

$$A_{\lambda_x} := e^{-a_{\lambda_x}} = e^{-x} \cdot e^x \quad \lambda = (W, \mu)$$

$$\lambda // \text{hta}^{xy} = \left(\begin{array}{l} W // y \mapsto e^{\mu_x y} e^{-\mu_x} \\ \mu // y \mapsto e^{\mu_x y} e^{-\mu_x} \end{array} \right) + j^{xy}(\mu)$$

$j^{xy}(\mu)$ must satisfy:

$$\frac{d}{ds} \Big|_{s=0} j^{xy}(s\mu) = \text{div}_y \mu_x$$

$$\frac{d}{ds} j^{xy}(s\mu) = \underbrace{\left(\text{div}_y \mu_x // y \mapsto e^{s\mu_x y} e^{-s\mu_x} \right)}_{\text{first short}} + \underbrace{j^{xy}(s\mu)}_{\text{then long}}$$

needs rethinking

$$= \underbrace{j^{xy}(s\mu) // \text{der}(y \mapsto [\mu_x^s, y])}_{\text{first long}} + \underbrace{(\text{div}_y \mu_x^s)}_{\text{then short}}$$

where $\mu_x^s := \mu_x // y \mapsto e^{s\mu_x y} e^{-s\mu_x}$

Aside: solve $\dot{q} = q a(t) + b(t)$

$$\text{sol'n } q(t) = \int_0^t ds b(s) e^{\int_s^t a(u) du}$$

Oh well, continued July 19 and 20:

Let λ_s be λ with μ_x replaced with $s\mu_x$, and let $\bar{\lambda}_s = \left(\frac{\bar{w}_s}{\bar{\mu}_s} \right) = \lambda_s // \text{hta}^{xy}$. Then

1. $\bar{\lambda}_0 = \lambda_0$

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$$1. \quad \lambda_0 = \lambda_0$$

$$2. \quad \frac{d}{ds} \begin{pmatrix} \bar{w}_s \\ \bar{\mu}_s \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{w}_s \\ \bar{\mu}_s \end{pmatrix} // \text{dcr}(y \mapsto [\bar{\mu}_{s,x}, y]) + \begin{pmatrix} \text{div}_y \bar{\mu}_{s,x} \\ h(x) \mu_x \end{pmatrix}$$