

$$\sum_k \binom{N}{k} z^k = (1+z)^N$$

Plan: Motivation

1. MOY evaluation  
generating functions

- unknot
- $q=1$
- general case

2. Applications.

First speaker  
to prop  
the boards up!

Motivation: Colored HOMFLY polynomial -  
recursions in  $a$  and  $q$ .

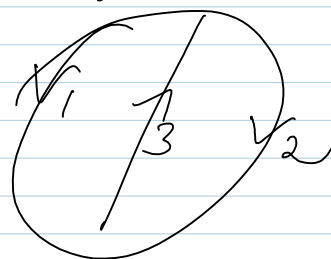
Simplify to  $SL(N)$  quantum invariants of  
planar graphs

MOY graphs: An oriented planar trivalent graph  
 $\Gamma$  together with a flow  $\gamma: E(\Gamma) \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$

Evaluation: Use

$$\Lambda^{a+b} V \rightarrow \Lambda^a V \otimes \Lambda^b V$$

etc, take values in Laurent  
polys in  $q$ .



$\langle \Gamma, \gamma \rangle$

$$\langle \bigcirc, k \rangle = \binom{N}{k} \text{ or } \begin{bmatrix} N \\ k \end{bmatrix}_q$$

$$\sum \langle \bigcirc, k \rangle z^k = (1+z)^N$$

cycles in  $\Gamma = \textcircled{1}$

or  $(1+z)^{\underline{N}}$  where  $\underline{N} := \left\{ \frac{1-N}{2}, \dots, \frac{N-1}{2} \right\}$

$$\prod_{k \in \underline{N}} (1+q^k z)$$

There's also a version with  $q$ .

Proposition  $\langle \Gamma, \gamma \rangle_{\mathcal{N}} (\gamma=1)$  is the number of states  $\sigma$  s.t.  $|\sigma| = \gamma$

$\mathcal{C}_\Gamma$ : set of oriented cycles in  $\Gamma$

$$\textcircled{1} \Rightarrow \mathcal{C}_\Gamma = \{ \emptyset, D, \emptyset \}$$

A state is a map  $\sigma: \mathcal{C}_\Gamma \rightarrow \text{subsets}(\underline{N})$

$|\sigma|$  defined using cardinalities.  
with some disjointness condition on the edges.

$$\sum_{\gamma} \langle \Gamma, \gamma \rangle_{\mathcal{N}} (\gamma=1) z^{\gamma} = \left( \sum_{c \in \mathcal{C}_\Gamma} z^c \right)^{\mathcal{N}}$$

where  $z^{\gamma} := \prod_{c \in E(\Gamma)} z_e^{\gamma(c)}$

$$=: F_{\Gamma, \mathcal{N}}(z)$$

Example  $F_{\textcircled{1}, 3}(z, \gamma, z) =$

$$(1+xy+yz)^3$$

There is also a story about symmetric powers - - -

MOY evaluations for general  $q$ :

$$\langle \Gamma, \gamma \rangle = \sum q^{\text{rot}(c)} q^{\frac{1}{4} \sum_{v \in V(\Gamma)} \text{wt}(E, v)}$$

Generating function for MOY graphs  $X = \{ \frac{N-1}{2}, \dots, \frac{N-1}{2} \}$

PLAN:

① Motivation

② MOY evaluation generating function

- unknot ✓
- $q=1$  ✓
- general case ✓

③ Applications

MOY evaluation of  $\langle \Gamma, \gamma \rangle (q) = \sum_{c \in C} q^{\text{rot}(c)} z^c = \prod_{i \in X} \sum_{c \in C_i} q^{\text{rot}(c)} z^c = \prod_{i \in X} \sum_{c \in E(\Gamma_i)} z^c$

$z_c$  for  $a \in E(\Gamma)$

$q$ -Commutation

MOY evaluation of  $\langle \Gamma, \gamma \rangle (q) = \sum_{c \in C} q^{\text{rot}(c)} z^c = \sum_{\text{state } G} q^{\text{rot}(G)} z^G$

$N(\Gamma, \gamma) = \sum_{L, R \in C} \# \{ (l, r) \in G(L) \times G(R) \mid l < r \}$

$= \sum_{l < r} \# \{ (l, r) \mid l > r \}$