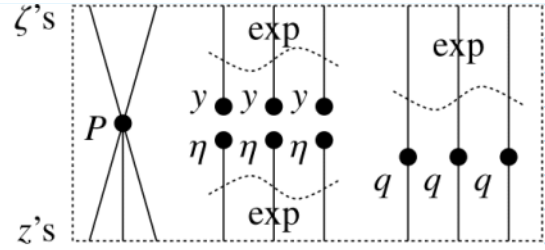


Nobody likes denominators

December 22, 2018 9:03 AM

(180629) The Zipping Thm (verification 2018-12). If P has a finite ζ -degree and \tilde{q} is the inverse matrix of $1 - q$: $(\delta_j^i - q_j^i)\tilde{q}_k^j = \delta_k^i$, then



$$\begin{aligned} \left\langle P(z_i, \zeta^j) e^{c + \eta^i z_i + y_j \zeta^j + q_j^i z_i \zeta^j} \right\rangle &= |\tilde{q}| \left\langle P(z_i, \zeta^j) e^{c + \eta^i z_i} \Big|_{z_i \rightarrow \tilde{q}_i^k (z_k + y_k)} \right\rangle \\ &= |\tilde{q}| e^{c + \eta^i \tilde{q}_i^k y_k} \left\langle P(\tilde{q}_i^k (z_k + y_k), \zeta^j + \eta^i \tilde{q}_i^j) \right\rangle. \end{aligned}$$

$$= |\tilde{q}| P\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta^i}, \frac{\partial}{\partial y_j}\right) e^{c + \eta^i \tilde{q}_i^k y_k} \left. \vphantom{P} \right\} \text{if } P \text{ also has finite } \tau\text{-degree.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[W, L, \bar{Q}, \bar{P} = \sum \bar{P}_k \epsilon^k] &= \mathbb{E}[L, W^{-1} \bar{Q}, W^{-1} \sum \frac{\bar{P}_k \epsilon^k}{W^{4k}}] \\ &= W^{-1} e^{L + W^{-1} \bar{Q}} \sum \bar{P}_k \frac{\epsilon^k}{W^{4k}} \end{aligned}$$

- * Write conversion routines: $\mathbb{E}3$ & $\mathbb{E}4$
- * Homotop everything to $\mathbb{E}4$ with conjugated LZip & QZip.
- * Implement LZip & QZip at $\mathbb{E}4$ level, verify correctness.
- * Optimize @ $\mathbb{E}4$.