

The Gassner calculus planarity condition for 2-tangles

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$$\left(\begin{array}{c|cc} \nu\omega & c & S \\ \hline c & \beta + \alpha\delta/\nu & \theta + \alpha\epsilon/\nu \\ S & \psi + \delta\phi/\nu & \Xi + \epsilon\phi/\nu \end{array} \right) \xleftarrow[\nu:=1-\gamma]{m_c^{ba}} \begin{array}{c|ccc} \omega & a & b & S \\ \hline a & \alpha & \beta & \theta \\ b & \gamma & \delta & \epsilon \\ S & \phi & \psi & \Xi \end{array} \xrightarrow[\mu:=1-\beta]{m_c^{ab}} \left(\begin{array}{c|cc} \mu\omega & c & S \\ \hline c & \gamma + \alpha\delta/\mu & \epsilon + \delta\theta/\mu \\ S & \phi + \alpha\psi/\mu & \Xi + \theta\psi/\mu \end{array} \right)_{T_a, T_b \rightarrow T_c}$$



$$\begin{array}{c|c} (1-\gamma)w & \\ \hline & \beta + \frac{\alpha\delta}{1-\gamma} \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{c|cc} w & \alpha & \beta \\ \hline & \gamma & \delta \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c|c} (1-\beta)w & \\ \hline & \gamma + \frac{\alpha\delta}{1-\beta} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1-\gamma)w = (1-\beta)w \Rightarrow \beta = \gamma$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \beta$$

\Rightarrow mutation invariance \downarrow

after identifying variables.

But I have to be able to deduce $m_c^{ab} = m_c^{ba}$ in a direct way----

----- follows from the under-slide relation; see MutationProperty.nb.

Non-splicing mutations:

