

Degree by degree constructions

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2.3. Degree by Degree Constructions.

MORE: to a thm of the form $H^2 = 0 \Rightarrow Z$, in both a plain and a group-like variant.

$$C, \in \quad C \in C^1 \quad \in \in C^2$$

$$E(g_1, g_2) = Z(g_1)Z(g_2)Z(g_1g_2)^{-1} - 1$$

claim

$$0 = E(g_2, g_3) - E(g_1g_2, g_3) + E(g_1, g_2g_3) - E(g_1, g_2)$$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{PF}} \quad \underbrace{z_2 z_3 z_{23}^{-1} - 1}_1 \quad \underbrace{z_{12} z_3 z_{123}^{-1} - 1}_2 \quad \underbrace{z_1 z_{23} z_{123}^{-1} - 1}_3 \quad \underbrace{z_1 z_2 z_{12}^{-1} - 1}_4$

$$E(g_1, g_2) = z_1 z_2 z_{12}^{-1} - 1 = z_{113} z_{23}^{-1} z_2 z_{12}^{-1} + E(1, 23)$$

$$= \underbrace{z_{123} z_{13}^{-1} z_{23} z_3^{-1}}_3 - 1 + E(1, 23) + E(2, 3) - E(12, 3)$$



Better derive from associativity:

