

Pensieve header: A unified verification program for the \$sl_2\$-portfolio project, Uxi version. Continues pensieve://Projects/SL2Portfolio/nb/Verification.pdf.

Also continues pensieve://Projects/PPSA/nb/Verification.pdf and pensieve://2017-06/ and pensieve://2017-08/.

DocileQ

```
In[ ]:= DQ[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ] := (Exponent[Normal@ $\mathcal{E}$  /.
  { $a \rightarrow a / \epsilon$ ,  $a_{i_-} \rightarrow a_i / \epsilon$ , ( $u : x | y$ )  $\Rightarrow \epsilon^{-1/2} u$ , ( $u : x | y$ )  $_{i_-} \Rightarrow \epsilon^{-1/2} u_i$ },  $\epsilon$ , Min]  $\geq 0$ );
```

Initialization / Utilities

It is verification-risky to work with low \$E\$!

```
In[ ]:= $p = 2; $k = 1; $U = QU; $E := {$k, $p};
$trim := { $\hbar^{p_-}$  /;  $p > $p \rightarrow 0$ ,  $e^{k_-}$  /;  $k > $k \rightarrow 0$ };
SetAttributes[{SS, SST}, HoldAll];
T2t = { $T_{i_-}^{p_-} \rightarrow e^{p \hbar t_i}$ ,  $T^{p_-} \rightarrow e^{p \hbar t}$ };  $q_{\hbar} = e^{y \epsilon \hbar}$ ;
t2T = { $e^{c_- \cdot t_i + b_-} \Rightarrow T_i^{c/\hbar} e^b$ ,  $e^{c_- \cdot t + b_-} \Rightarrow T^{c/\hbar} e^b$ ,  $e^{\mathcal{E}_-} \Rightarrow e^{\text{Expand@}\mathcal{E}}$ };
SS[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ,  $op_-$ ] := Collect[
  Normal@Series[If[ $$p > 0$ ,  $\mathcal{E}$ ,  $\mathcal{E} / . T2t$ ], { $\hbar$ , 0, $p}],
   $\hbar$ ,  $op$ ];
SS[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ] := SS[ $\mathcal{E}$ , Together];
SST[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ,  $op_{--}$ ] := SS[ $\mathcal{E} / . T2t$ ,  $op$ ];
Simp[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ,  $op_-$ ] := Collect[ $\mathcal{E}$ ,  $_{CU} | _QU$ ,  $op$ ];
Simp[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ] := Simp[ $\mathcal{E}$ , SS[#, Expand] &];
SimpT[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ] := Collect[ $\mathcal{E}$ ,  $_{CU} | _QU$ , SST[#, Expand] &];
K $\delta$  /: K $\delta_{i_-, j_-}$  := If[ $i === j$ , 1, 0];
```

Differential polynomials (DP):

```
In[ ]:= DP[ $\alpha_{-D_x}, \beta_{-D_y}$ ][ $P_-$ ][ $\lambda_-$ ] :=
  Total[CoefficientRules[Normal@ $P$ , { $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ }] /. ({ $m_-$ ,  $n_-$ )  $\rightarrow c_-$ )  $\Rightarrow c \partial_{\{x, m\}, \{y, n\}} \lambda$ ]
```

```
In[ ]:= CF[ $\mathcal{E}_-$ ] := ExpandDenominator@
  ExpandNumerator@Together[Expand[ $\mathcal{E}$ ] /.  $e^{x_-} e^{y_-} \Rightarrow e^{x+y}$  /.  $e^{x_-} \Rightarrow e^{\text{CF}[x]}$ ];
```

```
In[ ]:= Unprotect[SeriesData];
SeriesData /: CF[ $sd\_SeriesData$ ] := MapAt[CF,  $sd$ , 3];
SeriesData /: Expand[ $sd\_SeriesData$ ] := MapAt[Expand,  $sd$ , 3];
SeriesData /: Simplify[ $sd\_SeriesData$ ] := MapAt[Simplify,  $sd$ , 3];
SeriesData /: Together[ $sd\_SeriesData$ ] := MapAt[Together,  $sd$ , 3];
SeriesData /: Collect[ $sd\_SeriesData$ ,  $specs_{--}$ ] := MapAt[Collect[#,  $specs$ ] &,  $sd$ , 3];
Protect[SeriesData];
```

Self-Pair (SP):

```
In[ ]:= SP_{ } [P_] := P; SP_{\xi \to x, ps_{ }} [P_] := Expand[P // SP_{ps}] /. f_ . \xi^{d_} \to \partial_{\{x,d\}} f
```

DeclareAlgebra

```
In[ ]:= Unprotect[NonCommutativeMultiply]; Attributes[NonCommutativeMultiply] = {};
(NCM = NonCommutativeMultiply)[x_] := x;
NCM[x_, y_, z_] := (x ** y) ** z;
0 ** _ = _ ** 0 = 0;
(x_Plus) ** y_ := (# ** y) & /@ x; x_ ** (y_Plus) := (x ** #) & /@ y;
B[x_, x_] = 0; B[x_, y_] := x ** y - y ** x;
B[x_, y_, e_] := B[x, y, e] = B[x, y];
```

In[]:=

```

DeclareAlgebra[U_Symbol, opts__Rule] := Module[{gp, sr, g, cp, M, CE, pow, k = 0,
  gs = Generators /. {opts},
  cs = Centrals /. {opts} /. Centrals -> {}},
  (#u = U@#) & /@gs;
  gp = Alternatives@@gs; gp = gp | gp; (* gens *)
  sr = Flatten@Table[{g -> ++k, gi -> {i, k}}, {g, gs}]; (* sorting -> *)
  cp = Alternatives@@cs; (* cents *)
  SetAttributes[M, HoldRest]; M[0, _] = 0; M[a_, x_] := a x;
  CE[_] := Collect[_] /. $trim;
  Ui[_] := # /. {t : cp -> ti, u_U -> (#i &) /@u};
  Ui[NCM[]] = pow[_] /. 0 = U@{} = 1U = U[];
  B[U@(x_)i_, U@(y_)i_] := Ui@B[U@x, U@y];
  B[U@(x_)i_, U@(y_)j_] /; i != j := 0;
  B[U@y_, U@x_] := CE[-B[U@x, U@y]];
  x_ ** (c_. 1U) := CE[c x]; (c_. 1U) ** x_ := CE[c x];
  (a_. U[xx___, x_]) ** (b_. U[y_, yy___]) := If[OrderedQ[{x, y} /. sr],
    CE@M[a b /. $trim, U[xx, x, y, yy]],
    U@xx ** CE@M[a b /. $trim, U@y ** U@x + B[U@x, U@y, $E]] ** U@yy];
  U@{c_. * (L : gp)^n_, r___} /; FreeQ[c, gp] := CE[c U@Table[L, {n}] ** U@{r}];
  U@{c_. * L : gp, r___} := CE[c U[L] ** U@{r}];
  U@{c_, r___} /; FreeQ[c, gp] := CE[c U@{r}];
  U@{L_Plus, r___} := CE[U@{#, r} & /@ L];
  U@{L_, r___} := U@{Expand[L], r};
  U[_] := U /@ #;
  OU[specs___, poly_] := Module[{sp, null, vs, us},
    sp = Replace[{specs}, L_List -> Lnull, {1}];
    vs = Join@@(First /@ sp);
    us = Join@@(sp /. L_s_ -> (L /. x_i_ -> x_s));
    CE[Total[
      CoefficientRules[poly, vs] /. (p_ -> c_) -> c U@(us^p)
    ] /; x_nnull -> x];
  pow[_] := pow[_] /. n - 1;
  SU[_] := CE@Total[
    CoefficientRules[_] /. {ss} /.
      (p_ -> c_) -> c NCM@@MapThread[pow, {Last /@ {ss}, p}]];
  sigma_rs___[c_. * u_U] := (c /. (t : cp)j_ -> tj /. {rs}) U[List@@(u /. v_j_ -> vj /. {rs})];
  m_j_to_k[c_. * u_U] := CE[[(c /. (t : cp)j_ -> tk) DeleteCases[u, _j|k]] **
    U@@Cases[u, w_j -> wk] ** U@@Cases[u, _k]];
  U /: c_. * u_U * v_U := CE[c u ** v];
  Si[c_. * u_U] := CE[[(c /. Si[U, Centrals]) DeleteCases[u, _i]] **
    Ui[NCM@@Reverse@Cases[u, x_i -> S@U@x]];
  Delta_i_to_j_k[c_. * u_U] := CE[[(c /. Delta_i_to_j_k[U, Centrals]) DeleteCases[u, _i]] **
    (NCM@@Cases[u, x_i -> sigma_1_to_j_2_to_k@Delta@U@x] /. NCM[] -> U[])];

```

DeclareMorphism

```
In[*]:= DeclareMorphism[m_, U_ -> V_, ongs_List, oncs_List: {}] := (
  Replace[ongs,
    {(g_ -> img_) -> (m[U[g]] = img), (g_ -> img_) -> (m[U[g]] := img /. $trim)}, {1}];
  m[1_U] = 1_V;
  m[U[g_i_]] := V_i[m[U@g]];
  m[U[vs__]] := NCM@@(m/@U/@{vs});
  m[E_] := Simp[E /. oncs /. u_U -> m[u]] /. $trim;
```

Meta-Operations

```
In[*]:=  $\sigma_{rs}$ ___[E_Plus] :=  $\sigma_{rs}$  /@ E;
m_{j -> j_} = Identity; m_{j -> k_}[0] = 0;
m_{j -> k_}[E_Plus] := Simp[m_{j -> k_} /@ E];
m_{is___, i_ -> j_ -> k_}[E_] := m_{j -> k_} @ m_{is, i -> j} @ E;
S_i_[E_Plus] := Simp[S_i_ /@ E];
 $\Delta_{is}$ ___[E_Plus] := Simp[ $\Delta_{is}$  /@ E];
```

Implementing $CU = \mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{sl}_2^{\hbar\epsilon})$

Verify σ and Δ ! Also Generalize Δ to $\Delta_{i_1 j_1 j_2, \dots}$.

```
In[*]:= DeclareAlgebra[CU, Generators -> {y, a, x}, Centrals -> {t}];
B[a_CU, y_CU] = - $\gamma$  y_CU; B[x_CU, a_CU] = - $\gamma$  x_CU;
B[x_CU, y_CU] = 2  $\epsilon$  a_CU - t 1_CU;
(S@y_CU = -y_CU; S@a_CU = -a_CU; S@x_CU = -x_CU);
S_i_[CU, Centrals] = {t_i -> -t_i};
 $\Delta$ @y_CU = CU@y_1 + CU@y_2;  $\Delta$ @a_CU = CU@a_1 + CU@a_2;  $\Delta$ @x_CU = CU@x_1 + CU@x_2;
 $\Delta_{i -> j_-, k_-}$ [CU, Centrals] = {t_i -> t_j + t_k};
```

Implementing $QU = \mathcal{U}_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2^{\hbar\epsilon})$

```
In[*]:= DeclareAlgebra[QU, Generators -> {y, a, x}, Centrals -> {t, T}];
B[a_QU, y_QU] = - $\gamma$  y_QU; B[x_QU, a_QU] = - $\gamma$  QU@x;
B[x_QU, y_QU] := SS[q $\hbar$  - 1] QU@{y, x} + Q_QU[{a}, SS[(1 - T e^{-2 $\epsilon$  a  $\hbar$ }) /  $\hbar$ ]];
(S@y_QU := Q_QU[{a, y}, SS[-T^{-1} e^{\hbar\epsilon a} y]]; S@a_QU = -a_QU; S@x_QU := Q_QU[{a, x}, SS[-e^{\hbar\epsilon a} x]]);
S_i_[QU, Centrals] = {t_i -> -t_i, T_i -> T_i^{-1}};
 $\Delta$ @y_QU := Q_QU[{y_1, a_1}_1, {y_2}_2, SS[y_1 + T_1 e^{-\hbar\epsilon a_1} y_2]];
 $\Delta$ @a_QU = QU@a_1 + QU@a_2;  $\Delta$ @x_QU := Q_QU[{a_1, x_1}_1, {x_2}_2, SS[x_1 + e^{-\hbar\epsilon a_1} x_2]];
 $\Delta_{i -> j_-, k_-}$ [QU, Centrals] = {t_i -> t_j + t_k, T_i -> T_j T_k};
```

Implementing θ

```
In[*]:=
DeclareMorphism[C $\theta$ , CU  $\rightarrow$  CU, {y  $\rightarrow$  -xCU, a  $\rightarrow$  -aCU, x  $\rightarrow$  -yCU}, {t  $\rightarrow$  -t, T  $\rightarrow$  T-1}]];
DeclareMorphism[Q $\theta$ , QU  $\rightarrow$  QU, {y  $\mapsto$  OQU[{a, x}, SS[-T-1/2 e $\hbar \epsilon$  a x]}],
a  $\rightarrow$  -aQU, x  $\mapsto$  OQU[{a, y}, SS[-T-1/2 e $\hbar \epsilon$  a y]}]}, {t  $\rightarrow$  -t, T  $\rightarrow$  T-1}]];
```

The Asymmetric Dequantizator

Following pensieve://People/VanDerVeen/Dequant1.pdf.

$$\text{AD}\$f = \gamma \left(\left(\text{Cosh} \left[\hbar \left(a \epsilon + \frac{\gamma \epsilon}{2} - \frac{t}{2} \right) \right] - \text{Cosh} \left[\hbar \sqrt{\left(\frac{t - \gamma \epsilon}{2} \right)^2 + \epsilon \omega} \right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(\hbar e^{\hbar ((a+\gamma) \epsilon - t/2)} \text{Sinh} \left[\frac{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}{2} \right] (a^2 \epsilon + a \gamma \epsilon - a t - \omega) \right) \right);$$

$$\text{AD}\$\omega = \gamma \text{CU}[y, x] + \epsilon \text{CU}[a, a] - (t - \gamma \epsilon) \text{CU}[a];$$

```
In[*]:=
DeclareMorphism[AD, QU  $\rightarrow$  CU,
{a  $\rightarrow$  aCU, x  $\rightarrow$  CU@x, y  $\mapsto$  SCU[SS[AD\$f], a  $\rightarrow$  aCU,  $\omega \rightarrow$  AD\$ $\omega$ ] ** yCU}]
```

The Symmetric Dequantizator

Following pensieve://People/VanDerVeen/Dequant1.pdf.

$$\text{SD}\$g = \sqrt{\left(\left(2 \gamma \left(\text{Cosh} \left[\frac{\hbar}{2} \sqrt{t^2 + \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 + 4 \epsilon \omega} \right] - \text{Cosh} \left[\frac{t - \epsilon \gamma - 2 \epsilon a}{2 / \hbar} \right] \right) \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(\text{Sinh} \left[\frac{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}{2} \right] (t (2 a + \gamma) - 2 a (a + \gamma) \epsilon + 2 \omega) \hbar \right) \right);$$

$$\text{SD}\$f = \text{Simplify} \left[e^{\hbar (t/2 - \epsilon a)} (\text{SD}\$g /. \{a \rightarrow -a, t \rightarrow -t\}) \right];$$

$$\text{SD}\$\omega = \gamma \text{CU}[y, x] + \epsilon \text{CU}[a, a] - (t - \gamma \epsilon) \text{CU}[a] - t \gamma 1_{\text{CU}} / 2;$$

```
In[*]:=
DeclareMorphism[SD, QU  $\rightarrow$  CU, {a  $\rightarrow$  aCU,
x  $\mapsto$  SCU[SS[SD\$f], a  $\rightarrow$  aCU,  $\omega \rightarrow$  SD\$ $\omega$ ] ** xCU,
y  $\mapsto$  SCU[SS[SD\$g], a  $\rightarrow$  aCU,  $\omega \rightarrow$  SD\$ $\omega$ ] ** yCU}]
```

The representation ρ

```
In[*]:=
\rho@y_{CU} = \rho@y_{QU} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \epsilon & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \rho@a_{CU} = \rho@a_{QU} = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix};
\rho@x_{CU} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \gamma \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \rho@x_{QU} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & (1 - e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar}) / (\epsilon \hbar) \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix};
\rho[e^{\mathcal{E}}] := MatrixExp[\rho[\mathcal{E}]];
\rho[\mathcal{E}_-] := (\mathcal{E} /. T2t /. t \to \gamma \epsilon /. (U : CU | QU)[u___] \Rightarrow Fold[Dot, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \rho /@ U /@ {u}])
```

\mathbb{E} and the logoi Λ

Logoi from Pensieve://Talks/Toulouse-1705/DogmaDemo.nb and from Pensieve://Talks/Sydney-1708/ExtraDetails@@.nb.

```
In[*]:=
\mathbb{E}_U[s1_, Q1_, P1_] \mathbb{E}_U[s2_, Q2_, P2_] ^:= \mathbb{E}_U[s1, s2, Q1 + Q2, P1 P2];
```

```
In[*]:=
CU@\mathbb{E}_{CU}[specs___, Q_, P_] := O_{CU}[specs, SS[e^Q P]];
QU@\mathbb{E}_{QU}[specs___, Q_, P_] := O_{QU}[specs, SS[e^Q P]];
```

```
In[*]:=
c_Integer k_Integer := c + O[\epsilon]^{k+1};
\Lambda_{U,k}[\{\alpha_, \beta_ \}, \{x_, x_ \}] := \mathbb{E}_U[\{x \}, (\alpha + \beta) x, 1_k];
\Lambda_{U,k}[\{\xi_, \alpha_ \}, \{x, a \}] := \mathbb{E}_U[\{a, x \}, \alpha a + e^{-\gamma \alpha} \xi x, 1_k];
\Lambda_{U,k}[\{\alpha_, \eta_ \}, \{a, y \}] := \mathbb{E}_U[\{y, a \}, \alpha a + e^{-\gamma \alpha} \eta y, 1_k];
```

Goal. In either U , compute $F = e^{-\eta y} e^{\xi x} e^{\eta y} e^{-\xi x}$. First compute $G = e^{\xi x} y e^{-\xi x}$, a finite sum. Now F satisfies the ODE $\partial_\eta F = \partial_\eta (e^{-\eta y} e^{\eta G}) = -yF + FG$ with initial conditions $F(\eta = 0) = 1$. So we set it up and solve:

```
If[$k > 0, With[{U = CU},
Module[{G, F, fs, bs, e, b, es, sol},
G = Echo@Simp[Table[\xi^k / k!, {k, 0, $k + 1}].NestList[Simp[B[x_U, #]] &, y_U, $k + 1]];
fs = Echo@Flatten@Table[f_{1,i,j,k}[\eta], {1, 0, $k}, {i, 0, 1}, {j, 0, 1}, {k, 0, 1}];
F = Echo[fs. (bs = fs /. f_{l_,i_,j_,k_}[\eta] \Rightarrow \epsilon^l U@{y^i, a^j, x^k})];
es = Flatten[
Table[Coefficient[e, b] == 0, {e, {F - 1_U /. \eta \to 0, F ** G - y_U ** F - \partial_\eta F}}, {b, bs}]];
sol = Echo@First[F /. DSolve[es, fs, \eta]];
Echo[sol /. {e- \to 1, U \to Times}];
Collect[sol /. {e- \to 1, U \to Times}, \epsilon, Simplify]
]]]
```

- “ $-t \xi \text{CU}[] + 2 \in \xi \text{CU}[a] - \gamma \in \xi^2 \text{CU}[x] + \text{CU}[y]$
- “ $\{f_{0,0,0,0}[\eta], f_{1,0,0,0}[\eta], f_{1,0,0,1}[\eta], f_{1,0,1,0}[\eta],$
 $f_{1,0,1,1}[\eta], f_{1,1,0,0}[\eta], f_{1,1,0,1}[\eta], f_{1,1,1,0}[\eta], f_{1,1,1,1}[\eta]\}$
- “ $\text{CU}[] f_{0,0,0,0}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[] f_{1,0,0,0}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[x] f_{1,0,0,1}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[a] f_{1,0,1,0}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[a, x] f_{1,0,1,1}[\eta] +$
 $\in \text{CU}[y] f_{1,1,0,0}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[y, x] f_{1,1,0,1}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[y, a] f_{1,1,1,0}[\eta] + \in \text{CU}[y, a, x] f_{1,1,1,1}[\eta]$
- » $e^{-t\eta\xi} \text{CU}[] + \frac{1}{2} e^{-t\eta\xi} t \gamma \in \eta^2 \xi^2 \text{CU}[] + 2 e^{-t\eta\xi} \in \eta \xi \text{CU}[a] - e^{-t\eta\xi} \gamma \in \eta \xi^2 \text{CU}[x] - e^{-t\eta\xi} \gamma \in \eta^2 \xi \text{CU}[y]$
- » $1 + 2 a \in \eta \xi - y \gamma \in \eta^2 \xi - x \gamma \in \eta \xi^2 + \frac{1}{2} t \gamma \in \eta^2 \xi^2$
- $1 + \frac{1}{2} \in \eta \xi (4 a + \gamma (-2 y \eta - 2 x \xi + t \eta \xi))$

```
In[*]:=
 $\Lambda_{U, kk}[\{\xi 1, \eta 1\}, \{x, y\}] := \Lambda_{U, kk}[\{\xi 1, \eta 1\}, \{x, y\}] =$ 
Block[{$k = kk, $p = kk}, Module[{ $\xi, \eta, G, F, fs, f, bs, e, b, es$ },
G = Simp[Table[ $\xi^k / k!$ , {k, 0, $k + 1}].NestList[Simp[B[xU, #]] &, yU, $k + 1]];
fs = Flatten@Table[f1,i,j,k[ $\eta$ ], {1, 0, $k}, {i, 0, 1}, {j, 0, 1}, {k, 0, 1}];
F = fs.(bs = fs /. fL-,i-,j-,k-[ $\eta$ ] :=  $e^L U @ \{y^i, a^j, x^k\}$ );
es = Flatten[
Table[Coefficient[e, b] == 0, {e, {F - 1U /.  $\eta \rightarrow 0$ , F ** G - yU ** F -  $\partial_\eta F$ }}, {b, bs}]];
F = F /. DSolve[es, fs,  $\eta$ ]][[1]];
 $\mathbb{C}_U[\{y, a, x\},$ 
 $\xi x + \eta y + (U /. \{CU \rightarrow -t \eta \xi, QU \rightarrow \eta \xi (1 - T) / \hbar\}),$ 
 $F + \theta_{\$k} /. \{e \rightarrow 1, U \rightarrow \text{Times}\}$ 
] /. { $\xi \rightarrow \xi 1, \eta \rightarrow \eta 1$ }];
```

```
In[*]:=
Simp[ $\mathbb{C}_U[\text{specs}\_\_\_, Q, P]$ ] :=  $\mathbb{C}_U[\text{specs}, CF[Q], CF[P]]$ ;
```

```
In[*]:=
 $\Lambda_{U, k}[\{\nu 1, \omega 1, \delta\}, \{u, w\}] := \text{Simp@Module}[\{u, w, yax, q, p, Q, d\},$ 
 $\{yax, q, p\} = \text{List@@}\Lambda_{U, k}[\{u, w\}, \{u, w\}];$ 
 $\mathbb{C}_U[\text{yax}, Q = (u u + w w + \delta u w + d u w) / (1 - d \delta),$ 
Expand[(1 - d  $\delta$ )-1 e-Q DPu→Du, w→Dw[p][eQ] +  $\theta_k$ ] /. {d →  $\partial_{u, \omega} q$ } /. {u →  $\nu 1, \omega \rightarrow \omega 1$ }];
```

Reorderings with Rord

```
In[*]:=
Rordui, wj → k[ $\mathbb{C}_U[L\_\_\_\_, \{L\_\_\_\_, u\_\_i, w\_\_j, r\_\_\_\_}\_s, R\_\_\_\_, Q, P]$ ] :=
Simp@Module[{u, w,  $\delta, \Delta 1, yax, q, p, kk = P[[5], \delta 1 = \partial_{u_i, w_j} Q$ },
 $\{yax, q, p\} = \text{Echo}[\text{List@@}\text{If}[\delta 1 == 0, \Lambda_{U, kk}[\{u, w\}, \{u, w\}],$ 
 $\Lambda_{U, kk}[\{u, w, \delta\}, \{u, w\}]] /. \{y \rightarrow y_k, a \rightarrow a_k, x \rightarrow x_k, t \rightarrow t_s, T \rightarrow T_s\}$ ];
 $\mathbb{C}_U[L, \{L, \text{Sequence@@}\text{yax}, r\}_s, R, q + (Q /. u_i | w_j \rightarrow 0), e^{-q} \text{DP}_{u_i \rightarrow D_{u_i}, w_j \rightarrow D_{w_j}}[P][p e^q]] /.$ 
 $\{u \rightarrow \partial_{u_i} Q /. w_j \rightarrow 0, \omega \rightarrow \partial_{w_j} Q /. u_i \rightarrow 0, \delta \rightarrow \delta 1$ ];
```

```

In[*]:= Rordui,wj→k[ $\mathbb{C}_U[L\_\_, \{L\_\_, u\_\_, w\_\_, r\_\_\}_s, R\_\_, Q\_, P\_]$ ] :=
  Simp@Module[{ $u, \omega, \delta, \Delta 1, yax, q, p, n, kk = P[[5], \delta 1 = \partial_{u_i, w_j} Q$ },
    { $yax, q, p$ } = List@@If[ $\delta 1 == \theta, \Delta_{U, kk}[\{u, \omega\}, \{u, w\}], \Delta_{U, kk}[\{u, \omega, \delta\}, \{u, w\}]$ ] /.
    { $y \rightarrow y_n, a \rightarrow a_n, x \rightarrow x_n, t \rightarrow t_s, T \rightarrow T_s$ };
    (*Echo@{{ $u_i, v$ }, { $w_j, \omega$ }}, P, p eq};*)
     $\mathbb{C}_U[L, \{L, Sequence@@yax, r\}_s, R, q + (Q /. u_i | w_j \rightarrow \theta), e^{-q} SP_{\{u_i \rightarrow v, w_j \rightarrow \omega\}}[P p e^q]$ ] /.
    { $n \rightarrow k, v \rightarrow \partial_{u_i} Q /. w_j \rightarrow \theta, \omega \rightarrow \partial_{w_j} Q /. u_i \rightarrow \theta, \delta \rightarrow \delta 1$ };
  
```

Canonical ordering with Cord

```

In[*]:= Cord[ $\mathbb{C}_U[L\_\_, \{L\_\_, u\_\_, w\_\_, r\_\_\}_s, R\_\_, Q\_, P\_]$ ] /;
  OrderedQ[{ $w, u$ } /. { $y \rightarrow 1, a \rightarrow 2, x \rightarrow 3$ }] :=
  ((*Echo@{ $u_i, w_j$ };*) Cord[Rordui,wj→Unique[][ $\mathbb{C}_U[L, \{L, u_i, w_j, r\}_s, R, Q, P]$ ]]);
  Cord[ $\mathbb{C}_U[specs\_\_, Q\_, P\_]$ ] :=  $\mathbb{C}_U[Sequence@@Sort@{specs}, Q, P]$  /.
  Flatten[{specs} /. { $yax\_\_}_s \Rightarrow (\{yax\} /. u\_\_ \Rightarrow (u_i \rightarrow u_s))$ ]}
  
```

Stitching \mathbb{C} 's.

```

In[*]:= mj→k[ $\mathbb{C}_U[specs\_\_, Q\_, P\_]$ ] := Cord[ $\mathbb{C}_U[Sequence@@Append[DeleteCases[{specs}, {\_\_}_j|k],
  Flatten[{Cases[{specs}, {us\_\_}_j \Rightarrow \{us\}], Cases[{specs}, {us\_\_}_k \Rightarrow \{us\}]]_k],
  Q, P]$  /. { $t_j \rightarrow t_k, T_j \rightarrow T_k$ }]
  
```

```

In[*]:=  $\mathbb{C}_U[sp1\_\_, Q1\_, P1\_]$   $\equiv$   $\mathbb{C}_U[sp2\_\_, Q2\_, P2\_]$  :=
  Sort[{sp1}] == Sort[{sp2}]  $\wedge$  Simplify[Q1 == Q2]  $\wedge$  Simplify[Normal[P1 - P2] ==  $\theta$ ]
  
```

R in QU.

The Faddeev-Quesne formula:

```

In[*]:=  $e_{q,k}[X\_] := e^{\sum_{j=1}^{k+1} \frac{(1-q)^j X^j}{j(1-q^j)}}$ ;  $e_{q,k}[X\_] := e_{q,k}[X]$ 
  
```

```

In[*]:= QU[Ri,j] := OQU[{ $y_1, a_1$ }_i, { $a_2, x_2$ }_j, SS[e $\hbar b_1 a_2$  eq $\hbar$ [ $\hbar y_1 x_2$ ] /.  $b_1 \rightarrow \gamma^{-1} (\epsilon a_1 - t_i)$ ]];
  QU[Ri,j-1] := Sj@QU[Ri,j];
  
```

R in \mathbb{C}_{QU} .

```

In[*]:=  $\mathbb{C}_{QU,k}[R_{i,j}\_] := \mathbb{C}_{QU}[\{y_i, a_i, x_i\}_i, \{y_j, a_j, x_j\}_j, -\hbar \gamma^{-1} t_i a_j + \hbar y_i x_j,
  Series[e $\hbar \gamma^{-1} t_i a_j - \hbar y_i x_j$  (e $\hbar b_i a_j$  eq $\hbar$ [ $\hbar y_i x_j$ ] /.  $b_i \rightarrow \gamma^{-1} (\epsilon a_i - t_i)$ ), { $\epsilon, \theta, k$ }] ]$ 
```


The morphism $\mathbb{C}E_{U,k}$.

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{C}E_{U,k}[a_* b_*] := \mathbb{C}E_{U,k}[a] \mathbb{C}E_{U,k}[b];$   

 $\mathbb{C}E_{U,k}[m_{iS}[a_*]] := m_{iS}[\mathbb{C}E_{U,k}[a_*]];$ 
```

Exponentials as needed.

Task. Define $\text{Exp}_{U_i,k}[\xi, P]$ which computes $e^{\xi Q(P)}$ to ϵ^k in the algebra U_i , where ξ is a scalar, X is x_i or y_i , and P is an ϵ -dependent near-docile element, giving the answer in $\mathbb{C}E$ -form. Should satisfy

$$U @ \text{Exp}_{U_i,k}[\xi, P] == \mathbb{S}_U[e^{\xi X}, X \rightarrow Q(P)].$$

Methodology. If $P_0 := P_{\epsilon=0}$ and $e^{\xi Q(P)} = Q(e^{\xi P_0} F(\xi))$, then $F(\xi = 0) = 1$ and we have:

$$Q(e^{\xi P_0} (P_0 F(\xi) + \partial_\xi F)) = Q(\partial_\xi e^{\xi P_0} F(\xi)) = \partial_\xi Q(e^{\xi P_0} F(\xi)) = \partial_\xi e^{\xi Q(P_0)} = e^{\xi Q(P_0)} Q(P) = Q(e^{\xi P_0} F(\xi)) Q(P).$$

This is an ODE for F . Setting inductively $F_k = F_{k-1} + \epsilon^k \varphi$ we find that $F_0 = 1$ and solve for φ .

```
In[ ]:= (* Bug: The first line is valid only if  $Q(e^{P_0}) == e^{Q(P_0)}$ . *)  

(* Bug:  $\xi$  must be a symbol. *)  

Exp_{U_i,0}[\xi_, P_] :=  $\mathbb{C}E_U[\{y_i, a_i, x_i\}_i, \text{Normal}@P /. \epsilon \rightarrow 0, 1 + \theta_0];$   

Exp_{U_i,k}[\xi_, P_] := Module[{yax = {y_i, a_i, x_i}, P0, \varphi, \varphiS, F, j, rhs, at0, at\xi},  

  P0 = Normal@P /. \epsilon \rightarrow 0;  

  \varphiS =  

  Flatten@Table[\varphi_{j1,j2,j3}[\xi], {j2, 0, k}, {j1, 0, 2k+1-j2}, {j3, 0, 2k+1-j2-j1}];  

  F = Normal@Last@Exp_{U_i,k-1}[\xi, P] + \epsilon^k \varphiS . (\varphiS /. \varphi_{jS}[\xi] := Times@@yax^{jS});  

  rhs = Normal@Last@m_{i,j \rightarrow i}[\mathbb{C}E_U[yax_i, \xi P0, F + \theta_k] m_{i \rightarrow j} @ \mathbb{C}E_U[\{y_i, a_i, x_i\}_i, 0, P + \theta_k]];  

  at0 = (# == 0) & /@ Flatten@CoefficientList[F - 1 /. \xi \rightarrow 0, yax];  

  at\xi = (# == 0) & /@ Flatten@CoefficientList[(\partial_\xi F) + P0 F - rhs, yax];  

  \mathbb{C}E_U[yax_i, \xi P0, F + \theta_k] /. DSolve[And@@(at0 | at\xi), \varphiS, \xi] [[1]] ]
```

Zip and Bind

```
 $\mathbb{E} /: \mathbb{E}[L1_, Q1_, P1_] \equiv \mathbb{E}[L2_, Q2_, P2_] :=$   

 $\text{CF}[L1 == L2] \wedge \text{CF}[Q1 == Q2] \wedge \text{CF}[\text{Normal}[P1 - P2] == 0];$   

 $\mathbb{E} /: \mathbb{E}[L1_, Q1_, P1_] \mathbb{E}[L2_, Q2_, P2_] := \mathbb{E}[L1 + L2, Q1 + Q2, P1 * P2];$ 
```

```
In[ ]:= {t*, y*, a*, x*, z*} = {\tau, \eta, \alpha, \xi, \zeta};  

{\tau*, \eta*, \alpha*, \xi*, \zeta*} = {t, y, a, x, z}; (u_{-i})^* := (u^*)_i;
```

```
In[ ]:= Zip_{\{}}[P_] := P; Zip_{\{\xi_, \xiS_...}}[P_] := (Expand[P // Zip_{\{\xiS}}] /. f_ . \xi^{d_} := \partial_{\{\xi^*, d\}} f) /. \xi^* \rightarrow 0
```

QZip implements the “Q-level zips” on $\mathbb{E}(L, Q, P) = \text{Pe}^{L+Q}$. Such zips regard the L variables as scalars.

```

E /: QZipξs_List@E[L_, Q_, P_] := Module[{ξ, z, zs, c, ys, ηs, qt, zrule, Q1, Q2},
  zs = Table[ξ*, {ξ, ξs}]];
  c = Q /. Alternatives @@ (ξs ∪ zs) → 0;
  ys = Table[∂ξ (Q /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0), {ξ, ξs}]];
  ηs = Table[∂z (Q /. Alternatives @@ ξs → 0), {z, zs}]];
  qt = Inverse@Table[Kδz,ξ* - ∂z,ξQ, {ξ, ξs}, {z, zs}]];
  zrule = Thread[zs → qt. (zs + ys)];
  Q2 = (Q1 = c + ηs.zs /. zrule) /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0;
  CF /@ E[L, Q2, Det[qt] e-Q2 Zipξs[eQ1 (P /. zrule)]];];

```

LZip implements the “L-level zips” on $\mathbb{E}(L, Q, P) = P\theta^{L+Q}$. Such zips regard all of $P\theta^Q$ as a single “P”. Here the z’s are t and α and the ξ ’s are τ and a .

```

E /: LZipξs_List@E[L_, Q_, P_] := Module[{ξ, z, zs, c, ys, ηs, lt, zrule, L1, L2, Q1, Q2},
  zs = Table[ξ*, {ξ, ξs}]];
  c = L /. Alternatives @@ (ξs ∪ zs) → 0;
  ys = Table[∂ξ (L /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0), {ξ, ξs}]];
  ηs = Table[∂z (L /. Alternatives @@ ξs → 0), {z, zs}]];
  lt = Inverse@Table[Kδz,ξ* - ∂z,ξL, {ξ, ξs}, {z, zs}]];
  zrule = Thread[zs → lt. (zs + ys)];
  L2 = (L1 = c + ηs.zs /. zrule) /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0;
  Q2 = (Q1 = Q /. T2t /. zrule) /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0;
  CF /@ E[L2, Q2, Det[lt] e-L2-Q2 Zipξs[eL1+Q1 (P /. T2t /. zrule)]] // t2T];];

```

```

In[ ]:= Bind{ } [L_, R_] := L R;
Bind{is__} [L_E, R_E] := Module[{n},
  Times[
    L /. Table[ (v : T | t | a | x | y)i → vn@i, {i, {is}}],
    R /. Table[ (v : τ | α | ξ | η)i → vn@i, {i, {is}}]
  ] // LZipFlatten@Table[{τn@i, an@i}, {i, {is}}] // QZipFlatten@Table[{ξn@i, yn@i}, {i, {is}}] ];
BL_List := BindL; Bis__ := Bind{is};
Bind[E_E] := E;
Bind[Ls_, ξs_List, R_] := Bindξs[Bind[Ls], R];

```

Tensorial Representations

```

In[ ]:= tη = t1 = E[0, 0, 1 + 0ξk];

```

```

In[ ]:= m[U_, kk_] := m[U, kk] = Module[{OE},
  OE = Simplify /@
    m1,2→1@EU[{y1, a1, x1}1, {y2, a2, x2}2, η1 y1 + α1 a1 + ξ1 x1 + η2 y2 + α2 a2 + ξ2 x2, 1 + 0Rk];
  E[t1 (τ1 + τ2) + (OE[[2]] /. (ξ | η)1|2 → 0), OE[[2]] /. a1 → 0, OE[[3]] ]];
  tmi,j→k :=
    m[$U, $k] /. { (v : τ | η | α | ξ)1 → vi, (v : τ | η | α | ξ)2 → vj, (v : t | T | y | a | x)1 → vk};

```

In[*]:= **tm**_{1,2→3}

$$\text{Out[*]} = \mathbb{E} \left[\mathbf{a}_3 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) + \mathbf{t}_3 (\tau_1 + \tau_2), \mathbf{y}_3 (\eta_1 + e^{-\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_2) - \frac{(-1 + T_3) \eta_2 \xi_1}{\hbar} + \mathbf{x}_3 (e^{-\gamma \alpha_2} \xi_1 + \xi_2), \right. \\ \left. 1 + \frac{1}{4 \hbar} e^{-\gamma (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)} \eta_2 \xi_1 (8 e^{\gamma (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)} \hbar \mathbf{a}_3 T_3 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma (-1 + 3 T_3) \eta_2 (-2 \hbar \mathbf{y}_3 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} (-1 + T_3) \xi_1) + \right. \\ \left. 2 \gamma \hbar \mathbf{x}_3 (2 \hbar \mathbf{y}_3 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} (-1 + 3 T_3) \xi_1) \right) \in + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2$$

In[*]:= **S**[**U**_, **kk**_] := **S**[**U**, **kk**] = **Module**[{**OE**},
OE = **m**_{3,2,1→1}[**Exp**_{U₁, \$k}[η , **S**₁[**U**[**y**₁]]] /. **U** → **Times**]
Exp_{U₂, \$k}[α , **S**₂[**U**[**a**₂]]] /. **U** → **Times**] **Exp**_{U₃, \$k}[ξ , **S**₃[**U**[**x**₃]]] /. **U** → **Times**];
 $\mathbb{E}[-\mathbf{t}_1 \tau_1 + (\mathbf{OE}[[2]] /. \xi | \eta \rightarrow \theta), \mathbf{OE}[[2]] /. \mathbf{a}_1 \rightarrow \theta, \mathbf{OE}[[3]]] /. \{\eta \rightarrow \eta_1, \alpha \rightarrow \alpha_1, \xi \rightarrow \xi_1\}$];
tS_i := **S**[\$**U**, \$**k**] /. {(**v**: τ | η | α | ξ)₁ → **v**_i, (**v**: **t** | **T** | **y** | **a** | **x**)₁ → **v**_i};

In[*]:= **tS**₁

$$\text{Out[*]} = \mathbb{E} \left[-\mathbf{a}_1 \alpha_1 - \mathbf{t}_1 \tau_1, \frac{1}{\hbar T_1} (-e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \hbar \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \hbar T_1 \mathbf{x}_1 \xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 \xi_1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} T_1 \eta_1 \xi_1), \right. \\ \left. 1 + \frac{1}{4 \hbar T_1^2} (4 e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar^2 T_1 \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1 - 4 e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \hbar^2 \mathbf{a}_1 T_1 \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1 - 2 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar^2 \mathbf{y}_1^2 \eta_1^2 - 4 e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \hbar^2 \mathbf{a}_1 T_1^2 \mathbf{x}_1 \xi_1 - \right. \\ \left. 4 e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar T_1 \eta_1 \xi_1 + 8 e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \hbar \mathbf{a}_1 T_1 \eta_1 \xi_1 + 4 e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar T_1^2 \eta_1 \xi_1 - 4 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar^2 T_1 \mathbf{x}_1 \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1 \xi_1 + \right. \\ \left. 6 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1^2 \xi_1 - 2 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar T_1 \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1^2 \xi_1 - 2 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar^2 T_1^2 \mathbf{x}_1^2 \xi_1^2 + 6 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar T_1 \mathbf{x}_1 \eta_1 \xi_1^2 - \right. \\ \left. 2 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \hbar T_1^2 \mathbf{x}_1 \eta_1 \xi_1^2 - 3 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \eta_1^2 \xi_1^2 + 4 e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma T_1 \eta_1^2 \xi_1^2 - e^{2\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma T_1^2 \eta_1^2 \xi_1^2) \right) \in + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2$$

In[*]:= **Δ**[**U**_, **kk**_] := **Δ**[**U**, **kk**] = **Module**[{**OE**},
OE = **Block**[{\$**k** = **kk**, \$**p** = **kk** + 1}, **m**_{1,3,5→1}@**m**_{2,4,6→2}@**Times**[
Prepend[{**y**₂}₂]@**Exp**_{U₁, \$k}[η , **Δ**_{1→1,2}[**U**[**y**₁]]] /. **U** → **Times**],
Prepend[{**a**₄}₄]@**Exp**_{U₃, \$k}[α , **Δ**_{3→3,4}[**U**[**a**₃]]] /. **U** → **Times**],
Prepend[{**x**₆}₆]@**Exp**_{U₅, \$k}[ξ , **Δ**_{5→5,6}[**U**[**x**₅]]] /. **U** → **Times**]
] /. { $\eta \rightarrow \eta_1, \alpha \rightarrow \alpha_1, \xi \rightarrow \xi_1$ };
 $\mathbb{E}[\tau_1 (\mathbf{t}_1 + \mathbf{t}_2) + \alpha_1 (\mathbf{a}_1 + \mathbf{a}_2), \mathbf{OE}[[3]] /. \alpha_1 \rightarrow \theta, \mathbf{OE}[[4]]]$];
tΔ_{i→j, k} :=
 Δ [\$**U**, \$**k**] /. {(**v**: τ | η | α | ξ)₁ → **v**_i, (**v**: **t** | **T** | **y** | **a** | **x**)₁ → **v**_j, (**v**: **t** | **T** | **y** | **a** | **x**)₂ → **v**_k};

In[*]:= **tΔ**_{1→1,2}

$$\text{Out[*]} = \mathbb{E} \left[(\mathbf{a}_1 + \mathbf{a}_2) \alpha_1 + (\mathbf{t}_1 + \mathbf{t}_2) \tau_1, \mathbf{y}_1 \eta_1 + T_1 \mathbf{y}_2 \eta_1 + \mathbf{x}_1 \xi_1 + \mathbf{x}_2 \xi_1, \right. \\ \left. 1 + \frac{1}{2} (-2 \hbar \mathbf{a}_1 T_1 \mathbf{y}_2 \eta_1 + \gamma \hbar T_1 \mathbf{y}_1 \mathbf{y}_2 \eta_1^2 - 2 \hbar \mathbf{a}_1 \mathbf{x}_2 \xi_1 + \gamma \hbar \mathbf{x}_1 \mathbf{x}_2 \xi_1^2) \right) \in + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2$$

In[*]:= **R**[**QU**, **kk**_] := **R**[**QU**, **kk**] = **Module**[{**OE**},
OE = **Simplify** /@ **Q**_{QU, kk}@**R**_{1,2};
 $\mathbb{E}[-\frac{\hbar \mathbf{a}_2 \mathbf{t}_1}{\gamma}, \hbar \mathbf{x}_2 \mathbf{y}_1, \text{Last@OE}]$];
tR_{i→j} := **R**[\$**U**, \$**k**] /. {(**v**: **t** | **T** | **y** | **a** | **x**)₁ → **v**_i, (**v**: **t** | **T** | **y** | **a** | **x**)₂ → **v**_j};
tR_{i, j} := **tR**_{i, j} = **tR**_{i, j} ~ **B**_j ~ **tS**_j;

$$\text{In[*]:= } \{\mathbf{tR}_{1,2}, \overline{\mathbf{tR}}_{1,2}\}$$

$$\text{Out[*]:= } \left\{ \mathbb{E} \left[-\frac{\hbar a_2 t_1}{\gamma}, \hbar x_2 y_1, 1 + \left(\frac{\hbar a_1 a_2}{\gamma} - \frac{1}{4} \gamma \hbar^3 x_2^2 y_1^2 \right) \epsilon + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^2 \right], \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{\hbar a_2 t_1}{\gamma}, -\frac{\hbar x_2 y_1}{T_1}, \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 1 - \frac{1}{4 (\gamma T_1^2)} \left(\hbar (4 a_1 T_1 (a_2 T_1 + \gamma \hbar x_2 y_1) + \gamma \hbar x_2 y_1 (4 a_2 T_1 + 3 \gamma \hbar x_2 y_1)) \right) \right] \epsilon + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^2 \right\}$$

tC is the counterclockwise spinner; $\overline{\mathbf{tC}}$ is its inverse.

$$\text{In[*]:= } \begin{aligned} \mathbf{tC}_i &:= \mathbb{E}[\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{0}, T_i^{1/2} e^{-\epsilon a_i \hbar} + \mathbf{0}_{\$k}]; \\ \overline{\mathbf{tC}}_i &:= \mathbb{E}[\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{0}, T_i^{-1/2} e^{\epsilon a_i \hbar} + \mathbf{0}_{\$k}]; \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{In[*]:= } \text{Block}[\{\$k = 3\}, \{\mathbf{tC}_1, \overline{\mathbf{tC}}_2\}]$$

$$\text{Out[*]:= } \left\{ \mathbb{E} \left[-\frac{t_1}{2}, \mathbf{0}, 1 + a_1 \epsilon + \frac{1}{2} a_1^2 \epsilon^2 + \frac{1}{6} a_1^3 \epsilon^3 + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^4 \right], \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{t_2}{2}, \mathbf{0}, 1 - a_2 \epsilon + \frac{1}{2} a_2^2 \epsilon^2 - \frac{1}{6} a_2^3 \epsilon^3 + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^4 \right] \right\}$$

$$\text{In[*]:= } \begin{aligned} \mathbf{Kink}[\mathbf{QU}, \mathbf{kk}_] &:= \mathbf{Kink}[\mathbf{QU}, \mathbf{kk}] = \text{Block}[\{\$k = \mathbf{kk}\}, (\mathbf{tR}_{1,3} \overline{\mathbf{tC}}_2) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{tm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{tm}_{1,3 \rightarrow 1}]; \\ \mathbf{tKink}_i &:= \mathbf{Kink}[\$U, \$k] /. \{(v : t | T | y | a | x)_1 \rightarrow v_i\}; \\ \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}[\mathbf{QU}, \mathbf{kk}_] &:= \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}[\mathbf{QU}, \mathbf{kk}] = \text{Block}[\{\$k = \mathbf{kk}\}, (\overline{\mathbf{tR}}_{1,3} \mathbf{tC}_2) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{tm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{tm}_{1,3 \rightarrow 1}]; \\ \overline{\mathbf{tKink}}_i &:= \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}[\$U, \$k] /. \{(v : t | T | y | a | x)_1 \rightarrow v_i\} \end{aligned}$$

Alternative Algorithms

$$\text{In[*]:= } \begin{aligned} \lambda_{\text{alt},k}[\mathbf{CU}] &:= \text{If}[k = \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1}, \text{Module}[\{\mathbf{eq}, \mathbf{d}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{so}\}, \\ &\quad \mathbf{eq} = \rho @ e^{\xi x_{cu}} . \rho @ e^{\eta y_{cu}} == \rho @ e^{\mathbf{d} y_{cu}} . \rho @ e^{\mathbf{c} (t_{1cu} - 2 \epsilon a_{cu})} . \rho @ e^{\mathbf{b} x_{cu}}; \\ &\quad \{\mathbf{so}\} = \text{Solve}[\text{Thread}[\text{Flatten} @ \mathbf{eq}], \{\mathbf{d}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}\}] /. \mathbf{C} @ \mathbf{1} \rightarrow \mathbf{0}; \\ &\quad \text{Series}[e^{-\eta y - \xi x + \eta \xi t + c t + d y - 2 \epsilon c a + b x} /. \mathbf{so}, \{\epsilon, \mathbf{0}, k\}]]]; \end{aligned}$$