

Recall:  $G \rightsquigarrow \mathbb{Q}G \supset I \quad \mathcal{A} = \bigoplus I^n / T^{n+1}$   
 $\mathcal{A}^\circ = T(I/I^2 = V) / \ker(V \otimes V \rightarrow I^2/I^3)$  } functors!  
 on braid

An expansion  $Z: G \rightarrow \mathcal{A}^\circ$  also proves  $\mathcal{A}^\circ \cong \mathcal{A}$

For  $PwB_n$ ,  $\mathcal{A}_n^w = \mathcal{A}_n^\circ = \langle a_{ij} : [a_{ij} + a_{ik}, a_{jk}] = 0$   
 $[a_{ij}, a_{ik}] = [a_{ij}, a_{kl}] = 0 \rangle$   
 $= \langle \mathbb{F}\langle \sigma \rangle \rangle / \langle \mathbb{F}\langle \sigma \rangle, TC \rangle$

$Z: PwB_n \rightarrow \mathcal{A}_n^w$  by  $\sigma_{ij} \rightarrow e^{a_{ij}}$

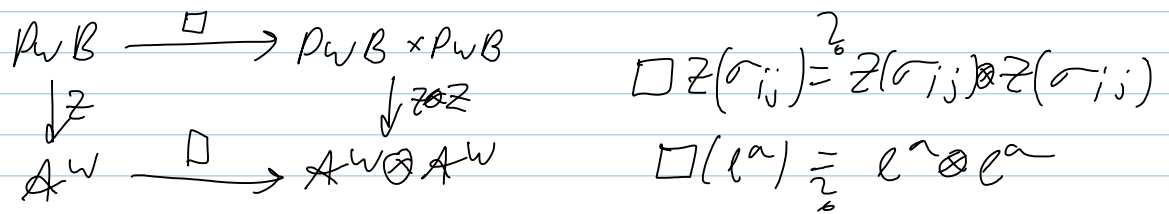
Are we meeting next week?

### 2.5.1 Compatibility with Braid operations.

2.5.1.1 Braid inversion. [always  $g \mapsto g^{-1}$  induces  $(-1)^{\deg}$  on  $\mathcal{A} / \mathcal{A}^2$  &  $Z$  is compatible.]

2.5.1.2 "Braid cloning".

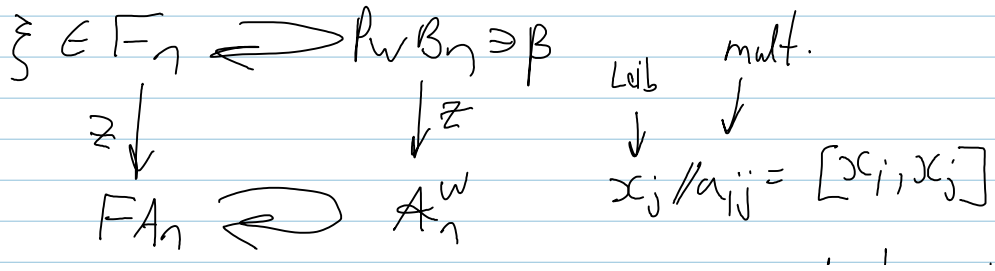
Always  $\mathcal{A}(G \times G) = \mathcal{A}(G) \otimes \mathcal{A}(G)$  &  $g \mapsto (g, g)$  induces  $V \ni a \mapsto a \otimes a \in V \otimes V$ .  $Z$  is compatible:



2.5.1.3 "strand insertions"

2.5.1.4 "strand deletions"

2.5.1.5 Compatibility with the action on  $F_n$ :



$$Z(\xi // \beta) = Z(\xi) // Z(\beta) \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} e^x \\ \hline e^x \end{array} \right|$$

$$\xi_j // \sigma_{ij} : \quad \xi_j, \xi_j \xi_j^{-1} \quad e^{x_j} // e^{a_{ij}}$$

### 2.5.1.6 unzipping a strand

$$Z(u_i; B) \stackrel{?}{=} u_i Z(B) \quad \text{with } B = \begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ \downarrow \\ \searrow \end{array}, \text{ true for } u_2 \text{ but false for } u_1$$

### 2.5.2 Power and Injectivity.

Theorem (Bergman & Papadima) [hence FTI]   
 $Z: wB_n \rightarrow A_n^w$  is injective.   
 [hence FTI]   
 Sp. braids]

Proof.  $Z(B_1) = Z(B_2) \Rightarrow \forall \xi \quad Z(\xi) // Z(B_1) = Z(\xi) // Z(B_2)$   
 $\Rightarrow \forall \xi \quad Z(\xi // B_1) = Z(\xi // B_2) \Rightarrow \forall \xi \quad \xi // B_1 = \xi // B_2$   
 $\Rightarrow B_1 = B_2$

Remark unlike the  $wB$  case & the  $wk$  case,  $A_n^w$  is not understood.

### 2.5.3 Uniqueness

Prop. If  $Z_{1,2}: wB_n \rightarrow A_n^w$  are expansions, then  $\exists$  degree increasing map  $P: A_n^w \rightarrow A_n^w$  s.t.  $Z_2 = (1+P) \circ Z_1$ . Review

Prop If  $Z_{1,2}$  are homomorphic expansions that commute w/ braid cloning & w/ strand insertion, then  $Z_1 = Z_2$ . Review

### 2.5.4 Non-horizontal flying rings.

No expansion unless  $w_i$  are made a part of the skeleton! Review

### 2.5.5 The relationship w/ $w$ -braids.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 P \cup B \cdots \xrightarrow{Z^u} & & A^u \\
 \downarrow \alpha & & \downarrow \alpha \\
 P \cup B \xrightarrow{Z^w} & & A^w
 \end{array}$$

never commutative.

Review.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 P \cup B_n \xrightarrow{Z^u} & & A_n^u \\
 \downarrow \alpha & & \downarrow \alpha \\
 P \cup B_n \xrightarrow{Z^w} & & A_n^w
 \end{array}$$

"commutes up to conjugation in a bigger space"