

Riddle from Assaf

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In a finite field there is always a solution to

$$x^2 + y^2 + 1 = 0$$

PF. Enough to work in \mathbb{Z}/p . If $p=2$, take $x=0, y=1$. If $p>2$,

$$|\{x^2 : x \in \mathbb{Z}/p\}| = \frac{p+1}{2} > p/2$$

and

$$|\{-1-y^2 : y \in \mathbb{Z}/p\}| = \frac{p+1}{2} > p/2$$

so by pigeonhole, these subsets of \mathbb{Z}/p must intersect. \square