

Pensieve header: January 20: Textbook (EIWL) chapters 5-8, evaluated.

5. Operations on Lists

```
{1, 2, 3} + 10
```

```
{11, 12, 13}
```

```
{1, 1, 2} * {1, 2, 3}
```

```
{1, 2, 6}
```

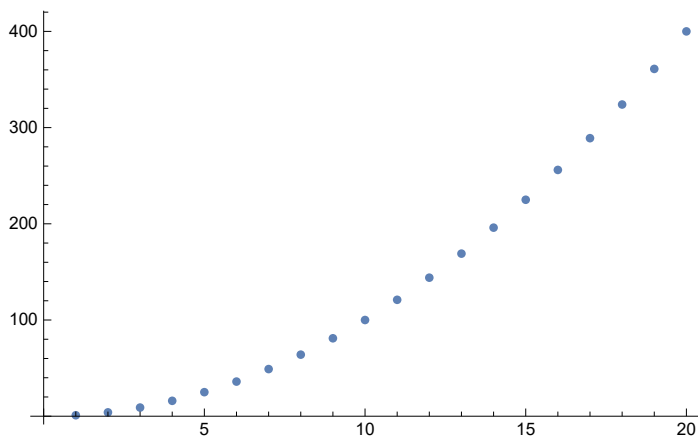
```
{1, 1, 2} . {1, 2, 3}
```

```
9
```

```
Range[10]^2
```

```
{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100}
```

```
ListPlot[Range[20]^2]
```



```
Sort[{4, 2, 1, 3, 6}]
```

```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 6}
```

? Sort

Sort[list] sorts the elements of list into canonical order.

Sort[list, p] sorts using the ordering function p. >>

```
l = Table[RandomReal[{-1, 1}], 20]
```

```
{-0.1647, -0.95226, -0.163569, 0.872585, -0.0737378, 0.486217, -0.666849,  
-0.195779, 0.301817, 0.451436, -0.493966, -0.915324, -0.769855, -0.810651,  
-0.946107, 0.41485, -0.185635, -0.00243751, -0.585756, 0.954066}
```

```
Sort[1]
```

```
{-0.95226, -0.946107, -0.915324, -0.810651, -0.769855, -0.666849,  
-0.585756, -0.493966, -0.195779, -0.185635, -0.1647, -0.163569, -0.0737378,  
-0.00243751, 0.301817, 0.41485, 0.451436, 0.486217, 0.872585, 0.954066}
```

```
Sort[1, Abs[#1] < Abs[#2] &]
```

```
{-0.00243751, -0.0737378, -0.163569, -0.1647, -0.185635, -0.195779,  
0.301817, 0.41485, 0.451436, 0.486217, -0.493966, -0.585756, -0.666849,  
-0.769855, -0.810651, 0.872585, -0.915324, -0.946107, -0.95226, 0.954066}
```

```
Length[{5, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5}]
```

```
7
```

```
N2 = (#1 * #1 - #2^2) &
```

```
#1 #1 - #2^2 &
```

```
N2[2, 3]
```

```
-5
```

```
N3 = (#1 * #3 - #2^2) &
```

```
N3[2, 3]
```

```
Function::slotn : Slot number 3 in #1 #3 - #2^2 & cannot be filled from (#1 #3 - #2^2 &)[2, 3]. >>
```

```
-9 + 2 #3
```

```
N4 = Function[{x, t}, x^2 - t^2]
```

```
Function[{x, t}, x^2 - t^2]
```

```
N4[2, 3]
```

```
-5
```

```
Total[{1, 1, 2, 2}]
```

```
6
```

```
Total[Range[100]]
```

```
5050
```

```
Clear[a]
```

```
Count[{a, b, a, a, c, b, a}, a]
```

```
4
```

```
First[{7, 6, 5}]
```

```
7
```

```
Last[{7, 6, 5}]
```

```
5
```

```
? Prime
```

```
Prime[n] gives the  $n^{\text{th}}$  prime number. >>
```

```
l1 = Prime /@ Range[10]
```

```
{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29}
```

```
Last[l1]
```

```
29
```

```
First[l1]
```

```
2
```

```
Rest[l1]
```

```
{3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29}
```

```
Most[l1]
```

```
{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23}
```

```
Second[l1]
```

```
Second[{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29}]
```

```
Part[l1, 4]
```

```
7
```

```
l1 // Rest // First
```

```
3
```

```
l1[[4]]
```

```
7
```

```
l1[[3 ;; 7]]
```

```
{5, 7, 11, 13, 17}
```

```
l1[[3 ;;]]
```

```
{5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29}
```

```
l1[[ ;; 6]]
```

```
{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13}
```

? ; ;

i ;; j represents a span of elements i through j .
 i ;; represents a span from i to the end.
 ;; j represents a span from the beginning to j .
 ;; represents a span that includes all elements.
 i ;; j ;; k represents a span from i through j in steps of k .
 i ;; ;; k represents a span from i to the end in steps of k .
 ;; j ;; k represents a span from the beginning to j in steps of k .
 ;; ;; k represents a span from the beginning to the end in steps of k . >>

11 [[-3]]

19

11 [[0]]

List

Expand [($x + y$)¹⁰] [[7]]

210 $x^4 y^6$

First[Sort[{6, 7, 1, 2, 4, 5}]]

1

Min[{6, 7, 1, 2, 4, 5}]

1

IntegerDigits[2⁴⁰]

{1, 0, 9, 9, 5, 1, 1, 6, 2, 7, 7, 7, 6}

Take[{101, 203, 401, 602, 332, 412}, 3]

{101, 203, 401}

Take[IntegerDigits[2¹⁰⁰], 10]

{1, 2, 6, 7, 6, 5, 0, 6, 0, 0}

Drop[{101, 203, 401, 602, 332, 412}, 3]

{602, 332, 412}

? **Take**

Take[list, n] gives the first n elements of list.
 Take[list, -n] gives the last n elements of list.
 Take[list, {m, n}] gives elements m through n of list.
 Take[list, seq₁, seq₂, ...] gives a nested list in which elements specified by seq _{i} are taken at level i in list. >>

6. Making Tables

Table[5, 10]

{5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5}

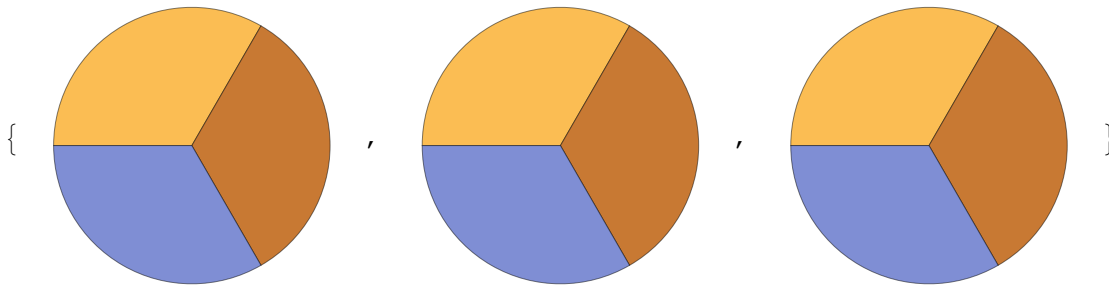
Table[x, 10]

{x, x, x, x, x, x, x, x, x, x}

Table[{1, 2}, 10]

{{1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}}

Table[PieChart[{1, 1, 1}], 3]



Table[a[n], {n, 5}]

{a[1], a[2], a[3], a[4], a[5]}

Table[n + 1, {n, 10}]

{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11}

Table[n^2, {n, 10}]

{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100}

Table[Range[n], {n, 5}]

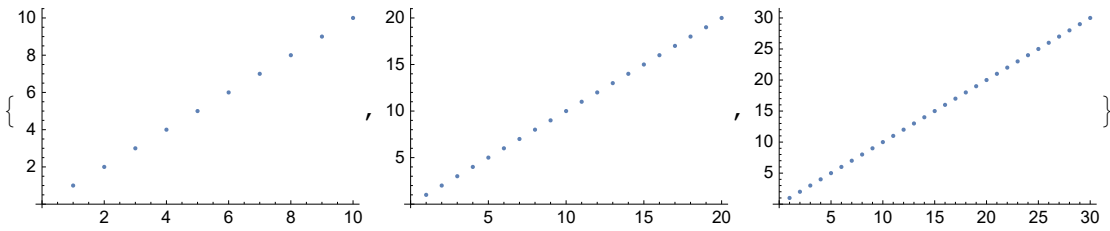
{{1}, {1, 2}, {1, 2, 3}, {1, 2, 3, 4}, {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}}

Table[Column[Range[n]], {n, 8}]

```

{ 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
  2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2
  3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3
  4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4
  5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5
  6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6
  7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7
  8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8
}
    
```

```
Table[ListPlot[Range[10 * n]], {n, 3}]
```



```
Table[PieChart[Table[1, n]], {n, 5}]
```

```
Table[2^expt, {expt, 10}]
```

```
Table[{x, x + 1, x^2}, {x, 5}]
```

```
Table[f[n], {n, 10}]
```

```
Table[f[n], {n, 4, 10}]
```

```
Table[f[n], {n, 4, 10, 2}]
```

{f[4], f[6], f[8], f[10]}

```
Range[4, 10]
```

```
Range[4, 10, 2]
```

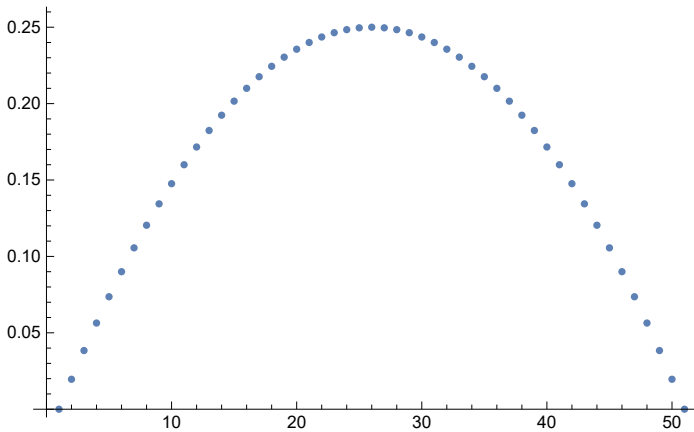
{4, 6, 8, 10}

```
f /@ Range[4, 10, 2]
```

{f[4], f[6], f[8], f[10]}

```
Range[0, 1, 0.1]
```

```
ListPlot[Table[x - x^2, {x, 0, 1, .02}]]
```



```
ListPlot[Range[0, 1, .02] - Range[0, 1, .02]^2]
```

```
Table[RandomInteger[10], 20]
```

{0, 10, 8, 2, 9, 1, 4, 5, 1, 9, 5, 0, 5, 5, 10, 6, 9, 5, 9, 10}


```
Style[1000, Red]
```

1000

```
Style[1000, Red] + 1
```

1 + 1000

```
Table[Style[RandomInteger[1000], RandomColor[]], 30]
```

{269, 38, 839, 847, 74, 673, 207, 267, 962, 743, 649, 454, 365, 798, 395,
921, 946, 318, 47, 977, 276, 758, 258, 931, 858, 968, 426, 119, 162, 656}

```
Style[x, 30]
```

X

```
Table[Style[100, n], {n, 30}]
```

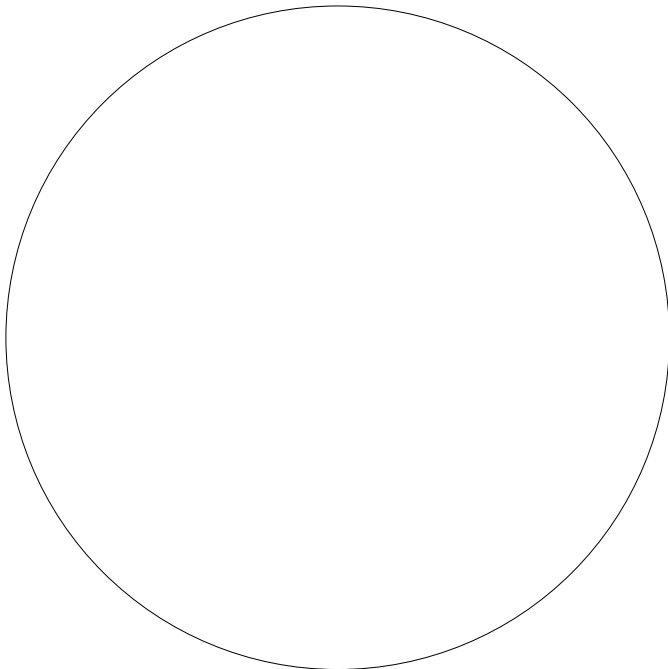
{, , 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,
100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100}

```
Table[Style[x, RandomColor[], RandomInteger[30]], 25]
```

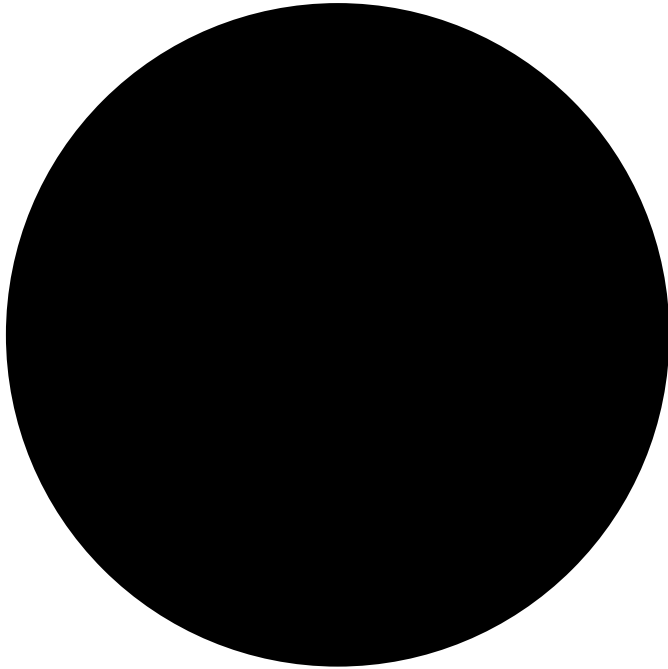
{x, , X, x, X, x, X, x, , , , X, X, x, , , X, X, X, , , X, X, , x}

8. Basic Graphics Objects

```
Graphics[Circle[]]
```



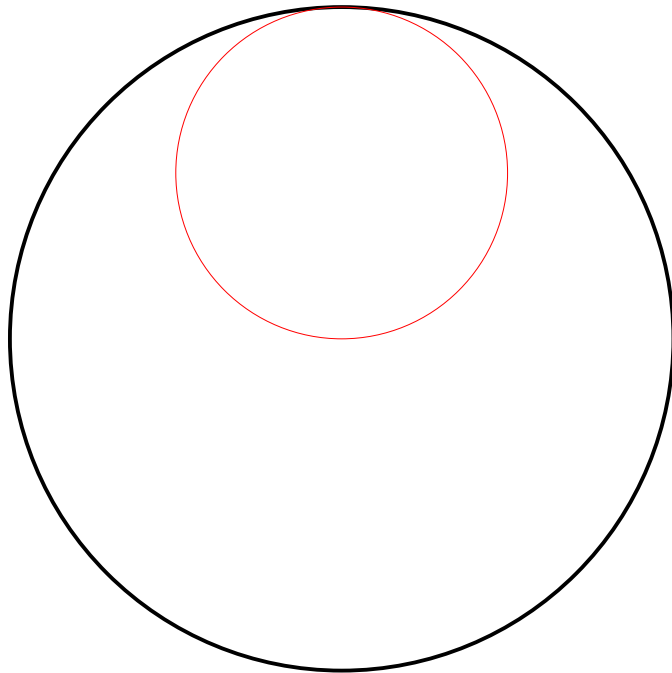
Graphics [Disk []]



? Circle

- Circle[{x, y}, r] represents a circle of radius r centered at $\{x, y\}$.
- Circle[{x, y}] gives a circle of radius 1.
- Circle[{x, y}, {rx, ry}] gives an axis-aligned ellipse with semi-axes lengths r_x and r_y .
- Circle[{x, y}, ..., {θ₁, θ₂}] gives a circular or ellipse arc from angle θ_1 to θ_2 . >>

```
Graphics[{Thick, Circle[{0, 0}], Red, Thin, Circle[{0, 0.5}, 0.5]}]
```



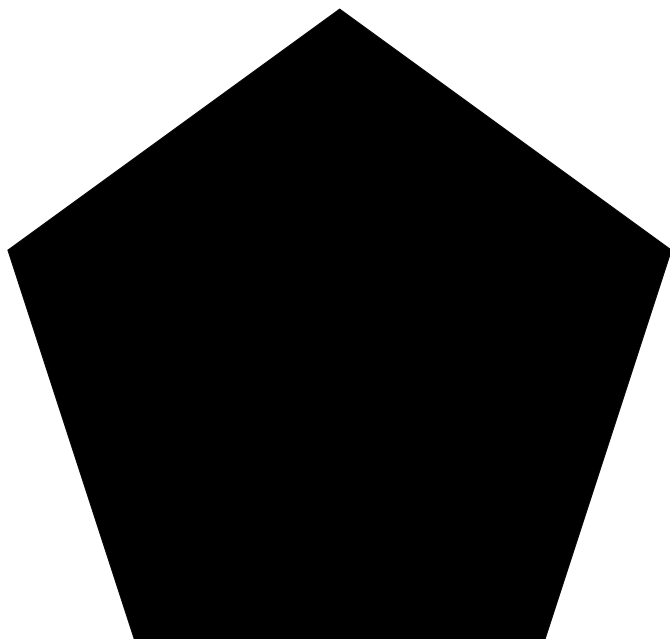
? Thickness

Thickness[r] is a graphics directive which specifies that lines which follow are to be drawn with thickness r . The thickness r is given as a fraction of the horizontal plot range. >>

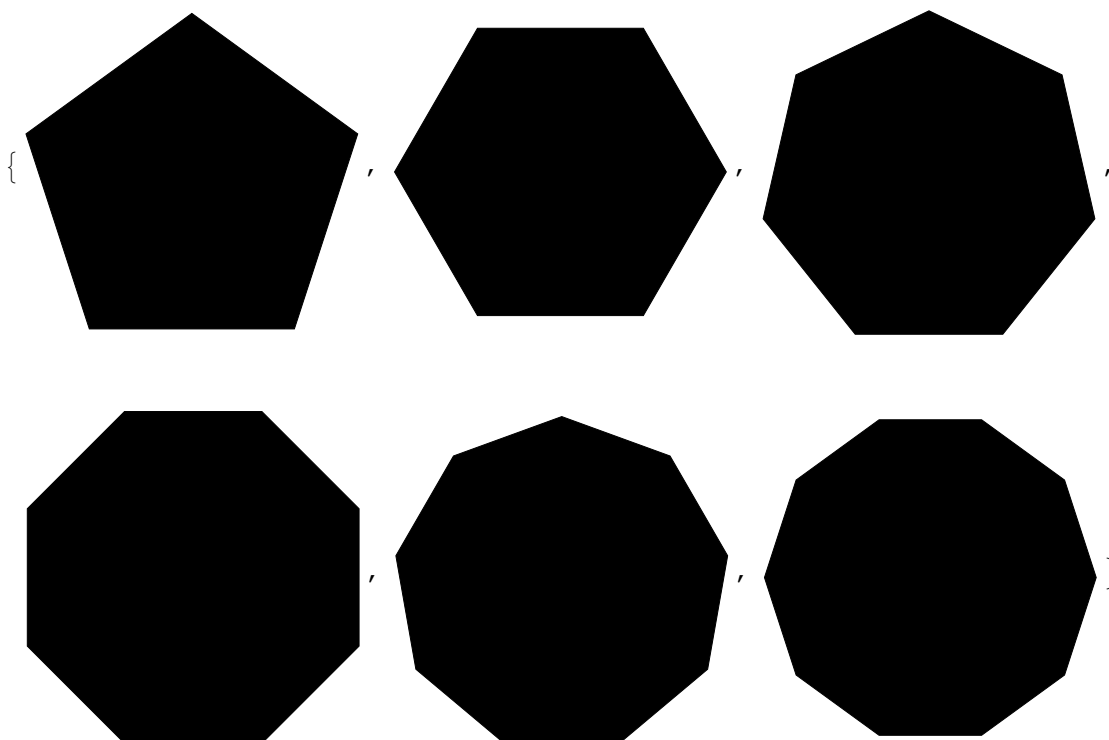
? Dashed

Dashed is a graphics directive specifying that lines that follow should be drawn dashed. >>

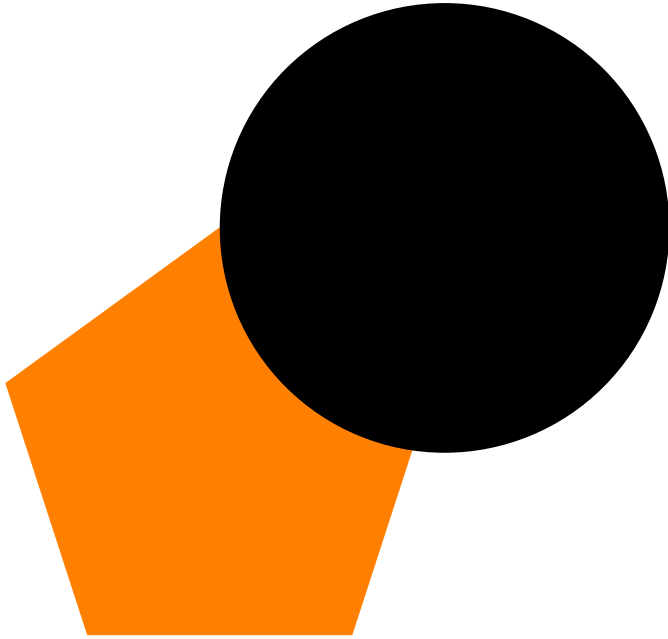
```
Graphics[RegularPolygon[5]]
```



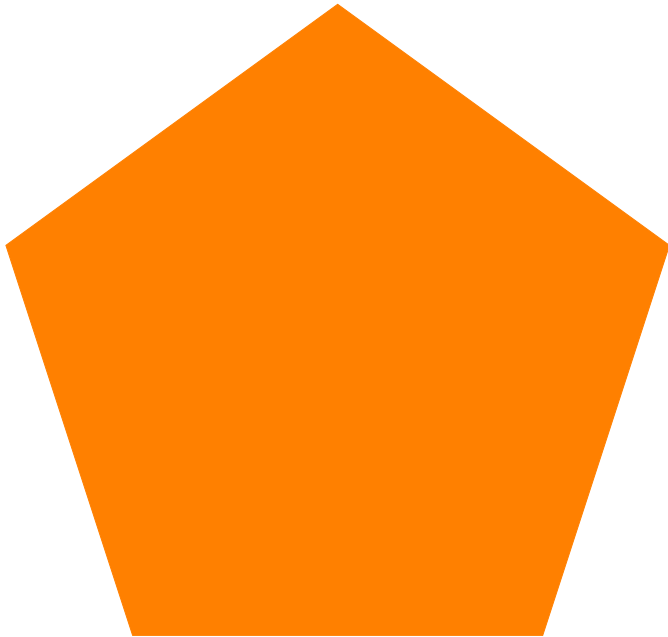
```
Table[Graphics[RegularPolygon[n]], {n, 5, 10}]
```



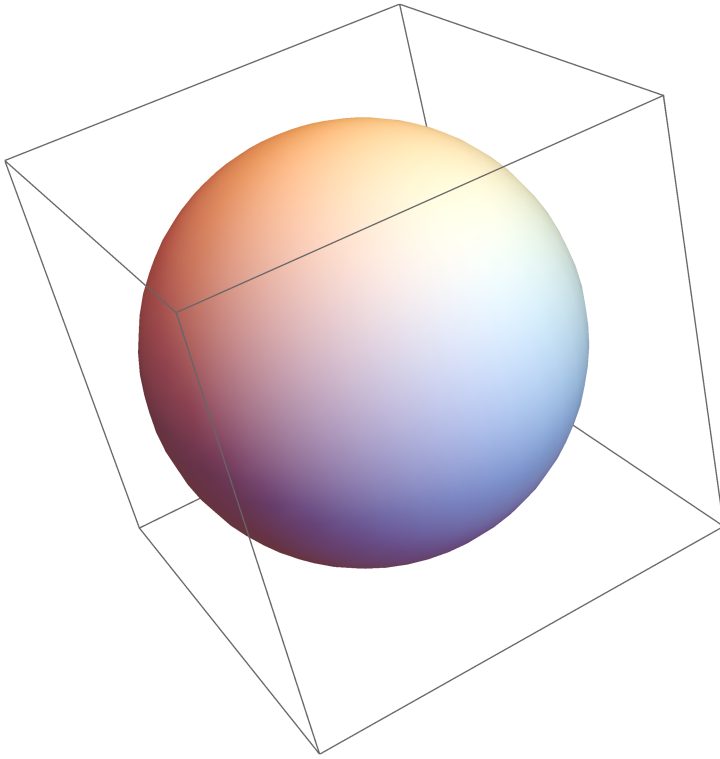
```
Graphics[{Style[RegularPolygon[5], Orange], Disk[{1, 1}]}]
```



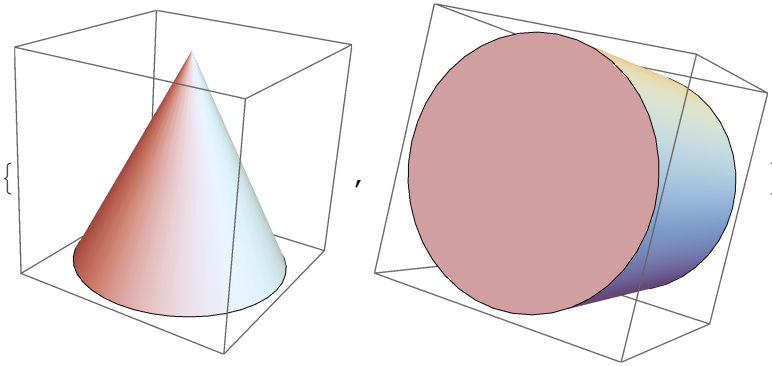
```
Graphics[{Orange, RegularPolygon[5]}]
```



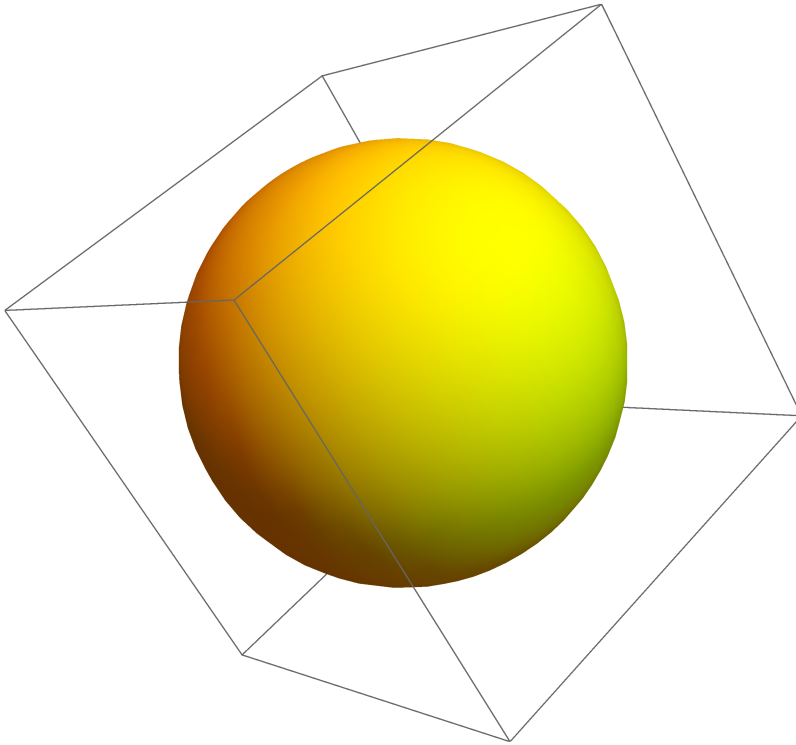
`Graphics3D[Sphere[]]`



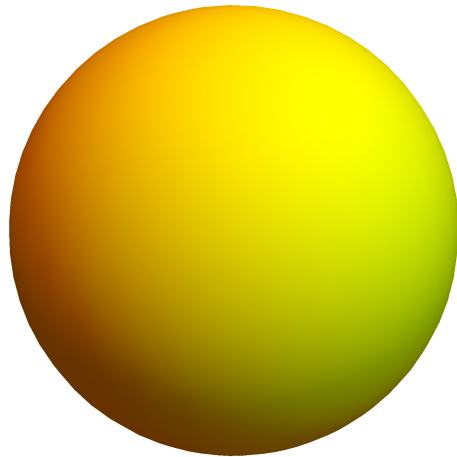
`{Graphics3D[Cone[]], Graphics3D[Cylinder[]]}`



```
Graphics3D[Style[Sphere[], Yellow]]
```



```
Graphics3D[Style[Sphere[], Yellow], Boxed -> False]
```



CurrentImage []

