

Initialization

```
In[*]:= << KnotTheory`
```

Loading KnotTheory` version of February 2, 2020, 10:53:45.2097.
Read more at <http://katlas.org/wiki/KnotTheory>.

Formulas

Alexander's Original Definition (crossings \times faces)

```
In[*]:= AlexanderOriginal[K_] := T  $\mapsto$  Apart@Module[
  {XingsByTurns, bends, faces, p, A, is, poly},
  XingsByTurns =
  PD[K] /. x : X[i_, j_, k_, L_]  $\Rightarrow$ 
    If[PositiveQ[x], X+[-i, j, k, -L], X-[-j, k, L, -i]];
  bends = Times@@XingsByTurns /.
    _[X][a_, b_, c_, d_]  $\Rightarrow$  pa,-d pb,-a pc,-b pd,-c;
  faces = bends /. px_,y_ py_,z_  $\Rightarrow$  px,y,z;
  A = Table[0, Length@XingsByTurns, Length@faces];
  Do[is = Position[faces, #][[1, 1]] & /@ List@@XingsByTurns[[j]];
    A[[j], is] = If[Head[XingsByTurns[[j]]] === X+,
      (-T 1 -1 T), (1 -1 T -T)],
    {j, Length@XingsByTurns}];
  poly = Det@A[[All, Delete[Range[Length@faces],
    {Position[faces, #][[1, 1]] & /@ {1, -1}}]];
  (poly /. T  $\rightarrow$  1) poly
  T(Exponent[poly, T, Max]+Exponent[poly, T, Min])/2];
```

Bar-Natan & Dancso (crossings \times crossings)

```

In[*]:= AlexanderBND[K_] := T  $\mapsto$  Apart@Module[{Xings, n = Length@PD[K], Sp,
  I = IdentityMatrix[Length@PD[K]], outgoingStrands, A,  $\sigma$ , d},
  outgoingStrands[x_] := List@@x[{If[PositiveQ[x], 2, 4], 3}];
  (*Cutting along 2n $\rightarrow$ 1 strand*)
  Xings = PD[K] /. x : X[a_, b_, c_, d_] /;
    MemberQ[outgoingStrands[x], 1]  $\Rightarrow$  Replace[x, 1  $\rightarrow$  2 n + 1, {-1}];
  Sp[i_] := Delete[
    Range[Sequence@@Sort@outgoingStrands[Xings[[i]]],
    -1];
  A = Table[If[DisjointQ[List@@Xings[[j], {1, 3}], Sp[i]], 0, 1],
    {i, n}, {j, n}] - I;
   $\sigma$  = Table[If[PositiveQ[Xings[[i]], 1, -1], {i, n}];
  d = Table[If[Xings[i, 1]  $\geq$  Xings[i, 2], 1, -1], {i, n}];
  Det[I + A. (I - DiagonalMatrix[T- $\sigma$ +d])]];

```

Long Position ((edges + 1) \times (edges + 1))

```

In[*]:= Rot[pd_PD] := Module[{n, xs, x, rots, Xp, Xm, front = {1}, k},
  n = Length@pd; rots = Table[0, {2 n}];
  xs = Cases[pd, x_X  $\Rightarrow$  {Xp[x[[4]], x[[1]] PositiveQ@x};
  Xm[x[[2]], x[[1]] True];
  For[k = 1, k  $\leq$  2 n, ++k,
  If[FreeQ[front, -k],
    front = Flatten@Replace[front, k  $\rightarrow$  (xs /. {
      Xp[k, l_] | Xm[l_, k]  $\Rightarrow$  {l + 1, k + 1, -l},
      Xp[l_, k] | Xm[k, l_]  $\Rightarrow$  (++rots[[l]]; {-l, k + 1, l + 1}),
      _Xp + _Xm  $\Rightarrow$  {}
    }), {1}],
    Cases[front, k | -k] /. {k, -k}  $\Rightarrow$  --rots[[k]];
  ]];
  {xs /. {Xp[i_, j_]  $\Rightarrow$  {+1, i, j}, Xm[i_, j_]  $\Rightarrow$  {-1, i, j}}, rots}];
  Rot[K_] := Rot[PD[K]]

```

```

In[*]:= AlexanderLongPosition[K_] := T ↦ Apart@Module[{A, s, is, φ, w},
  A = IdentityMatrix[2 * Length@PD[K] + 1];
  s[x_] := If[PositiveQ@x, 1, -1];
  Do[is = If[PositiveQ@x, List@@x[[{4, 1}]], List@@x[[{2, 1}]]];
  A[[is, # + 1 & /@ is]] =  $\begin{pmatrix} -T^{s[x]} & T^{s[x]} - 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,
  {x, List@@PD[K]}];
  φ = Total[Rot[K][[2]]]; w = Total[s /@ List@@PD[K]];
  T-(φ+w)/2 Det[A]]

```

Arc Presentation

```

In[*]:= MinesweeperMatrix[ap_] := Module[{l = Length[ap], currentRow, c1, c2, s},
  currentRow = Table[0, {l}];
  Table[{c1, c2} = Sort[ap[[k]]];
  s = Sign[{-1, 1}.ap[[k]]];
  Do[currentRow[[c]] += s, {c, c1, c2 - 1}];
  currentRow,
  {k, l}]]

```

```

In[*]:= AlexanderViaArcPresentation[K_] :=
  T ↦ Apart@Module[{ap = ArcPresentation[K], M, fixPower, indices},
  M = MinesweeperMatrix[ap];
  indices[c_, i_] := Sequence[
    If[i === 1, {i}, {i, i - 1}], If[c === 1, {c}, {c, c - 1}]];
  fixPower = - $\frac{1}{8}$  Sum[
    Total[M[[indices[ap[[i, 1], i]], 2], 2] + Total[M[[indices[ap[[i, 2], i]], 2],
    {i, Length@ap}];
  Signature[List@@ap[[All, 2]]] TfixPower (T-1/2 - T1/2)1-Length[ap] Det[TM]]

```

Burau Representation (Braids)

```
In[*]:= AlexanderViaBurau[K_] := T ↦ Apart@Module[{m, n, br, reducedBurau,
  poly, δ, σ},
{n, br} = List@@BR[K];
δ /: δi,j := If[i == j, 1, 0];
σi[ε] := {
  ε / v1 ↦ -T * v1 + v2      i == 1
  ε / vi ↦ T * vi-1 - T * vi + vi+1  1 < i < n - 1;
  ε / vn-1 ↦ T * vn-2 - T * vn-1    i == n - 1
};
mi := σi[Table[vj, {j, n - 1}]] / vj ↦ Table[δj,k, {k, n - 1}];
reducedBurau = Dot@@br /. i_Integer ↦ If[i > 0, mi, mAbs[i] // Inverse];
poly =  $\frac{1 - T}{1 - T^n}$  Det[IdentityMatrix[n - 1] - reducedBurau] // Apart;

$$\frac{(\text{poly} / T \rightarrow 1) \text{poly}}{T^{\text{Mean}\{\{\text{Exponent}[\text{poly}, T, \text{Max}], \text{Exponent}[\text{poly}, T, \text{Min}]\}}}}$$
];
```

Seifert Matrix (via Braids)

```
In[*]:= AlexanderViaSeifertAsBraids[K_] := T ↦ Apart@Module[{br, h, V},
br = BR[K][[2]];
h = With[{absBR = Abs /@ br},
  Table[
  Append[Position[absBR[[i + 1 ;;]], absBR[[i]] + i, {0}][[1, 1]], {i, Length@absBR - 1}]];
V = Table[Which[
  h[[i]] h[[j]] == 0, Nothing,
  h[[Min[i, j]]] > h[[Max[i, j]]], 0,
  h[[Min[i, j]]] < h[[Max[i, j]]], 0,
  i == j, -  $\frac{\text{Sign}[br[[i]]] + \text{Sign}[br[[h[[i]]]]]}{2}$ ,
  h[[i]] == j ^ br[[j]] < 0, -1,
  h[[j]] == i ^ br[[i]] > 0, 1,
  i < j ^ Abs[br[[i]]] - Abs[br[[j]]] == -1, 1,
  j < i ^ Abs[br[[j]]] - Abs[br[[i]]] == 1, -1,
  True, 0],
  {i, Length@h}, {j, Length@h}] /. {} → Nothing;

$$T^{-\frac{\text{Length}[V]}{2}} \text{Det}[V - T * \text{Transpose}[V]]$$


```


Testing

Testing on the Rolfsen Table (excluding the unknot).

```
In[ ]:= Sum[Equal @@ {Alexander[K][T], AlexanderOriginal[K][T], AlexanderBND[K][T],
  AlexanderLongPosition[K][T], AlexanderViaArcPresentation[K][T],
  AlexanderViaBureau[K][T], AlexanderViaSeifertAsBraids[K][T]},
  {K, AllKnots[{3, 10}}]]
```

 KnotTheory: Loading precomputed data in PD4Knots`.

 KnotTheory: MorseLink was added to KnotTheory` by Siddarth Sankaran at the University of Toronto in the summer of 2005.

 KnotTheory: The minimum braids representing the knots with up to 10 crossings were provided by Thomas Gittings. See arXiv:math.GT/0401051.

Out[]:=


249 True

We can also include prime knots with 11 crossings in our test, though this computation takes several minutes.

```
In[ ]:= Sum[Equal @@ {Alexander[K][T], AlexanderOriginal[K][T], AlexanderBND[K][T],
  AlexanderLongPosition[K][T], AlexanderViaArcPresentation[K][T],
  AlexanderViaBureau[K][T], AlexanderViaSeifertAsBraids[K][T]},
  {K, AllKnots[{3, 11}}]]
```

 KnotTheory: Loading precomputed data in DTCode4KnotsTo11`.

 KnotTheory: The GaussCode to PD conversion was written by Siddarth Sankaran at the University of Toronto in the summer of 2005.

 KnotTheory: Vogel's algorithm was implemented by Dan Carney in the summer of 2005 at the University of Toronto.

Out[]:=

801 True

Conjecture Testing

Alexander's Original Definition (crossings \times faces)

```

In[*]:= AlexanderOriginalConjectured[K_] := T  $\mapsto$  Apart@Module[
  {XingsByTurns, bends, faces, p, A, is, poly,
    $\sigma$ , d, Xings = List@@PD[K]},
  XingsByTurns =
  Xings /. x : X[i_, j_, k_, L_]  $\Rightarrow$ 
    If[PositiveQ[x], X_[-i, j, k, -L], X_-[j, k, L, -i]];
  bends = Times@@XingsByTurns /.
    _[X][a_, b_, c_, d_]  $\Rightarrow$  pa,-d pb,-a pc,-b pd,-c;
  faces = bends // . px_,y_ py_,z_  $\Rightarrow$  px,y,z;
  A = Table[0, Length@XingsByTurns, Length@faces];
  Do[is = Position[faces, #][[1, 1]] & /@ List@@XingsByTurns[[j]];
    A[[j], is] = If[Head[XingsByTurns[[j]]] === X_+,
      (-T 1 -1 T), (1 -1 T -T)],
    {j, Length@XingsByTurns}];
  poly = Det@A[[All, Delete[Range[Length@faces],
    {Position[faces, #][[1, 1]] & /@ {1, -1}}]];
   $\sigma$  = Table[If[PositiveQ[x], 1, -1], {x, Xings}];
  d = Table[If[x[[1]]  $\geq$  Max[List@@x[[{2, 4}]]], 1, -1], {x, Xings}];
  
$$\frac{(\text{poly} /. T \rightarrow 1) \text{poly}}{T^{\text{Count}[\sigma*d, -1]}}$$
];

In[*]:= Sum[AlexanderOriginalConjectured[K][T] === Alexander[K][T], {K, AllKnots[{3, 11]}]}
Out[*]=
801 True

```

Bureau Representation (Braids)

```

In[*]:= AlexanderViaBureauConjectured[K_] := T  $\mapsto$  Apart@Module[{b, m, n, br, reducedBureau,
  poly,  $\delta$ ,  $\sigma$ },
  {n, br} = List@@BR[K];
   $\delta$  /:  $\delta_{i_,j_} :=$  If[i == j, 1, 0];
   $\sigma_{i_}[\mathcal{E}__] :=$  
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{E} /. v_1 \Rightarrow -T * v_1 + v_2 & i === 1 \\ \mathcal{E} /. v_i \Rightarrow T * v_{i-1} - T * v_i + v_{i+1} & 1 < i < n - 1; \\ \mathcal{E} /. v_{n-1} \Rightarrow T * v_{n-2} - T * v_{n-1} & i === n - 1 \end{cases}$$

  mi_ :=  $\sigma_i$ [Table[vj, {j, n - 1}]] /. vj_  $\Rightarrow$  Table[ $\delta_{j,k}$ , {k, n - 1}];
  reducedBureau = Dot@@br /. i_Integer  $\Rightarrow$  If[i > 0, mi, mAbs[i] // Inverse];
  
$$\frac{1}{T^{(1+\text{Total}[\text{Sign}/@br]-n)/2}} \frac{1-T}{1-T^n} \text{Det}[\text{IdentityMatrix}[n-1] - \text{reducedBureau}];$$
];

```

```
In[*]:= Sum[Alexander[K][T] === AlexanderViaBureauConjectured[K][T], {K, AllKnots[{3, 11]}]]  
Out[*]=  
801 True
```