2 a (1 - B + B^2) (2 B^6 + 2 x y + 8 B^3 (1 + x y) - 5 B^2 (1 + 2 x y) - 2 B^5 (1 + 2 x y) - B^4 (7 + 2 x y) + B (2 + 4 x y))) \epsilon^2 + O[\epsilon]^3]$$