

Pensieve header: The full \$sl_2\$ invariant using the Drinfel'd double. Continues 2018-05/ybax.nb, Talks/StonyBrook-1805/ybax.nb, Projects/SL2Portfolio/Logoi.nb. Automated “Define” branch - not yet working.

The issue seems to be that \$k\$ gets converted to \$k\$ below, for unknown reasons.

External Utilities

```
In[1]:= HL[ε_] := Style[ε, Background → Yellow];
```

Program

Internal Utilities

Program

Canonical Form:

Program

```
In[2]:= CF[sd_SeriesData] := MapAt[CF, sd, 3];
CF[ε_] := ExpandDenominator@
  ExpandNumerator@Together[Expand[ε] //.
    ex- ey- → ex+y /. ex- → eCF[x]];
```

Program

The Kronecker δ :

Program

```
In[3]:= Kδ /: Kδi_,j_ := If[i === j, 1, 0];
```

Program

Equality, multiplication, and degree-adjustment of perturbed Gaussians; $E[L, Q, P]$ stands for $e^{L+Q} P$:

Program

```
In[4]:= E /: E[L1_, Q1_, P1_] ≡ E[L2_, Q2_, P2_] :=
  CF[L1 == L2] ∧ CF[Q1 == Q2] ∧ CF[Normal[P1 - P2] == 0];
E /: E[L1_, Q1_, P1_] E[L2_, Q2_, P2_] := E[L1 + L2, Q1 + Q2, P1 * P2];
E[L_, Q_, P_] $k_ := E[L, Q, Series[Normal@P, {e, 0, $k}]];
```

Program

Zip and Bind

Program

Variables and their duals:

Program

```
In[5]:= {t*, b*, y*, a*, x*, z*} = {τ, β, η, α, ξ, ξ*};
{τ*, β*, η*, α*, ξ*, ξ*} = {t, b, y, a, x, z}; (ui_)* := (u*)i;
```

Program

Finite Zips: (* Perhaps switch Expand to Collect[__, ζ]? *)

Program

```
In[=]:= expand[sd_SeriesData] := MapAt[expand, sd, 3];
expand[ε_] := Expand[ε];
Zip{}_[P_] := P;
Zip{ξ_, ξs___}[P_] := (expand[P // Zip{ξs}] /. f_. ξ^d_. → ∂{ξ^*, d} f) /. ξ^* → 0
```

Program

QZip implements the “Q-level zips” on $\mathbb{E}(L, Q, P) = P\mathbb{e}^{L+Q}$. Such zips regard the L variables as scalars.

Program

```
QZipξs_List,simp_@E[L_, Q_, P_] := Module[{ξ, z, zs, c, ys, ηs, qt, zrule, Q1, Q2},
  zs = Table[ξ^*, {ξ, ξs}];
  c = Q /. Alternatives @@ (ξs ∪ zs) → 0;
  ys = Table[∂ξ (Q /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0), {ξ, ξs}];
  ηs = Table[∂z (Q /. Alternatives @@ ξs → 0), {z, zs}];
  qt = Inverse@Table[Kδz,ξ^* - ∂z,ξ Q, {ξ, ξs}, {z, zs}];
  zrule = Thread[zs → qt.(zs + ys)];
  Q2 = (Q1 = c + ηs.zs /. zrule) /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0;
  simp /@ E[L, Q2, Det[qt] e^{-Q2} Zipξs[e^{Q1} (P /. zrule)]]];
QZipξs_List := QZipξs,CF;
```

Program

Upper to lower and lower to Upper:

Program

```
U2L = {B_i^p_-. → e^{-p h γ b_i}, B_i^p_-. → e^{-p h γ b}, T_i^p_-. → e^{p h t_i}, T_i^p_-. → e^{p h t}, A_i^p_-. → e^{p γ α_i}, A_i^p_-. → e^{p γ α}};
L2U = {e^{c_-. b_i+d_-} → B_i^{-c/(h γ)} e^d, e^{c_-. b+d_-} → B^{-c/(h γ)} e^d,
  e^{c_-. t_i+d_-} → T_i^{c/h} e^d, e^{c_-. t+d_-} → T^{c/h} e^d,
  e^{c_-. α_i+d_-} → A_i^{c/γ} e^d, e^{c_-. α+d_-} → A^{c/γ} e^d,
  e^ξ_-. → e^{Expand@ξ}};
```

Program

LZip implements the “L-level zips” on $\mathbb{E}(L, Q, P) = P\mathbb{e}^{L+Q}$. Such zips regard all of $P\mathbb{e}^Q$ as a single “ P ”. Here the z ’s are b and $α$ and the $ξ$ ’s are $β$ and $α$.

Program

```
LZipξs_List,simp_@E[L_, Q_, P_] := Module[{ξ, z, zs, c, ys, ηs, lt, zrule, L1, L2, Q1, Q2},
  zs = Table[ξ^*, {ξ, ξs}];
  c = L /. Alternatives @@ (ξs ∪ zs) → 0;
  ys = Table[∂ξ (L /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0), {ξ, ξs}];
  ηs = Table[∂z (L /. Alternatives @@ ξs → 0), {z, zs}];
  lt = Inverse@Table[Kδz,ξ^* - ∂z,ξ L, {ξ, ξs}, {z, zs}];
  zrule = Thread[zs → lt.(zs + ys)];
  L2 = (L1 = c + ηs.zs /. zrule) /. Alternatives @@ zs → 0;
  Q2 = (Q1 = Q /. U2L /. zrule) /. Alternatives @@ ξs → 0;
  simp /@ E[L2, Q2, Det[lt] e^{-L2-Q2} Zipξs[e^{L1+Q1} (P /. U2L /. zrule)]] // . L2U];
LZipξs_List := LZipξs,CF;
```

Program

```
In[=]:= Bind[] [L_, R_] := L R;
Bind_{is__}[L_E, R_E] := Module[{n},
  Times[
    L /. Table[(v : b | B | t | T | a | x | y)_i → v_{n@i}, {i, {is}}],
    R /. Table[(v : β | τ | α | Α | ε | Ε | η)_i → v_{n@i}, {i, {is}}]
  ] // LZipFlatten@Table[{β_{nei}, τ_{nei}, a_{nei}}, {i, {is}}] // QZipFlatten@Table[{ε_{nei}, Ε_{nei}}, {i, {is}}]];
B_L_List[L_, R_] := Bind_L[L, R]; B_is___[L_, R_] := Bind_{is}[L, R];
```

Program

The Fundamental Logoi

Program

```
$k = 2;
```

Program

Define[lhs = rhs] defines the lhs to be rhs, except that rhs is computed once and forever yet gets recomputed whenever \$k changes. Fancy Mathematica not for the faint of heart. Most readers should ignore.

Program

```
In[=]:= SetAttributes[Define, HoldAll];
Define[def_, defs__] := (Define[def]; Define[defs]);
Define[op_is_ = ε_] := Module[{SD, ii, jj, kk, isp, nis, nisp, sis},
  Block[{i, j, k, l, m, n, t1, t2, t3, h1, h2, h3},
    ReleaseHold@Echo[Hold[
      SD[op_nisp,$k_Integer, Block[{i, j, k, l, m, n, t1, t2, t3, h1, h2, h3}, op_isp,$k = ε;
        op_nis,$k]];
      op_isp := op_{is},$k;
      op_sis__ := op_{sis};
    ] /.
      {isp → {is} /. {i → i_, j → j_, k → k_},
       nis → {is} /. {i → ii, j → jj, k → kk},
       nisp → {is} /. {i → ii_, j → jj_, k → kk_},
       SD → SetDelayed
    }]
  ]]
]]
```

Program

```
In[=]:= Define[  
  ami,j→k = E[(αi + αj) ak, (e-γ αj ξi + ξj) xk, 1]$k,  
  bmi,j→k = E[(βi + βj) bk, (ηi + ηj) yk, e(e^-e β_1 - 1) η_j y_k]$k,  
  Ri,j = E[ℏ aj bi, ℏ xj yi, e^((k+1) ∑k=2^$k-1 (1 - eγ e ℏ)k (ℏ yi xj)k)]$k,  
  Pi,j = If[$k == 0, E[βi αj / ℏ, ηi ξj / ℏ, 1]0,  
    MapAt[(# - e$k Coefficient[(Rn,m~Bn,m~((P{n,j},0)$k (P{i,m},$k-1)$k))[[3]], e, $k]) &,  
    (P{i,j},$k-1)$k, 3]],  
  ]]
```

Program

```
Hold[am{ii$2830_,jj$2830_→kk$2830_},$k_Integer :=  
  Block[{i, j, k, l, m, n, t1, t2, t3, h1, h2, h3}, am{i_,j_→k_},$k = E[(αi + αj) ak, (e-γ αj ξi + ξj) xk, 1]$k;  
  am{ii$2830,jj$2830→kk$2830},$k];  
  am{i_,j_→k_} := am{i,j→k},$k;  
  amsis$_ := am{sis$}];
```

Program

```
Hold[bm{ii$2833_,jj$2833_→kk$2833_},$k_Integer := Block[  
  {i, j, k, l, m, n, t1, t2, t3, h1, h2, h3}, bm{i_,j_→k_},$k = E[(βi + βj) bk, (ηi + ηj) yk, e(e^-e β_1 - 1) η_j y_k]$k;  
  bm{ii$2833,jj$2833→kk$2833},$k];  
  bm{i_,j_→k_} := bm{i,j→k},$k;  
  bmsis$_ := bm{sis$}];
```

Program

```
Hold[R{ii$2834_,jj$2834_},$k_Integer :=  
  Block[{i, j, k, l, m, n, t1, t2, t3, h1, h2, h3}, R{i_,j_},$k = E[ℏ aj bi, ℏ xj yi, eΣk=2$k-1 (1 - eγ e ℏ)k (ℏ yi xj)k / k (1 - eγ e ℏ)k]]]$k;  
  R{ii$2834,jj$2834},$k];  
  R{i_,j_} := R{i,j},$k;  
  Rsis$_ := R{sis$}];
```

Program

```
Hold[P{ii$2836_,jj$2836_},$k_Integer :=  
  Block[{i, j, k, l, m, n, t1, t2, t3, h1, h2, h3}, P{i_,j_},$k = If[$k == 0, E[βi αj / ℏ, ηi ξj / ℏ, 1]0,  
    MapAt[#[1 - e$k Coefficient[Bn,m[Rn,m, P{n,j},0]$k P{i,m},$k-1]$k][[3]], e, $k] &, P{i,j},$k-1]$k, 3]]];  
  P{ii$2836,jj$2836},$k];  
  P{i_,j_} := P{i,j},$k;  
  Psis$_ := P{sis$}];
```

The issue seems to be that \$k gets converted to \$k\$ above, for unknown reasons.

Testing

In[1]:= **R_{1,2}**

$$\text{Out}[1]= \mathbb{E} \left[\hbar \mathbf{a}_2 \mathbf{b}_1, \hbar \mathbf{x}_2 \mathbf{y}_1, 1 - \frac{1}{4} (\gamma \hbar^3 \mathbf{x}_2^2 \mathbf{y}_1^2) \epsilon + \left(\frac{1}{9} \gamma^2 \hbar^5 \mathbf{x}_2^3 \mathbf{y}_1^3 + \frac{1}{32} \gamma^2 \hbar^6 \mathbf{x}_2^4 \mathbf{y}_1^4 \right) \epsilon^2 + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^3 \right]$$

$$\text{In}[2]:= \mathbb{E} \left[\hbar \mathbf{a}_2 \mathbf{b}_1, \hbar \mathbf{x}_2 \mathbf{y}_1, 1 - \frac{1}{4} (\gamma \hbar^3 \mathbf{x}_2^2 \mathbf{y}_1^2) \epsilon + \left(\frac{1}{9} \gamma^2 \hbar^5 \mathbf{x}_2^3 \mathbf{y}_1^3 + \frac{1}{32} \gamma^2 \hbar^6 \mathbf{x}_2^4 \mathbf{y}_1^4 \right) \epsilon^2 + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^3 \right]$$

$$\text{Out}[2]= \mathbb{E} \left[\hbar \mathbf{a}_2 \mathbf{b}_1, \hbar \mathbf{x}_2 \mathbf{y}_1, 1 - \frac{1}{4} (\gamma \hbar^3 \mathbf{x}_2^2 \mathbf{y}_1^2) \epsilon + \left(\frac{1}{9} \gamma^2 \hbar^5 \mathbf{x}_2^3 \mathbf{y}_1^3 + \frac{1}{32} \gamma^2 \hbar^6 \mathbf{x}_2^4 \mathbf{y}_1^4 \right) \epsilon^2 + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^3 \right]$$

In[3]:= **P_{1,2}**

$$\text{Out}[3]= \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{\alpha_2 \beta_1}{\hbar}, \frac{\eta_1 \xi_2}{\hbar}, 1 + \frac{\gamma \eta_1^2 \xi_2^2 \epsilon}{4 \hbar} + \frac{(36 \gamma^2 \hbar^2 \eta_1^2 \xi_2^2 + 40 \gamma^2 \hbar \eta_1^3 \xi_2^3 + 9 \gamma^2 \eta_1^4 \xi_2^4) \epsilon^2}{288 \hbar^2} + \mathcal{O}[\epsilon]^3 \right]$$

In[4]:= **Block[{\$k = 1}, P_{1,2}]**

$$\text{Out}[4]= \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{\alpha_2 \beta_1}{\hbar}, \frac{\eta_1 \xi_2}{\hbar}, 1 + \frac{\gamma \eta_1^2 \xi_2^2}{4 \hbar} \right]$$

In[5]:= **Block[{\$k = 1}, {**

am → am_{i,j→k}, bm → bm_{i,j→k}, dm → dm_{i,j→k}, R → R_{i,j}, R̄ → R̄_{i,j}, P → P_{i,j}, aS → aS_i, aS̄ → aS̄_i, bS → bS_i, bS̄ → bS̄_i, dS → dS_i, aΔ → aΔ_{i,j,k}, bΔ → bΔ_{i,j,k}, dΔ → dΔ_{i,j,k}, b2t → b2t_i, t2b → t2b_i

}] //

Column

... \$IterationLimit: Iteration limit of 4096 exceeded.

... \$IterationLimit: Iteration limit of 4096 exceeded.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of

#1 - ε^{\$k} Coefficient[B_i[Subscript[$\ll 2 \gg$, Subscript[$\ll 2 \gg$]], 3], ε, \$k] &.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of

aS̄_{i,0} = If[\$k == 0, E[-Subscript[$\ll 2 \gg$] α_i, -Subscript[$\ll 2 \gg$] η_i, 1], MapAt[#1 - Times[$\ll 2 \gg$] &, aS̄_{i,\$k-1}, 3]]; aS̄_{i,0}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of Head[\$FrontEnd] === FrontEndObject.

... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... \$IterationLimit: Iteration limit of 4096 exceeded.

... General: Further output of \$IterationLimit::itlim will be suppressed during this calculation.

MapAt::partw : Part {3} of

Hold[aS̄_{i,0}] = If[\$k == 0, E[Times[$\ll 2 \gg$, Times[$\ll 3 \gg$], 1], MapAt[Plus[$\ll 2 \gg$] &, Subscript[$\ll 3 \gg$], 3]]; aS̄_{i,0}] does not exist.

Rule::rhs : Pattern i_ appears on the right-hand side of rule aS̄_{i,0} → MapAt[#1 - ε^{\$k} Coefficient[Part[$\ll 2 \gg$], ε, \$k] &, Hold[$\ll 1 \gg$],

MapAt::partw : Part {3} of

Hold[aS̄_{i,0}] = If[\$k == 0, E[Times[$\ll 2 \gg$, Times[$\ll 3 \gg$], 1], MapAt[Plus[$\ll 2 \gg$] &, Subscript[$\ll 3 \gg$], 3]]; aS̄_{i,0}] does not exist.

MapAt::partw : Part {3} of

Hold[aS̄_{i,0}] = If[\$k == 0, E[Times[$\ll 2 \gg$, Times[$\ll 3 \gg$], 1], MapAt[Plus[$\ll 2 \gg$] &, Subscript[$\ll 3 \gg$], 3]]; aS̄_{i,0}] does not exist.

Hold[General::stop : Further output of MapAt::partw will be suppressed during this calculation.]

Rule::rhs : Pattern $i_{_}$ appears on the right-hand side of rule

$$\overline{aS}_{i_0} \rightarrow \text{MapAt}[\#1 - \epsilon^k \text{Coefficient}[\text{Part}[\#2], \epsilon, k] \&, \text{MapAt}[\#1 - \text{Times}[\#2] \&, \text{Hold}[\text{Set}[\#2]; \text{Subscript}[\#3, 1, 3]]], 1, 3]$$

... Rule: Pattern  appears on the right-hand side of rule



List[Pattern[i, Blank[]]], 0



... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of

```
Message[Message::msg1, Hold[{$IterationLimit::itlim, $IterationLimit::itlim, $RecursionLimit::reclim2, $RecursionLimit::reclim2,
MapAt::partw, $RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop, $IterationLimit::itlim, General::stop, Rule::rhs, MapAt::partw,
MapAt::partw, General::stop, Rule::rhs, Rule::rhs, General::stop}]].
```

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[  Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]].



... General: Further output of  will be suppressed during this calculation.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of

```
Message[Message::msg1, Hold[{$RecursionLimit::reclim2, $RecursionLimit::reclim2, $RecursionLimit::reclim2, MapAt::partw}]].
```

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[  Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]].



... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of

```
Message[Message::msg1, Hold[{$RecursionLimit::reclim2, $RecursionLimit::reclim2, $RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop}]].
```

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[  Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]].



... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... MapAt: Part  of



List[Pattern[i,

Blank[]]], 0



... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of
 Message[Message::msgl, Hold[{\$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop, MapAt::partw}]].

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[+ ...]}. Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]}.

... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of
 Message[Message::msgl, Hold[{\$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop}]].

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[+ ...]}. Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]}.

... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... MapAt: Part [] of []

1

does not exist.

... MapAt: Part [] of []

1

does not exist.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of
 Message[Message::msgl, Hold[{\$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop, MapAt::partw, MapAt::partw}]].

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[+ ...]}. Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]}.

... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of
 Message[Message::msgl, Hold[{\$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop}]].

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

... \$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[+ ...]}. Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]}.

... General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

MapAt: Part of -

List[Pattern[i,
Blank[]]],0

1
does not exist.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of
Message[Message::msg1, Hold[{\$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop,
MapAt::partw}]].

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]}.

General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of
Message[Message::msg1, Hold[{\$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, \$RecursionLimit::reclim2, General::stop}]].

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {\$RecursionLimit::reclim2}.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 1024 exceeded during evaluation of {OutputStream[Name: stdout Unique ID: 1]}.

General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

MapAt: Part of +

1
does not exist.

MapAt: Part of +

1
does not exist.

\$IterationLimit: Iteration limit of 4096 exceeded.

\$Aborted[]

\$IterationLimit: Iteration limit of 4096 exceeded.

General: Further output of \$IterationLimit::itlim will be suppressed during this calculation.

\$Aborted[]

MapAt: Part of



1

does not exist.

General: Further output of will be suppressed during this calculation.



Rule: Pattern $i_{_}$ appears on the right-hand side of rule



\rightarrow

1

Rule: Pattern $i_{_}$ appears on the right-hand side of rule

\$k

```
RowBox[{SubscriptBox[OverscriptBox[aS, _], RowBox[{RowBox[{{}, i_{\_}}], , 0}]], \(\rightarrow\), RowBox[{MapAt,
    , RowBox[{RowBox[{RowBox[{Hold[RowBox[{Hold[MakeBoxes[Slot, StandardForm]],
        , Hold[MakeBoxes[1, StandardForm]]}], , Hold[RowBox[{Hold[MakeBoxes[\epsilon, StandardForm]],
            , Hold[MakeBoxes[Coefficient[<< 2 >> [0], \epsilon, $k], StandardForm]]}]}], , \&}],
        , SubscriptBox[RowBox[{MapAt,
            , RowBox[{Hold[RowBox[{Hold[MakeBoxes[\#1 + Times[-1, Times[Skeleton[2]]], StandardForm]], \&}]],
                , Hold[SubscriptBox[Hold[MakeBoxes[MapAt[+<< 2 >> \&, Subscript[MapAt[Skeleton[3]], 1], 3],
                    StandardForm]], Hold[MakeBoxes[1, StandardForm]]]}],
                , "3}], , 1], , 3}], , 1]}]}]
```

Rule: Pattern $i_{_}$ appears on the right-hand side of rule $\text{RowBox}[{\text{SubscriptBox}[\text{OverscriptBox}[aS, _], \text{RowBox}[{\{\text{i}_{_}\}}], , 0}]] \(\rightarrow\), \text{RowBox}[{\{\text{MapAt}, \text{, RowBox}[{\{\text{RowBox}[{\{\#1, -\text{, RowBox}[{\{\text{SuperscriptBox}[\epsilon, $k], , RowBox}[{\{\text{Coefficient}, \text{, RowBox}[{\{\text{RowBox}[{\{\text{Part}, , Hold[RowBox][{\{\text{<<, Hold[MakeBoxes[2, StandardForm]], \>\}}], , \epsilon, , $k}], , \&}]}], , \&}],
 , SubscriptBox[RowBox[{MapAt, , RowBox[{RowBox[{RowBox[{\{\#1, -, RowBox[{Times, , Hold[RowBox][{\{\text{<<, Hold[MakeBoxes[2, StandardForm]], \>\}}], , \&}]}], , \&}],
 , SubscriptBox[RowBox[{MapAt, , RowBox[{RowBox[{RowBox[{RowBox[{Hold[RowBox][{\{\text{Hold[RowBox][{\{\text{Hold[MakeBoxes[Plus, StandardForm]], , Hold[MakeBoxes][{\<< 2 >>, StandardForm}], , \&}]}], , \&}],
 , SubscriptBox[Hold[RowBox][{\{\text{Hold[MakeBoxes[MapAt, StandardForm], , Hold[MakeBoxes][{\{\text{<< 3 >>, StandardForm}], , 1}, , 3], , 1], , 3}], , 1}, , 3}], , 1}, , 3}], , 1}, , 3}], , 1}]}]}]$

General: Further output of Rule::rhs will be suppressed during this calculation.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 4096 exceeded during evaluation of $\text{MakeBoxes}[{\{\{\{\{\{\<< 1 >>\}}\}}\}}, \text{StandardForm}]$.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 4096 exceeded during evaluation of $\{\{\text{Hold[MakeBoxes}[{\{\{\{\{\<< 1 >>\}}\}}\}}, \text{StandardForm}], \}\}$.

\$RecursionLimit: Recursion depth of 4096 exceeded during evaluation of $\text{MakeBoxes}[{\{\{\{\{\{\<< 1 >>\}}\}}\}}, \text{StandardForm}]$.

General: Further output of \$RecursionLimit::reclim2 will be suppressed during this calculation.

... 1 ...

Out[_#] =

[large output](#) | [show less](#) | [show more](#) | [show all](#) | [set size limit...](#)

Check that on the generators this agrees with our conventions in the handout:

```
In[#] = Timing@{ {"[a,x]" → ((E[0, 0, a2x1] ~ B1,2 ~ am1,2→1) [3] - (E[0, 0, a1x2] ~ B1,2 ~ am1,2→1) [3]), "[b,y]" → ((E[0, 0, y2b1] ~ B1,2 ~ bm1,2→1) [3] - (E[0, 0, y1b2] ~ B1,2 ~ bm1,2→1) [3]) } /.
  z_1 → z,
  {"Δ[y]" → Last[E[0, 0, y1] ~ B1 ~ bΔ1→1,2], "Δ[b]" → Last[E[0, 0, b1] ~ B1 ~ bΔ1→1,2], "Δ[a]" → Last[E[0, 0, a1] ~ B1 ~ aΔ1→1,2], "Δ[x]" → Last[E[0, 0, x1] ~ B1 ~ aΔ1→1,2] },
  {
    "S(a)" → ((E[0, 0, a1] ~ B1 ~ aS1) [3]),
    "S(x)" → ((E[0, 0, x1] ~ B1 ~ aS1) [3]),
    "S(b)" → ((E[0, 0, b1] ~ B1 ~ bS1) [3]),
    "S(y)" → ((E[0, 0, y1] ~ B1 ~ bS1) [3])
  } /. z_1 → z}
```

Booted @ \$k=2 in 9. sec.

```
Out[#] = {9.25, {{"[a,x]" → -x γ, "[b,y]" → -y ∈ +O[ε]3}, {"Δ[y]" → (B2y1 + y2) + O[ε]3, Δ[b] → (b1 + b2) + O[ε]3, Δ[a] → (a1 + a2) + O[ε]3, Δ[x] → (x1 + x2) - ℏ a1x2 ∈ +  $\frac{1}{2} \hbar^2 a_1^2 x_2 \epsilon^2 + O[\epsilon]^3$ , {S(a) → -a + O[ε]3, S(x) → -x - a x ℏ ε -  $\frac{1}{2} (a^2 x \hbar^2) \epsilon^2 + O[\epsilon]^3$ , S(b) → -b + O[ε]3, S(y) → -  $\frac{y}{B}$  + O[ε]3} }}
```

Hopf algebra axioms on both sides separately.

Associativity of am and bm:

```
In[#] = Timing@Block[{$k = 3}, HL /@ {(am1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ am1,3→1) ≡ (am2,3→2 ~ B2 ~ am1,2→1), (bm1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ bm1,3→1) ≡ (bm2,3→2 ~ B2 ~ bm1,2→1)}]
```

Booted @ \$k=3 in 92.062 sec.

```
Out[#] = {92.2188, {True, True}}
```

R and P are inverses:

```
In[#] = Timing@Block[{$k = 3}, {Ri,j, Pi,k, HL[Ri,j ~ Bi ~ Pi,k ≡ E[aj αk, xj εk, 1]]}]
```

```
Out[#] = {0.046875, {E[ℏ aj bi, ℏ xj yi, 1 -  $\frac{1}{4} (\gamma \hbar^3 x_j^2 y_i^2)$  ∈ +  $\left(\frac{1}{9} \gamma^2 \hbar^5 x_j^3 y_i^3 + \frac{1}{32} \gamma^2 \hbar^6 x_j^4 y_i^4\right) \epsilon^2 + \frac{1}{1152} (24 \gamma^3 \hbar^5 x_j^2 y_i^2 - 72 \gamma^3 \hbar^7 x_j^4 y_i^4 - 32 \gamma^3 \hbar^8 x_j^5 y_i^5 - 3 \gamma^3 \hbar^9 x_j^6 y_i^6) \epsilon^3 + O[\epsilon]^4$ ], E[ $\frac{\alpha_k \beta_i}{\hbar}, \frac{\eta_i \xi_k}{\hbar}, 1 + \frac{\gamma \eta_i^2 \xi_k^2 \epsilon}{4 \hbar} + \frac{(36 \gamma^2 \hbar^2 \eta_i^2 \xi_k^2 + 40 \gamma^2 \hbar \eta_i^3 \xi_k^3 + 9 \gamma^2 \eta_i^4 \xi_k^4) \epsilon^2}{288 \hbar^2} + \frac{1}{1152 \hbar^3} (48 \gamma^3 \hbar^4 \eta_i^2 \xi_k^2 + 192 \gamma^3 \hbar^3 \eta_i^3 \xi_k^3 + 156 \gamma^3 \hbar^2 \eta_i^4 \xi_k^4 + 40 \gamma^3 \hbar \eta_i^5 \xi_k^5 + 3 \gamma^3 \eta_i^6 \xi_k^6) \epsilon^3 + O[\epsilon]^4$ ], True}}
```

as and \overline{aS} are inverses, bs and \overline{bS} are inverses:

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@ {aS1 ~ B1 ~ aS1 == E[a1 α1, x1 ξ1, 1], bS1 ~ B1 ~ bS1 == E[b1 β1, y1 η1, 1]}]
Out[=]= {0.171875, {True, True}}
```

(co)-associativity on both sides

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@
  {(aΔ1→1,2 ~ B2 ~ aΔ2→2,3) == (aΔ1→1,3 ~ B1 ~ aΔ1→1,2), (bΔ1→1,2 ~ B2 ~ bΔ2→2,3) == (bΔ1→1,3 ~ B1 ~ bΔ1→1,2),
   (am1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ am1,3→1) == (am2,3→2 ~ B2 ~ am1,2→1), (bm1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ bm1,3→1) == (bm2,3→2 ~ B2 ~ bm1,2→1)}]
Out[=]= {0.40625, {True, True, True, True}}
```

Δ is an algebra morphism

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@ {am1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ aΔ1→1,2 == (aΔ1→1,3 aΔ2→2,4) ~ B1,2,3,4 ~ (am3,4→2 am1,2→1),
  bm1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ bΔ1→1,2 == (bΔ1→1,3 bΔ2→2,4) ~ B1,2,3,4 ~ (bm3,4→2 bm1,2→1)}]
Out[=]= {0.75, {True, True}}
```

S is convolution inverse of id

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL [# == E[0, 0, 1]] & /@ {
  (aΔ1→1,2 ~ B1 ~ aS1) ~ B1,2 ~ am1,2→1, (aΔ1→1,2 ~ B2 ~ aS2) ~ B1,2 ~ am1,2→1,
  (bΔ1→1,2 ~ B1 ~ bS1) ~ B1,2 ~ bm1,2→1, (bΔ1→1,2 ~ B2 ~ bS2) ~ B1,2 ~ bm1,2→1}]
Out[=]= {0.671875, {True, True, True, True}}
```

S is an algebra anti-(co)morphism

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@ {am1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ aS1 == (aS1 aS2) ~ B1,2 ~ am2,1→1, bm1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ bS1 == (bS1 bS2) ~ B1,2 ~ bm2,1→1,
  aS1 ~ B1 ~ aΔ1→1,2 == aΔ1→2,1 ~ B1,2 ~ (aS1 aS2), bS1 ~ B1 ~ bΔ1→1,2 == bΔ1→2,1 ~ B1,2 ~ (bS1 bS2)}]
Out[=]= {1.04688, {True, True, True, True}}
```

Pairing axioms

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@ {(bm1,2→1 E[α3 a3, ξ3 x3, 1]) ~ B1,3 ~ P1,3 ==
  (E[β1 b1, η1 y1, 1] E[β2 b2, η2 y2, 1] aΔ3→4,5) ~ B1,4 ~ P1,4 ~ B2,5 ~ P2,5,
  (bΔ1→1,2 E[α3 a3, ξ3 x3, 1] E[α4 a4, ξ4 x4, 1]) ~ B1,3 ~ P1,3 ~ B2,4 ~ P2,4 ==
  (E[β1 b1, η1 y1, 1] am3,4→3) ~ B1,3 ~ P1,3}]
Out[=]= {0.484375, {True, True}}
```

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@ {(bS1 E[α2 a2, ξ2 x2, 1]) ~ B1,2 ~ P1,2 == (E[β1 b1, η1 y1, 1] aS2) ~ B1,2 ~ P1,2,
  (bS1 E[α2 a2, ξ2 x2, 1]) ~ B1,2 ~ P1,2 == (E[β1 b1, η1 y1, 1] aS2) ~ B1,2 ~ P1,2}]
Out[=]= {0.34375, {True, True}}
```

Tests for the double.

Check the double formulas on the generators agree with SL2Portfolio.pdf:

```
In[1]:= Timing@{{
  "[a,y]" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, y_2 a_1] \sim B_{1,2} \sim dm_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$  - ( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, y_1 a_2] \sim B_{1,2} \sim dm_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
  "[b,x]" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, x_2 b_1] \sim B_{1,2} \sim dm_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$  - ( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, x_1 b_2] \sim B_{1,2} \sim dm_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
  "xy-qyx" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, x_1 y_2] \sim B_{1,2} \sim dm_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$  - (1 +  $\epsilon$ ) ( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, y_1 x_2] \sim B_{1,2} \sim dm_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ )
  } /. {z_-1 → z} // Expand // Factor,
  {
    " $\Delta(a)$ " → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, a_1] \sim B_1 \sim d\Delta_{1 \rightarrow 1,2}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
    " $\Delta(x)$ " → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, x_1] \sim B_1 \sim d\Delta_{1 \rightarrow 1,2}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
    " $\Delta(b)$ " → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, b_1] \sim B_1 \sim d\Delta_{1 \rightarrow 1,2}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
    " $\Delta(y)$ " → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, y_1] \sim B_1 \sim d\Delta_{1 \rightarrow 1,2}$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ )
  } // Simplify,
  {
    "S(a)" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, a_1] \sim B_1 \sim dS_1$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
    "S(x)" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, x_1] \sim B_1 \sim dS_1$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
    "S(b)" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, b_1] \sim B_1 \sim dS_1$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ ),
    "S(y)" → (( $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, y_1] \sim B_1 \sim dS_1$ )  $\llbracket 3 \rrbracket$ )
  } /. {z_-1 → z} // Simplify
  }
}

Out[1]= {3.90625, {{"[a,y] → -y γ + O[ε]^3, [b,x] → x ε + O[ε]^3,
  xy-qyx →  $-x y + \frac{1 - B + x y \hbar}{\hbar}$  + (a B - x y + x y γ \hbar) ε +  $\frac{1}{2} (-a^2 B \hbar + x y \gamma^2 \hbar^2) \epsilon^2 + O[\epsilon]^3$ },
  {"Δ(a) → (a_1 + a_2) + O[ε]^3, Δ(x) → (x_1 + x_2) - \hbar a_1 x_2 ε +  $\frac{1}{2} \hbar^2 a_1^2 x_2 \epsilon^2 + O[\epsilon]^3$ ,
  Δ(b) → (b_1 + b_2) + O[ε]^3, Δ(y) → (y_1 + B_1 y_2) + O[ε]^3},
  {"S(a) → -a + O[ε]^3, S(x) → -x - a x \hbar ε -  $\frac{1}{2} (a^2 x \hbar^2) \epsilon^2 + O[\epsilon]^3$ ,
  S(b) → -b + O[ε]^3, S(y) →  $-\frac{y}{B} + \frac{y \gamma \hbar \epsilon}{B} - \frac{(y \gamma^2 \hbar^2) \epsilon^2}{2 B} + O[\epsilon]^3$ }}}}
```

(co)-associativity

```
In[2]:= Timing[HL /@
  {(dΔ1→1,2 ~ B2 ~ dΔ2→2,3) ≡ (dΔ1→1,3 ~ B1 ~ dΔ1→1,2), (dm1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ dm1,3→1) ≡ (dm2,3→2 ~ B2 ~ dm1,2→1)}]
Out[2]= {8.15625, {True, True}}
```

Δ is an algebra morphism

```
In[3]:= Timing@HL[dm1,2→1 ~ B1 ~ dΔ1→1,2 ≡ (dΔ1→1,3 dΔ2→2,4) ~ B1,2,3,4 ~ (dm3,4→2 dm1,2→1)]
Out[3]= {16.5, True}
```

S is convolution inverse of id

```
In[4]:= Timing[
  HL[# ≡  $\text{E}[\theta, \theta, 1]$ ] & /@ {(dΔ1→1,2 ~ B1 ~ dS1) ~ B1,2 ~ dm1,2→1, (dΔ1→1,2 ~ B2 ~ dS2) ~ B1,2 ~ dm1,2→1}]
Out[4]= {12.5469, {True, True}}
```

S is a (co)-algebra anti-morphism

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL /@  
  Expand /@ {dm_{1,2→1}~B_1~dS_1 ≡ (dS_1 dS_2) ~B_{1,2}~dm_{2,1→1}, dS_1~B_1~dΔ_{1→1,2} ≡ dΔ_{1→2,1}~B_{1,2}~(dS_1 dS_2)}]  
Out[=]= {28.1563, {True, True}}
```

Quasi-triangular axiom 1:

```
In[=]:= Timing@HL [R_{1,2}~B_1~dΔ_{1→1,3} ≡ (R_{1,4} R_{3,2}) ~B_{2,4}~dm_{2,4→2}]  
Out[=]= {0.765625, True}
```

Quasi-triangular axiom 2:

```
In[=]:= Timing@HL [(dΔ_{1→1,2} R_{3,4}) ~B_{1,2,3,4}~(dm_{1,3→1} dm_{2,4→2}) ≡ (dΔ_{1→2,1} R_{3,4}) ~B_{1,2,3,4}~(dm_{3,1→1} dm_{4,2→2})]  
Out[=]= {12.4219, True}
```

Reidemeister 2:

```
In[=]:= Timing[HL [# ≡ IE [0, 0, 1]] & /@  
  {(R_{1,2} R_{3,4}) ~B_{1,2,3,4}~(dm_{1,3→1} dm_{2,4→2}), (R_{1,2} R_{3,4}) ~B_{1,2,3,4}~(dm_{1,3→1} dm_{2,4→2})}]  
Out[=]= {8.25, {True, True}}
```

Reidemeister 3:

```
In[=]:= Timing@HL [(R_{1,2} R_{4,3} R_{5,6}) ~B_{1,4}~dm_{1,4→1}~B_{2,5}~dm_{2,5→2}~B_{3,6}~dm_{3,6→3} ≡  
  ((R_{1,6} R_{2,3} R_{4,5}) ~B_{1,4}~dm_{1,4→1}~B_{2,5}~dm_{2,5→2}~B_{3,6}~dm_{3,6→3})]  
Out[=]= {5.90625, True}
```

Deriving the Drinfeld element u and its inverse \bar{u}

```
In[=]:= Block[{i}, {  
  u_i_ = R_{1,2}~B_1~dS_1~B_{1,2}~dm_{2,1→i},  
  u_i_ = R_{1,2}~B_2~dS_2~B_2~dS_2~B_{1,2}~dm_{2,1→i}  
  }]  
Out[=]= {E[-h a_i b_i, -h x_i y_i, B_i + 1/(4 B_i) (-4 h a_i B_i^2 - 4 γ h^2 B_i x_i y_i - 4 h^2 a_i B_i x_i y_i - 3 γ h^3 x_i^2 y_i^2) ∈ + 1/(288 B_i^3)  
  (144 h^2 a_i^2 B_i^4 - 144 γ^2 h^3 B_i^3 x_i y_i + 144 h^3 a_i^2 B_i^3 x_i y_i - 144 γ^2 h^4 B_i^2 x_i^2 y_i^2 + 72 γ h^4 a_i B_i^2 x_i^2 y_i^2 +  
  144 h^4 a_i^2 B_i^2 x_i^2 y_i^2 - 104 γ^2 h^5 B_i x_i^3 y_i^3 + 216 γ h^5 a_i B_i x_i^3 y_i^3 + 81 γ^2 h^6 x_i^4 y_i^4) ∈^2 + O[ε]^3],  
  E[h a_i b_i, h x_i y_i, 1/(4 B_i) + (4 h a_i - 4 γ h^2 x_i y_i - γ h^3 x_i^2 y_i^2)/(288 B_i) (144 h^2 a_i^2 + 144 γ^2 h^3 x_i y_i -  
  288 γ h^3 a_i x_i y_i + 288 γ^2 h^4 x_i^2 y_i^2 - 72 γ h^4 a_i x_i^2 y_i^2 + 104 γ^2 h^5 x_i^3 y_i^3 + 9 γ^2 h^6 x_i^4 y_i^4) ∈^2 + O[ε]^3}]}
```

u and \bar{u} are inverses

```
In[=]:= Timing@HL [(u_1 u_2) ~B_{1,2}~dm_{1,2→1} ≡ IE [0, 0, 1]]  
Out[=]= {1.48438, True}
```

The ribbon element v satisfies $v^2 = S(u) u$. The spinner $C = uv^{-1}$.

It is convenient to compute $z = S(u) u^{-1}$ which is something easy.

In[$\#$]:= **Block**[{ $\$k = 3$ }, { $(\mathbf{u}_1 \sim \mathbf{B}_1 \sim \mathbf{dS}_1) \bar{\mathbf{u}}_2$ } $\sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1}$]

$$\text{Outf}[\#] = \mathbb{E} \left[0, 0, \frac{1}{\mathbf{B}_1} + \frac{\hbar \mathbf{a}_1 \epsilon}{\mathbf{B}_1} + \frac{\hbar^2 \mathbf{a}_1^2 \epsilon^2}{2 \mathbf{B}_1} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^3 \right]$$

(* Needs fixing! *) So in our case $S(u) = u z$ so $S(u)u = u^2 z$ and $v = uz^{\frac{1}{2}}$ and finally $C = uv^{-1} = z^{-\frac{1}{2}} = e^{t_1/2}(1 - \epsilon a_1)$.

In[$\#$]:= **Block**[{ i }, { $\{\mathbf{CC}_{i_} = \mathbb{E}[0, 0, \mathbf{B}_i^{1/2} e^{-\epsilon a_i/2} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2], \overline{\mathbf{CC}}_{i_} = \mathbb{E}[0, 0, \mathbf{B}_i^{-1/2} e^{\epsilon a_i/2} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2]\}$ }]

$$\text{Outf}[\#] = \left\{ \mathbb{E}[0, 0, \sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i} - \frac{1}{2} (a_i \sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i}) \epsilon + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2], \mathbb{E}[0, 0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i}} + \frac{a_i \epsilon}{2 \sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i}} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2] \right\}$$

In[$\#$]:= **Block**[{ i, j }, { $\{\mathbf{Kink}_{i_} = (\mathbf{R}_{1,3} \overline{\mathbf{CC}}_2) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,3 \rightarrow i}, \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_{j_} = (\overline{\mathbf{R}}_{1,3} \mathbf{CC}_2) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,3 \rightarrow j}\}$ }]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outf}[\#] = & \left\{ \mathbb{E}[\hbar a_i b_i, \hbar x_i y_i, \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i}} + \frac{(2 a_i - \gamma \hbar^3 x_i^2 y_i^2) \epsilon}{4 \sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i}} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2], \right. \\ & \left. \mathbb{E}[-\hbar a_j b_j, -\frac{\hbar x_j y_j}{\mathbf{B}_j}, \sqrt{\mathbf{B}_j} + \frac{(-2 a_j \mathbf{B}_j^2 - 4 \hbar^2 a_j \mathbf{B}_j x_j y_j - 3 \gamma \hbar^3 x_j^2 y_j^2) \epsilon}{4 \mathbf{B}_j^{3/2}} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

In[$\#$]:= $\mathbf{k2} = (\mathbf{R}_{3,1} \mathbf{CC}_2) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,3 \rightarrow i} / . \mathbf{e} \rightarrow \mathbf{E};$

$\mathbf{k4} = (\overline{\mathbf{R}}_{3,1} \overline{\mathbf{CC}}_2) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,2} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,2 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,3 \rightarrow j} / . \mathbf{e} \rightarrow \mathbf{E};$

Simplify@{ $\mathbf{Kink}_i \equiv \mathbf{k2}, \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_j \equiv \mathbf{k4}, (\mathbf{Kink}_i \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_j) \sim \mathbf{B}_{i,j} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{i,j \rightarrow 1}$ }

$$\text{Outf}[\#] = \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathbf{B}_i}} \epsilon (-1 + \hbar) (\gamma + \gamma \hbar x_i y_i + \mathbf{B}_i (-2 a_i + \gamma (-1 + \hbar x_i y_i))) = 0, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathbf{B}_j}} \epsilon (-1 + \hbar) (-\gamma \mathbf{B}_j^2 + \gamma \hbar x_j y_j + \mathbf{B}_j (\gamma + 2 a_j + \gamma \hbar x_j y_j)) = 0, \right.$$

$$\left. \mathbb{E}[0, 0, 1 - \frac{(\gamma (-1 + \hbar) \hbar (1 + \mathbf{B}_1) x_1 y_1) \epsilon}{2 \mathbf{B}_1} + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^2] \right\}$$

Reidemeister 2:

In[$\#$]:= $(\mathbf{R}_{1,2} \overline{\mathbf{R}}_{3,4}) \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,3 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{2,4} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{2,4 \rightarrow 2}$

$$\text{Outf}[\#] = \mathbb{E}[0, 0, 1 + \mathbf{O}[\epsilon]^3]$$

Cyclic Reidemeister 2:

In[$\#$]:= $(\mathbf{R}_{1,4} \overline{\mathbf{R}}_{5,2} \overline{\mathbf{CC}}_3) \sim \mathbf{B}_{2,4} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{2,4 \rightarrow 2} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,3} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,3 \rightarrow 1} \sim \mathbf{B}_{1,5} \sim \mathbf{dm}_{1,5 \rightarrow 1} \equiv \overline{\mathbf{CC}}_1$

$$\text{Outf}[\#] = \frac{\gamma \in \hbar x_2 y_1 - \gamma \in \hbar^2 x_2 y_1}{2 \sqrt{\mathbf{B}_1}} = 0$$

Trefoil

```
In[1]:= Z = R1,5 R6,2 R3,7 CC4 Kink8 Kink9 Kink10;
Do[Z = Z ~ B1,r ~ dm1,r→1, {r, 2, 10}];
Simplify /@ Z
```

```
Out[1]= $Aborted
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[1]} &= \mathbb{E} \left[\hbar \left(a_7 b_1 + a_1 (b_1 + b_6) - a_8 b_8 - a_9 b_9 - a_{10} b_{10} \right), \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{\hbar}{B_6} \left(B_6 x_7 y_1 + x_7 y_6 - B_1 x_7 y_6 + x_1 (y_1 + B_1 y_6) - \frac{x_8 y_8}{B_8} - \frac{x_9 y_9}{B_9} - \frac{x_{10} y_{10}}{B_{10}} \right), \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{\sqrt{B_8} \sqrt{B_9} \sqrt{B_{10}}}{\sqrt{B_1}} + \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{B_1} B_8^{3/2} B_9^{3/2} B_{10}^{3/2}} \right. \\ &\quad \left(-2 a_9 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 - 2 a_{10} B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 - \gamma \hbar^3 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1^2 y_1^2 - \gamma \hbar^3 B_6^2 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_7^2 y_1^2 - 2 \gamma \hbar B_1 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1 y_6 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. 2 \gamma \hbar^2 B_1 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1 y_6 - 4 \hbar^2 a_7 B_1 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1 y_6 + 8 \gamma \hbar^3 B_1 B_6 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1 x_7 y_1 y_6 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. 4 \gamma \hbar^3 B_1 B_6 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_7^2 y_1 y_6 - \gamma \hbar^3 B_1^2 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1^2 y_6^2 - 4 \gamma \hbar^3 B_1^2 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_1 x_7 y_6^2 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. \gamma \hbar^3 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_7^2 y_6^2 + \gamma \hbar^3 B_1^2 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_7^2 y_6^2 + 2 a_1 B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 (1 - 2 \hbar^2 B_6 x_7 y_1 + 2 \hbar^2 B_1 x_7 y_6) - \right. \\ &\quad \left. 3 \gamma \hbar^3 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_8^2 y_8^2 - 2 a_8 B_8 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 (B_8 + 2 \hbar^2 x_8 y_8) - 4 \hbar^2 a_9 B_8^2 B_9 B_{10}^2 x_9 y_9 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. 3 \gamma \hbar^3 B_8^2 B_{10}^2 x_9^2 y_9^2 - 4 \hbar^2 a_{10} B_8^2 B_9^2 B_{10}^2 x_{10} y_{10} - 3 \gamma \hbar^3 B_8^2 B_9^2 x_{10}^2 y_{10}^2 \right) \in + O[\epsilon]^2 \end{aligned}$$

Timing[

```
Z = R1,5 R6,2 R3,7 CC4 Kink8 Kink9 Kink10;
Do[Z = Z ~ B1,r ~ dm1,r→1, {r, 2, 10}];
Simplify /@ Z]
```

```
In[1]:= R1,5 R6,2 R3,7 CC4 Kink8 Kink9 Kink10
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[1]} &= \mathbb{E} \left[a_5 b_1 + a_7 b_3 + a_2 b_6 - a_8 b_8 - a_9 b_9 - a_{10} b_{10}, \right. \\ &\quad \left. x_5 y_1 + x_7 y_3 + x_2 y_6 - \frac{x_8 y_8}{B_8} - \frac{x_9 y_9}{B_9} - \frac{x_{10} y_{10}}{B_{10}}, \frac{\sqrt{B_8} \sqrt{B_9} \sqrt{B_{10}}}{\sqrt{B_4}} + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left(\sqrt{B_{10}} \left(\sqrt{B_9} \left(\sqrt{B_8} \left(\frac{a_4}{2 \sqrt{B_4}} - \frac{x_5^2 y_1^2}{4 \sqrt{B_4}} - \frac{x_7^2 y_3^2}{4 \sqrt{B_4}} - \frac{x_2^2 y_6^2}{4 \sqrt{B_4}} \right) + \frac{-2 a_8 B_8^2 - 4 a_8 B_8 x_8 y_8 - 3 x_8^2 y_8^2}{4 \sqrt{B_4} B_8^{3/2}} \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{\sqrt{B_8} (-2 a_9 B_9^2 - 4 a_9 B_9 x_9 y_9 - 3 x_9^2 y_9^2)}{4 \sqrt{B_4} B_9^{3/2}} \right) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{B_4} B_{10}^{3/2}} \sqrt{B_8} \sqrt{B_9} (-2 a_{10} B_{10}^2 - 4 a_{10} B_{10} x_{10} y_{10} - 3 x_{10}^2 y_{10}^2) \right) \in + O[\epsilon]^2 \end{aligned}$$

```

In[=]:= 
$$\left( \mathbf{R}_{1,5} \mathbf{R}_{6,2} \mathbf{R}_{3,7} \overline{\mathbf{C}}_4 \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_8 \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_9 \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_{10} \right) \sim \mathbf{B}_{\text{Range}[10]} \sim \mathbf{Product}[\mathbf{b2t}_i, \{i, 10\}]$$


Out[=]= 
$$\mathbb{E} \left[ -a_5 t_1 - a_7 t_3 - a_2 t_6 + a_8 t_8 + a_9 t_9 + a_{10} t_{10}, \frac{1}{T_8 T_9 T_{10}} \right.$$


$$(T_8 T_9 T_{10} x_5 y_1 + T_8 T_9 T_{10} x_7 y_3 + T_8 T_9 T_{10} x_2 y_6 - T_9 T_{10} x_8 y_8 - T_8 T_{10} x_9 y_9 - T_8 T_9 x_{10} y_{10}),$$


$$\frac{\sqrt{T_8} \sqrt{T_9} \sqrt{T_{10}}}{\sqrt{T_4}} +$$


$$\frac{1}{4 \sqrt{T_4} T_9^{3/2} T_{10}^{3/2} T_{10}^{3/2}} (4 a_4 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 + 4 a_1 a_5 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 + 4 a_2 a_6 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 + 4 a_3 a_7 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 -$$


$$4 a_8 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 - 4 a_2^2 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 - 4 a_9 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 - 4 a_2^2 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 - 4 a_{10} T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 - 4 a_{10}^2 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 -$$


$$T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_5^2 y_1^2 - T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_7^2 y_3^2 - T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_2^2 y_6^2 - 8 a_8 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_8 y_8 - 3 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_2^2 y_8^2 -$$


$$8 a_9 T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_9 y_9 - 3 T_8^2 T_{10}^2 x_9^2 y_9^2 - 8 a_{10} T_8^2 T_9^2 T_{10}^2 x_{10} y_{10} - 3 T_8^2 T_9^2 x_{10}^2 y_{10}^2) \in + O[\epsilon]^2]$$


In[=]:= 
$$Z = \left( \left( \mathbf{R}_{1,5} \mathbf{R}_{6,2} \mathbf{R}_{3,7} \overline{\mathbf{C}}_4 \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_8 \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_9 \overline{\mathbf{Kink}}_{10} \right) \sim \mathbf{B}_{\text{Range}[10]} \sim \mathbf{Product}[\mathbf{b2t}_i, \{i, 10\}] \right) /. \mathbf{T}_- \rightarrow \mathbf{T}_1 \right) \sim$$


$$\mathbf{B}_{\text{Range}[10]} \sim \mathbf{Product}[\mathbf{t2b}_i, \{i, 10\}]$$


Out[=]= 
$$\mathbb{E} \left[ a_5 b_1 + a_7 b_3 + a_2 b_6 - a_8 b_8 - a_9 b_9 - a_{10} b_{10}, \frac{1}{B_1} \right.$$


$$(B_1 x_5 y_1 + B_1 x_7 y_3 + B_1 x_2 y_6 - x_8 y_8 - x_9 y_9 - x_{10} y_{10}), B_1 + \frac{1}{4 B_1}$$


$$(4 a_1 B_1^2 + 4 a_4 B_1^2 - 4 a_8 B_1^2 - 4 a_9 B_1^2 - 4 a_{10} B_1^2 - B_1^2 x_5^2 y_1^2 - B_1^2 x_7^2 y_3^2 - B_1^2 x_2^2 y_6^2 + 4 a_1 B_1 x_8 y_8 - 8 a_8 B_1 x_8 y_8 -$$


$$3 x_8^2 y_8^2 + 4 a_1 B_1 x_9 y_9 - 8 a_9 B_1 x_9 y_9 - 3 x_9^2 y_9^2 + 4 a_1 B_1 x_{10} y_{10} - 8 a_{10} B_1 x_{10} y_{10} - 3 x_{10}^2 y_{10}^2) \in + O[\epsilon]^2]$$


Timing[
  Do[Z = Z ~ B1, r ~ dm1, r → 1, {r, 2, 10}];
  Simplify@Z[[3]]]
doing 2
doing 3
doing 4
doing 5
doing 6
doing 7
doing 8
doing 9
doing 10

Out[=]= 
$$\left\{ 5.39063, \frac{B_1}{1 - B_1 + B_1^2} + \right.$$


$$\left. (B_1 (-B_1 + 2 B_1^2 + 2 B_1^4 + a_1 (-1 + B_1 - B_1^3 + B_1^4) - 2 x_1 y_1 - B_1^3 (3 + 2 x_1 y_1)) \in) / (1 - B_1 + B_1^2)^3 + O[\epsilon]^2 \right\}$$


In[=]:= Timing[
  Z = R1,5 R6,2 R3,7 CC4 Kink8 Kink9 Kink10 /. B_ → B1;
  Do[Print["doing ", r]; Z = Z ~ B1, r ~ dm1, r → 1 /. B_ → B1, {r, 2, 10}];
  Simplify@Z[[3]]]

```

```

doing 2
doing 3
doing 4
doing 5
doing 6
doing 7
doing 8
doing 9
doing 10

```

$$\begin{aligned}
Out[=] = & \left\{ 5.3125, \frac{B_1}{1 - B_1 + B_1^2} + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{2 B_1 (1 - B_1 + B_1^2)^3} \left(2 a_1 B_1^2 (-1 + B_1 - B_1^3 + B_1^4) - 6 x_1^2 y_1^2 + 4 B_1^7 x_1^2 y_1^2 - 2 B_1^8 x_1^2 y_1^2 + B_1^2 x_1 y_1 (5 - 6 x_1 y_1) + \right. \\
& \left. 3 B_1 x_1 y_1 (-1 + 2 x_1 y_1) + B_1^6 (3 + 3 x_1 y_1 - 6 x_1^2 y_1^2) - B_1^5 (4 + 13 x_1 y_1 + 2 x_1^2 y_1^2) + \right. \\
& \left. B_1^4 (2 + 15 x_1 y_1 + 4 x_1^2 y_1^2) - B_1^3 (1 + 15 x_1 y_1 + 6 x_1^2 y_1^2) \right) \in + O[\epsilon]^2 \}
\end{aligned}$$