

Pensieve header:  $\Delta$  and  $S$  in the quantized case; evolved from pensieve://2017-09/nb/QuantizedLogos.pdf.

## Some Shortcuts

```
ME[x_] := MatrixExp[x]; MF[x_] := MatrixForm[x];
```

## Representing $\epsilon y x$

(Borrowed from pensieve://2017-08/Multi-beta-yax.nb)

```
q = e^h y e; rhoI = (1 0; 0 1); rhoY = (0 0; -1 0); rhoA = (0 0; 0 -gamma);
rhoX = (0 (-1+e^-gamma h); 0 0); rhoB = (epsilon 0; 0 0);
rhoT = Simplify[epsilon rhoA - gamma rhoB]; rhoA = ME[-h epsilon rhoA]; rhoB = ME[-h gamma rhoB]; rhoT = ME[h rhoT];
(# -> MF@Simplify@ToExpression@#) & /@
{"{q}", "rhoY", "rhoA", "rhoX", "rhoB", "rhoT", "rhoA", "rhoB", "rhoT", "rhoI"}
```

$$\{ \{q\} \rightarrow (e^{\gamma \epsilon h}), \rho_Y \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \rho_A \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\gamma \end{pmatrix}, \rho_X \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{-1+e^{-\gamma \epsilon h}}{h} \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \rho_B \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\rho_T \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -\gamma \epsilon & 0 \\ 0 & -\gamma \epsilon \end{pmatrix}, \rho_A \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\gamma \epsilon h} \end{pmatrix}, \rho_B \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} e^{-\gamma \epsilon h} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \rho_T \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} e^{-\gamma \epsilon h} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-\gamma \epsilon h} \end{pmatrix}, \rho_I \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \}$$

```
{rhoA.rhoX - rhoX.rhoA == gamma rhoX, rhoX.rhoA == q rhoA.rhoX, rhoA.rhoY - rhoY.rhoA == -gamma rhoY,
rhoB.rhoY - rhoY.rhoB == -epsilon rhoY, rhoX.rhoY - q rhoY.rhoX == (rhoI - rhoT.rhoA.rhoA) / h} // Simplify
```

{True, True, True, True, True}

## $\Delta(x)$

Note that  $\Delta(x) = x \otimes 1 + A \otimes x$ . We can regard the second tensor factor as commuting coefficients.

```
MF /@ (eqn = ME[xi (rhoX + x rhoA)] == ME[alpha0 rhoA].ME[xi0 rhoX])
```

$$\left( \begin{matrix} e^{x \xi} & \frac{e^{-\gamma \epsilon h} (e^{x \xi} - e^{e^{\gamma \epsilon h} x \xi})}{x h} \\ 0 & e^{\gamma \epsilon h} x \xi \end{matrix} \right) = \left( \begin{matrix} e^{\alpha \theta} & -\frac{e^{\alpha \theta - \gamma \epsilon h} (-1 + e^{\gamma \epsilon h}) \xi \theta}{h} \\ 0 & e^{\gamma \epsilon h} \alpha \theta \end{matrix} \right)$$

```
Thread[Flatten /@ eqn /. alpha0 -> xi x]
```

$$\{ \text{True}, \frac{e^{-\gamma \epsilon h} (e^{x \xi} - e^{e^{\gamma \epsilon h} x \xi})}{x h} = -\frac{e^{x \xi - \gamma \epsilon h} (-1 + e^{\gamma \epsilon h}) \xi \theta}{h}, \text{True}, \text{True} \}$$

```
sol = Solve[Thread[Flatten /@ eqn /. alpha0 -> xi x], {xi0}] [[1]]
```

$$\{ \xi \theta \rightarrow -\frac{e^{-x \xi} (e^{x \xi} - e^{e^{\gamma \epsilon h} x \xi})}{(-1 + e^{\gamma \epsilon h}) x} \}$$

**FullSimplify**[ $\xi_0$  /. sol]

$$\frac{-1 + e^{(-1+e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})x\xi}}{(-1 + e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})x}$$

**Series**[ $\xi_0$  /. sol, { $\epsilon$ , 0, 3}]

$$\xi + \frac{1}{2}x\gamma\xi^2\hbar\epsilon + \frac{1}{12}x(3\gamma^2\xi^2\hbar^2 + 2x\gamma^2\xi^3\hbar^2)\epsilon^2 + \frac{1}{24}x(2\gamma^3\xi^2\hbar^3 + 4x\gamma^3\xi^3\hbar^3 + x^2\gamma^3\xi^4\hbar^3)\epsilon^3 + O[\epsilon]^4$$

### S(x)

Note that  $S(x) = -A^{-1}x$ .

**-Inverse**[ $\rho A$ ]. $\rho x$  // **Simplify** // **MF**

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1-e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}}{\hbar} \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

**MF** /@ (**eqn** = **ME**[- $\xi$  **Inverse**[ $\rho A$ ]. $\rho x$ ] == **ME**[ $\xi_0 \rho x$ ])

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}(-1+e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})\xi}{\hbar} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} == \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}(-1+e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})\xi_0}{\hbar} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Thread**[**Flatten** /@ **eqn**]

$$\{\text{True}, \frac{e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}(-1+e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})\xi}{\hbar} == -\frac{e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}(-1+e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})\xi_0}{\hbar}, \text{True}, \text{True}\}$$

**sol** = **Solve**[**Thread**[**Flatten** /@ **eqn**], { $\xi_0$ }][[1]

$$\{\xi_0 \rightarrow -\xi\}$$

**FullSimplify**[ $\xi_0$  /. sol]

$$-\xi$$

**Series**[ $\xi_0$  /. sol, { $\epsilon$ , 0, 3}]

$$-\xi$$

### $\Delta(y)$

Note that  $\Delta(y) = y \otimes B + 1 \otimes y$ . We can regard the first tensor factor as commuting coefficients.

**MF** /@ (**eqn** = **ME**[ $\eta$  ( $y \rho B + \rho y$ )] == **ME**[ $\eta_0 \rho y$ ].**ME**[ $\beta_0 \rho B$ ])

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}y\eta & 0 \\ -\frac{e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar}(e^{\gamma\eta}-e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}y\eta)}{(-1+e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar})y} & e^{\gamma\eta} \end{pmatrix} == \begin{pmatrix} e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}\beta_0 & 0 \\ -e^{-\gamma\epsilon\hbar}\beta_0\eta_0 & e^{\beta_0} \end{pmatrix}$$

**Thread[Flatten /@ eqn /.  $\beta\theta \rightarrow \eta y$ ]**

$$\{\text{True, True, } -\frac{e^{\gamma \epsilon \hbar} (e^{\gamma \eta} - e^{e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar} \gamma \eta})}{(-1 + e^{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}) y} = -e^{e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar} \gamma \eta} \eta \theta, \text{ True}\}$$

**sol = Solve[Thread[Flatten /@ eqn /.  $\beta\theta \rightarrow \eta y$ ],  $\{\eta\theta\}$ ][[1]]**

$$\{\eta\theta \rightarrow -\frac{e^{-e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar} \gamma \eta + \gamma \epsilon \hbar} (-e^{\gamma \eta} + e^{e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar} \gamma \eta})}{(-1 + e^{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}) y}\}$$

**FullSimplify[ $\eta\theta$  /. sol]**

$$\frac{e^{\gamma \epsilon \hbar} (-1 + e^{(1 - e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar}) \gamma \eta})}{(-1 + e^{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}) y}$$

**Series[ $\eta\theta$  /. sol,  $\{\epsilon, \theta, 3\}$ ]**

$$\eta + \frac{1}{2} \gamma \eta^2 \hbar \epsilon + \frac{1}{12} \gamma (-3 \gamma^2 \eta^2 \hbar^2 + 2 \gamma \gamma^2 \eta^3 \hbar^2) \epsilon^2 + \frac{1}{24} \gamma (2 \gamma^3 \eta^2 \hbar^3 - 4 \gamma \gamma^3 \eta^3 \hbar^3 + \gamma^2 \gamma^3 \eta^4 \hbar^3) \epsilon^3 + 0[\epsilon]^4$$