

# Cheat Sheet Severa Quantization

## Severa's construction.

Given a Braided Monoidal Category (BMC)  $\mathcal{D}$  (with Manin  $(\partial, g, g^*)$ , set  $\mathcal{D} := \mathcal{U}(\partial) - \text{Mod}^{\Phi}$ ), given a co-braided co-algebra  $(M, \Delta: M \rightarrow M \otimes M, \epsilon: M \rightarrow 1_{\mathcal{D}})$  ( $M := \mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{g}) = \mathcal{U}(\partial)/\mathcal{U}(\partial)g^*$ ), given a second BMC  $\mathcal{C}$  ( $\text{Vect}$ ), a functor  $F: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  ( $F(X) := X/gX$ ) and a comonoidal structure  $c$  (namely a natural  $c_{X,Y}: F(XY) \rightarrow F(X)F(Y)$  respecting the braiding and associativity) such that

$$\begin{aligned} F(XMY) &\xrightarrow{F(1\Delta_1)} F(XMMY) \xrightarrow{c} F(XM)F(MY) \\ \text{and } F(M) &\xrightarrow{F(\epsilon)} F(1_{\mathcal{D}}) \xrightarrow{\cong} 1_{\mathcal{C}} \end{aligned}$$

are isomorphisms (the obvious  $c_{X,Y}: XY/g(XY) \rightarrow M?$ )

$(X/gX)(Y/gY)$ ), construct a Hopf algebra structure on  $H := F(M^2)$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_H: F(M^2) &\xrightarrow{F(\Delta)} F(M^4) \xrightarrow{F(1R1)} F(M^4) \xrightarrow{c_{M,M}} F(M^2)^2, \\ m_H: F(M^2)^2 &\xrightarrow{c_{F(M^2), F(M^2)}} F(M^3) \xrightarrow{F(1\epsilon_1)} F(M^2), \\ S_H: F(M^2) &\xrightarrow{F(R)} F(M^2). \end{aligned}$$

Set also  $G: X \mapsto F(MX)$  ( $G: X \mapsto \frac{\mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{g})X}{g(\mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{g})X)}$ ).

**Questions.** • Is  $H$  the symmetry algebra of something?

• In the non-quasi case, can we reconstruct  $\mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{g})$  from the category of  $\partial$ -modules?

• In the abstract context, what is the relation between  $H$  and

## Tannakian reconstruction.

— Given an algebra  $A$  let  $\mathcal{D} := A - \text{Mod}$  (projective (?) left  $A$ -modules), let  $\mathcal{C} := \text{Vect}$  and  $G: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  be the forgetful functor. Then  $A \simeq \text{End}(G)$  by

$$\begin{aligned} a \in A &\mapsto (\text{the action of } a \text{ on any } X \in \mathcal{D}), \\ \{h_X: G(X) \rightarrow G(X)\}_{X \in \mathcal{D}} &\mapsto h_A(1) \in A. \end{aligned}$$

— Given a monoidal  $\mathcal{D}$  and an exact  $G: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} =: \text{Vect}$  with a natural isomorphism  $\alpha_{X,Y}: G(X)G(Y) \rightarrow G(XY)$ , there is a Hopf algebra structure on  $H := \text{End}(G)$ : product is composition, coproduct  $\Delta: H \rightarrow H \otimes H = \text{End}(G^2: \mathcal{D} \times \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C})$  by

$$(h_X)_{X \in \mathcal{D}} \mapsto ((X, Y) \mapsto \alpha_{X,Y} // h_{XY} // \alpha_{X,Y}^{-1} \in \text{End}(G(X)G(Y))).$$