

Pensieve header: The category GDO and the Heisenberg algebra. Based on AlexanderFromHeisenberg.nb at pensieve://Talks/LearningSeminarOnCategorification-2006/.

```
In[ ]:= SetDirectory["C:\\drorbn\\AcademicPensieve\\Classes\\21-1350-KnotTheory"];
<< Common.m
```

Loading KnotTheory` version of February 2, 2020, 10:53:45.2097.
Read more at <http://katlas.org/wiki/KnotTheory>.

```
In[ ]:= ser = Series[E(a+b) x, {x, 0, 3}]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 1 + (a + b) x +  $\frac{1}{2}$  (a + b)2 x2 +  $\frac{1}{6}$  (a + b)3 x3 + O[x]4
```

```
In[ ]:= Expand[ser]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 1 + (a + b) x +  $\frac{1}{2}$  (a + b)2 x2 +  $\frac{1}{6}$  (a + b)3 x3 + O[x]4
```

```
In[ ]:= ser // FullForm
```

```
Out[ ]//FullForm= SeriesData[x, 0, List[1, Plus[a, b], Times[Rational[1, 2], Power[Plus[a, b], 2]], Times[Rational[1, 6], Power[Plus[a, b], 3]]], 0, 4, 1]
```

A hack to fix how Expand acts on Series:

```
In[ ]:= Unprotect[SeriesData];
SeriesData /: Expand[sd_SeriesData] := MapAt[Expand, sd, 3];
Protect[SeriesData];
```

```
In[ ]:= Expand[ser]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 1 + (a + b) x +  $\left(\frac{a^2}{2} + a b + \frac{b^2}{2}\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{a^3}{6} + \frac{a^2 b}{2} + \frac{a b^2}{2} + \frac{b^3}{6}\right) x^3 + O[x]^4$ 
```

```
In[ ]:= {p*, x*,  $\pi$ *,  $\xi$ *} = { $\pi$ ,  $\xi$ , p, x}; (u-i)* := (u*)i; L_List* := #* & /@ L;
```

```
In[ ]:= (GA1→B1[L1] // GA2→B2[L2]) /; (B1* === A2) := Module[{bar, r, x,  $\xi$ },
r = Expand[(L1 /. Table[x → bar[x], {x, B1}) (L2 /. Table[ $\xi$  → bar[ $\xi$ ], { $\xi$ , A2})];
Do[r = r /. bar[x]p · bar[x*]p → p! /. bar[x | x*] → 0, {x, B1});
GA1→B2[r]
]
```

```
In[ ]:= G{ $\xi_1$ }→{x1}[1 +  $\xi_1 x_1 + \xi_1^2 x_1^2$ ] // G{ $\xi_1$ }→{x2}[1 +  $\xi_1 x_2 + \xi_1^2 x_2^2$ ]
```

```
In[ ]:= G{ $\xi_1$ }→{x2}[1 + x2  $\xi_1 + 2 x_2^2 \xi_1^2$ ]
```

```
Out[ ]:= G{ $\xi_1$ }→{x2}[1 + x2  $\xi_1 + 2 x_2^2 \xi_1^2$ ]
```

```
In[ ]:= Es1[ $\omega Q1$ ] ≡ Es2[ $\omega Q2$ ] := s1 === s2 ∧ Simplify[{ $\omega Q1$ } == { $\omega Q2$ }]
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}_{A1 \rightarrow B1}[\omega1\_ , Q1\_ ] \mathbb{E}_{A2 \rightarrow B2}[\omega2\_ , Q2\_ ] ^ := \mathbb{E}_{A1 \cup A2 \rightarrow B1 \cup B2}[\omega1 \ \omega2, Q1 + Q2]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:= CF = ExpandNumerator@* ExpandDenominator@* PowerExpand@* Factor;
```

```
In[ ]:= ( $\mathbb{E}_{A1 \rightarrow B1}[\omega1\_ , Q1\_ ] // \mathbb{E}_{A2 \rightarrow B2}[\omega2\_ , Q2\_ ]$ ) /; (B1* === A2) :=
Module[{i, j, E1, F1, G1, E2, F2, G2, I, M = Table},
  I = IdentityMatrix@Length@B1;
  E1 = M[ $\partial_{i,j} Q1$ , {i, A1}, {j, B1}]; E2 = M[ $\partial_{i,j} Q2$ , {i, A2}, {j, B2}];
  F1 = M[ $\partial_{i,j} Q1$ , {i, A1}, {j, A1}]; F2 = M[ $\partial_{i,j} Q2$ , {i, A2}, {j, A2}];
  G1 = M[ $\partial_{i,j} Q1$ , {i, B1}, {j, B1}]; G2 = M[ $\partial_{i,j} Q2$ , {i, B2}, {j, B2}];
   $\mathbb{E}_{A1 \rightarrow B2}$ [CF[ $\omega1 \ \omega2 \text{Det}[I - F2.G1]^{-1/2}$ ], CF@Plus[
    If[A1 === {}  $\vee$  B2 === {}, 0, A1.E1.Inverse[I - F2.G1].E2.B2],
    If[A1 === {}, 0,  $\frac{1}{2}$  A1.(F1 + E1.F2.Inverse[I - G1.F2].E1T).A1],
    If[B2 === {}, 0,  $\frac{1}{2}$  B2.(G2 + E2T.G1.Inverse[I - F2.G1].E2).B2]]]]]
```

```
In[ ]:= Random $\mathbb{E}_{A \rightarrow B}[r\_ ] := Module[{ri},
  ri := RandomInteger[{-r, r}];
   $\mathbb{E}_{\text{Table}[\xi_i, \{i, A\}] \rightarrow \text{Table}[x_j, \{j, B\}]}$ [
    ri,
    Sum[ri  $\hbar$   $\xi_i \xi_j$ , {i, A}, {j, A}] +
    Sum[ri  $\hbar$   $\xi_i x_j$ , {i, A}, {j, B}] + Sum[ri  $\hbar$   $x_i x_j$ , {i, B}, {j, B}]
  ]]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:= E1 = Random $\mathbb{E}_{\{1,2\} \rightarrow \{1,2,3,4\}}$ [5]
```

```
In[ ]:= E2 = Random $\mathbb{E}_{\{1,2,3,4\} \rightarrow \{1,2,3\}}$ [5]
```

```
In[ ]:= E1 // E2
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[\mathbb{E}_{s\_}[\omega\_ , Q\_ ], d\_ ] := \mathbb{G}_s[\text{Expand@Series}[\omega \text{Exp}[Q], \{\hbar, 0, d\}]]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E1, 1]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E2, 1]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E1, 1] // \mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E2, 1]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E1 // E2, 1]$ 
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E1 // E2, 5] == (\mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E1, 5] // \mathbb{E}\text{Series}[E2, 5])$ 
```

```
In[ ]:= A_ \ B_ := Complement[A, B];
(E_{A1 \to B1}[\omega1_, Q1_] // E_{A2 \to B2}[\omega2_, Q2_] /; (B1* != A2) :=
E_{A1 \cup (A2 \setminus B1*) \to B1 \cup A2*}[\omega1, Q1 + Sum[\xi* \xi, {\xi, A2 \setminus B1*}]] //
E_{B1* \cup A2 \to B2 \cup (B1 \setminus A2*)}[\omega2, Q2 + Sum[z* z, {z, B1 \setminus A2*}]]
```

A proof of the formula for R is at <http://drorbn.net/cat20>.

```
In[ ]:= R_{i_,j_} := E_{\{\} \to \{p_i, x_i, p_j, x_j\}}[T^{1/2}, (1 - T) p_j x_j + (T - 1) p_i x_j];
R_{i_,j_} := E_{\{\} \to \{p_i, x_i, p_j, x_j\}}[T^{-1/2}, (1 - T^{-1}) p_j x_j + (T^{-1} - 1) p_i x_j];
C_{i_} := E_{\{\} \to \{p_i, x_i\}}[T^{1/2}, \theta]; C_{i_} := E_{\{\} \to \{p_i, x_i\}}[T^{-1/2}, \theta];
```

```
In[ ]:= \eta_{i_} := E_{\{\} \to \{p_i, x_i\}}[1, \theta]
```

```
In[ ]:= m_{i_,j_ \to k_} := E_{\{\pi_i, \xi_i, \pi_j, \xi_j\} \to \{p_k, x_k\}}[1, -\xi_i \pi_j + (\pi_i + \pi_j) p_k + (\xi_i + \xi_j) x_k]
```

```
In[ ]:= E_{\{\} \to vS_}[\omega_i_, Q_]h := Module[{ps, xs, M},
ps = Cases[vS, p_]; xs = Cases[vS, x_];
M = Table[\omega_i, 1 + Length@ps, 1 + Length@xs];
M[[2 ;;, 2 ;;]] = Table[CF[\partial_{i,j} Q], {i, ps}, {j, xs}];
M[[2 ;;, 1]] = ps; M[[1, 2 ;;]] = xs;
MatrixForm[M]h]
```

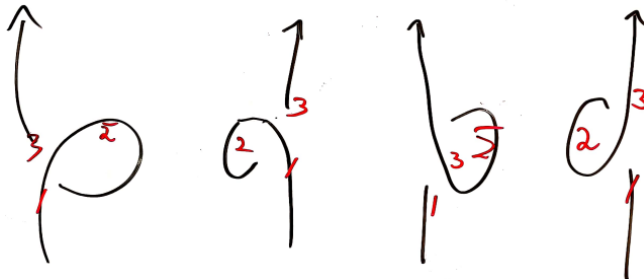
Reidemeister 3

$$In[]:= (R_{1,2} R_{4,3} R_{5,6} // m_{1,4 \to 1} m_{2,5 \to 2} m_{3,6 \to 3}) \equiv (R_{2,3} R_{1,6} R_{4,5} // m_{1,4 \to 1} m_{2,5 \to 2} m_{3,6 \to 3})$$

Reidemeister 2

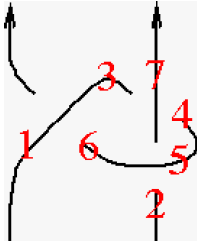
$$In[]:= \{ (\bar{R}_{1,2} R_{3,4} // m_{1,3 \to 1} m_{2,4 \to 2}) \equiv \eta_1 \eta_2, \\ (R_{1,4} \bar{R}_{5,2} \bar{C}_3 // m_{2,4 \to 2} // m_{1,3 \to 1} // m_{1,5 \to 1}) \equiv \bar{C}_1 \eta_2 \}$$

Reidemeister 1's



$$In[]:= \{ (\bar{C}_2 R_{1,3} // m_{1,2 \to 1} // m_{1,3 \to 1}) \equiv \eta_1, (\bar{C}_2 \bar{R}_{3,1} // m_{1,2 \to 1} // m_{1,3 \to 1}) \equiv \eta_1, \\ (C_2 \bar{R}_{1,3} // m_{1,2 \to 1} // m_{1,3 \to 1}) \equiv \eta_1, (C_2 R_{3,1} // m_{1,2 \to 1} // m_{1,3 \to 1}) \equiv \eta_1 \}$$

The "First Tangle"



`In[]:= Factor /@ (z = R1,6 C3 R7,4 R5,2 // m1,3→1 // m1,4→1 // m1,5→1 // m1,6→1 // m2,7→2)`

`In[]:= Zh`

`In[]:= ZF[Knot[4, 1]]`

`In[]:= Alexander[Knot[4, 1]][T]`

`In[]:= Timing@Table[Simplify[Alexander[K][T] ZF[K][[1]]], {K, AllKnots[{3, 9]}]}`

`In[]:= Timing@ZF[GST48]`