

## Cameron Gordon: Left Orderability and Cyclic Branched Covers

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Joint w/ Tye Lidman.

A group  $G$  is "left-orderable" (LO) if  $\exists$  a strict total order  $<$  on  $G$ , which is left invariant:

$$g < h \Rightarrow fg < fh \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{By convention,} \\ \text{the trivial group} \\ \text{is not LO} \end{array} \right]$$

\* The reals.

\* Subgroups of LO are LO.

\* LO groups are torsion free.

\* If  $G$  is countable then  $G$  is LO iff  $G$  is a subgroup of  $\text{Homeo}_+(\mathbb{R})$

3 manifolds today are orientable & irreducible

Thm (Boyer-Ratfsen-Wiest, 2005) If  $M$  is a 3-manifold,  $\pi_1(M)$  is LO iff  $\pi_1(M)$  has a LO quotient.

So  $H_1(M)$  infinite  $\Rightarrow \pi_1(M)$  is L.O.

Q  $M$  is QHS. when is  $\pi_1(M)$  L.O.?

(1)  $\pi_1 M$  finite  $\Rightarrow$  not LO

(2) Known for SFS.