

Pym on Multiple zeta Values in Deformation Quantization

July 17, 2018 9:00 AM

<https://bitbucket.org/bpym/starproducts>

With Peter Banks and Erik Panzer

X = a smooth manifold / \mathbb{R} or \mathbb{C}

$\pi \in \Gamma(X, \mathbb{R}T_x)$ poisson

Def a deformation quantization of (X, π)

is

$$f * g = fg + \hbar \{f, g\} + \hbar^2 B_2(f, g) \in \mathcal{O}(X)[[\hbar]]$$

↑
assoc. product.

Thm (Kontsevich '97) Every (X, π) has a "canonical" quantization

for $X = \mathbb{R}^n$ or \mathbb{C}^n ,

$$f * g = \sum \frac{\hbar^n}{n!} \sum_{\Gamma \in \text{Graphs}(n)} C_\Gamma B_\Gamma(\pi^{\wedge n}, f, g)$$

where

$$C_\Gamma = \frac{1}{(2\pi i)^{\dim}} \int_{C_{n,m}} W_\Gamma$$

$$C_{n,m} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{circle with } n \text{ points } 1, \dots, n \\ \text{and } m \text{ internal vertices} \\ \text{with } n-2 \text{ edges} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$W_\Gamma \in A^0(C_{n,m}) \subset \mathcal{U}^0(C_{n,m})$$

↑
generated by $dh_\alpha(\text{cross})$

$\mathcal{J}^{-1}(\text{ratios})$

Ex $\{x, y\} = \frac{1}{2}xy$ on \mathbb{R}^2

already here the quantization is not known explicitly.

$x * y = g(\hbar)xy$ $y * x = g(-\hbar)xy$

$g(\hbar) = 1 + \frac{\hbar}{2} + \frac{\hbar^2}{24} - \frac{\hbar^3}{48} - \frac{\hbar^4}{1920} + \dots$ stuff w/ ζ -values.

RTW, $xc * y = e^{\hbar} y * xc$

Def'n: MZV's

$\zeta(n_1, \dots, n_d) = \sum_{0 < k_1 < \dots < k_d} \frac{1}{k_1^{n_1} \dots k_d^{n_d}}$
 $w = \sum n_i$ $n_i \geq 1$ $d \geq 2$

$Z_0 = \mathbb{Z}$

$Z_1 = \mathbb{Z}(i\pi)$

$Z_n = \mathbb{Z}\{\text{MZV's of wt } n\} + \mathbb{Z} \cdot i\pi \{\text{MZV at wt } n-1\}$

Thm (Banks-Panzer-Pym, building on F. Brown)

Suppose $W \in A^{\text{top}}(C_{n, m})$ is such that

$\mathbb{I} := \int W$ converges absolutely,

$I := \int_{C_{\gamma m}} W$ converges absolutely,

then $I \in \begin{cases} (2\pi i)^{n-1} z_{n-1} & m=0 \\ (2\pi i)^n z_{n+m-2} & m>0 \end{cases}$

so total wt = dim of integration
$2\pi i$ factors = # of interior vertices.

0:30