

$$Z(k, C, R) := \frac{1}{\text{Vol}(\mathfrak{g})} \int_{\mathcal{A}} \mathcal{D}A \cdot W_R(C) \exp(i \frac{k}{4\pi} CS(A))$$

on  $M$ , compact 3-manifold & given  $G$ , compact Lie group

NonAbelian Localization  $S = \frac{1}{2}(M, \mu)$

$$Z(\epsilon) = \frac{1}{\text{Vol}(\mathfrak{h})} \int_X \exp(\mathcal{L} - \frac{1}{2\epsilon}(M, \mu))$$

where  $(X, \mathcal{L})$  is a symplectic manifold with a Hamiltonian action of a Lie gp  $\mathfrak{h}$

$\mu: X \rightarrow \mathfrak{h}^*$  The moment map.

$(\cdot, \cdot)$  invt. form on  $\mathfrak{h}/\mathfrak{h}^*$

Example 2d YM on  $(\Sigma, \omega)$  ( $\omega$  a symplectic form on a surface  $\Sigma$ )

$$X = \mathcal{A}, \quad \mathcal{L} = - \int_{\Sigma} \text{Tr}(FA \wedge A)$$

$H =$  Gauge transformations.

$\mu$  turns out to be  $F$  (2-forms on dual to 0-forms)

$$(\phi, \phi) := - \int_{\Sigma} \text{Tr}(\phi \wedge * \phi)$$

Symplectic Geometry of CS theory.

$K$  section of  $\mathcal{L}'_M$ ,  $K \wedge K \neq 0$  everywhere.

If  $M$ 's a Seifert manifold, choose

"shift-symmetry"  $S: FA = K\sigma, \sigma$  an

arbitrary sect. of  $\mathcal{N} \otimes \mathfrak{g}$ . ;  $d\Phi = \sigma$ .

$$S(A, \Phi) = CS(A - k\Phi) \\ = CS(A) - \int_M [2k \wedge \text{Tr}(\Phi F_A - k \wedge k \text{Tr}(\Phi^2))]$$

$$\mathcal{Z}(k) = \int \mathcal{D}A \mathcal{D}\Phi \exp \exp \frac{ik}{4\pi} S(A, \Phi)$$

1. Fix  $\Phi = 0 \Rightarrow \mathcal{Z} = Z$

2. Integrate out  $\Phi \Rightarrow$

$$S(A) = CS(A) - \int \frac{1}{k \wedge k} \text{Tr}[(k \wedge F_A)^2]$$

still shift invariant!

symplectic data:

$$X = A/S, \quad \mathcal{N} = \int_M k \wedge \text{Tr}(F_A \wedge A)$$

$\mathfrak{g}_0 =$  Gauge transformations (identity component), centrally extended:

$$U(1) \hookrightarrow \tilde{\mathfrak{g}}_0 \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}_0$$

$$H: U(1)_R \times \tilde{\mathfrak{g}}_0 \quad \mu, \quad S(A) = \frac{1}{2}(\mu, \mu)$$

↑  
rotations  
of  $\mu$

Adding The Wilson Loop:

$$W_R(C) = \text{Tr}_R P \exp(-\oint_C A)$$

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