

```
<< KnotTheory`
MVA = MultivariableAlexander;
Loading KnotTheory` version of April 3, 2014, 16:23:56.0784.
Read more at http://katlas.org/wiki/KnotTheory.
```

```
{L = Link["L9n9"]; t1 = MVA[L][T], t2 = MVA[Mirror@L][T], Simplify[t1/t2]}
```

KnotTheory::loading: Loading precomputed data in MultivariableAlexander4Links.

KnotTheory::loading: Loading precomputed data in PD4Links.

KnotTheory::credits:

The multivariable Alexander program "MVA2" was written by Jana Archibald at the University of Toronto in 2007–2008.

$$\left\{ -\frac{1 + T[1] - T[1] T[2] - T[2]^2 + T[2]^3 + T[1] T[2]^3}{\sqrt{T[1]} T[2]^{3/2}}, \right. \\ \left. \frac{1 + T[1] - T[1] T[2] - T[2]^2 + T[2]^3 + T[1] T[2]^3}{\sqrt{T[1]} T[2]^{3/2}}, -1 \right\}$$

```
{L = Link["L10n10"]; t1 = MVA[L][T], t2 = MVA[Mirror@L][T], Simplify[t1/t2]}
```

$$\left\{ \frac{1 - 2 T[2] - 2 T[1] T[2]^4 + T[1] T[2]^5}{\sqrt{T[1]} T[2]^{5/2}}, -\frac{1 - 2 T[2] - 2 T[1] T[2]^4 + T[1] T[2]^5}{\sqrt{T[1]} T[2]^{5/2}}, -1 \right\}$$

```
{L = Link["L11n11"]; t1 = MVA[L][T], t2 = MVA[Mirror@L][T], Simplify[t1/t2]}
```

$$\left\{ \frac{(-1 + T[1]) (-1 + T[2]) (2 - T[2] + 2 T[2]^2)}{\sqrt{T[1]} T[2]^{3/2}}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(-1 + T[1]) (-1 + T[2]) (2 - T[2] + 2 T[2]^2)}{\sqrt{T[1]} T[2]^{3/2}}, -1 \right\}$$

```
Simplify[ $\frac{MVA[\#][T]}{MVA[Mirror@\#][T]}$ ] & /@ AllLinks[{2, 9}]
```

Power::infy: Infinite expression $\frac{1}{0}$ encountered. >>

Infinity::indet: Indeterminate expression 0 ComplexInfinity encountered. >>

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{T[2]}, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, \right. \\ -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, -1, \\ -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, \\ -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, \\ -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, \\ \left. -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, Indeterminate, 1 \right\}$$