

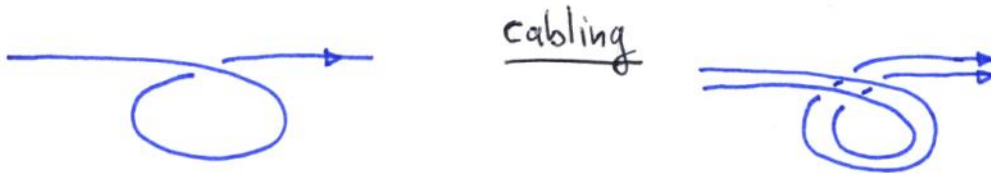
Thomas Fiedler's Marathon

June-16-08
9:17 AM

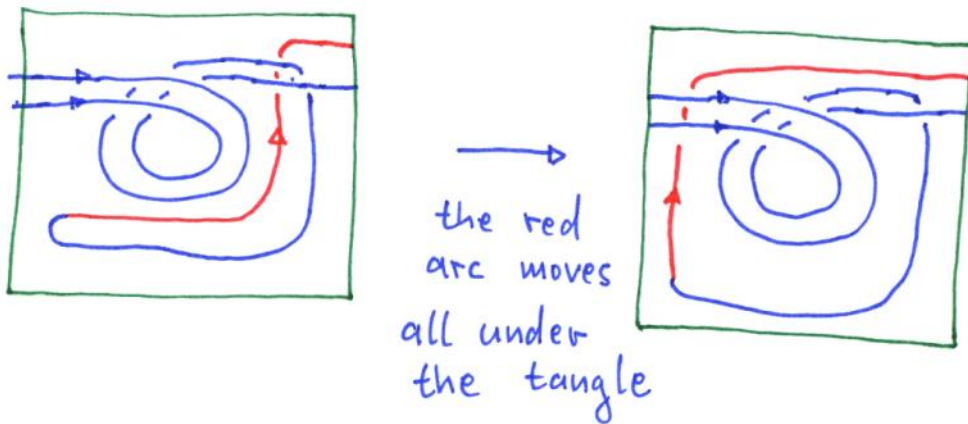
Study the Hartley / Kawachi theorem about the Alexander polynomial of positive / negative Amphicheiral knots!

Is there a Kauffman's state model for the Alexander polynomial of virtual / w-knots?

Long framed knot $K \longrightarrow$ 2-cable of K

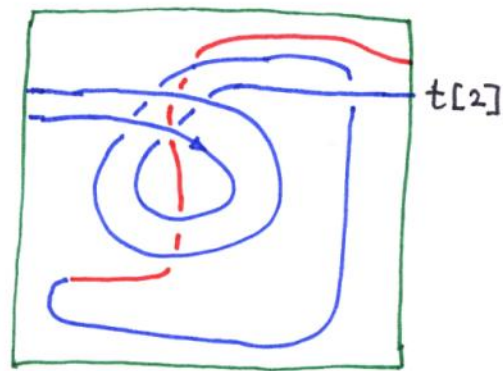
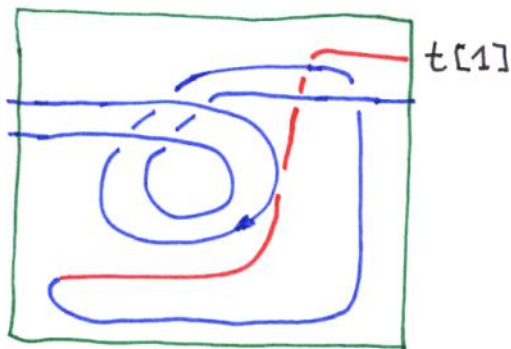


Scanning \longrightarrow one parameter family of tangles in the green box



decoration \longrightarrow

to each triple crossing and to each auto-tangency we associate the end point of the highest strand and call it $t[p]$



→
evaluation

evaluation of the 1-cocycle γ on the one parameter family of diagrams gives an element

in $H_2 t[1] \oplus H_2 t[2]$.

Here, H_2 is the Hecke algebra over $\mathbb{Z}[z, z^{-1}, v, v^{-1}]$.

$\gamma(2\text{-cable of } K)$ is an invariant of regular isotopy of K .

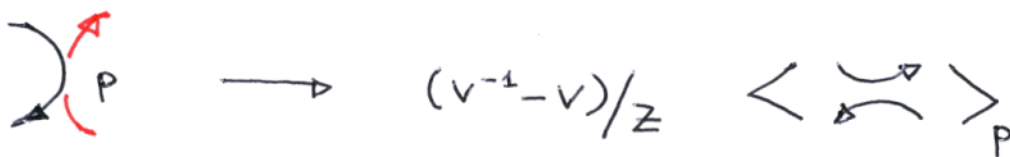
Definition of γ

Each triple crossing p in the family is replaced by



Here, $\langle \rangle_p$ is the HOMFLYPT polynomial in H_2 of the tangle where the triple crossing is replaced by the tangle in the bracket.

In the same way



$$Y \stackrel{\text{Def.}}{=} \sum_{\text{all triple crossings } p} \left[\langle \text{triple crossing } p \rangle - \langle \text{triple crossing } p \rangle \right] t[p]$$

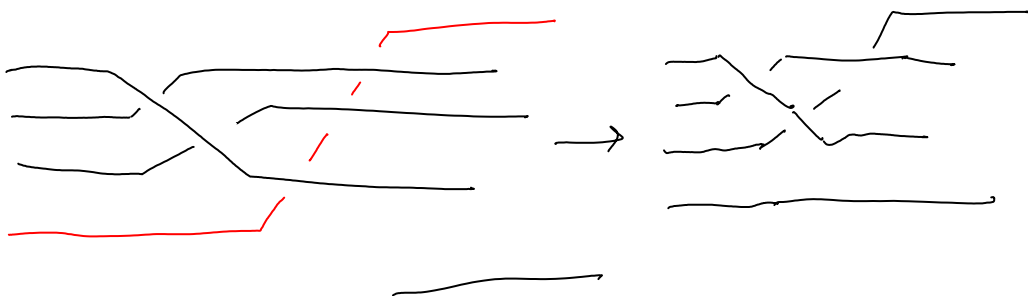
$$- \left(\frac{v^{-1} - v}{z} \right) \sum_{\text{all auto-tangencies } p} \langle \text{auto-tangency } p \rangle t[p]$$

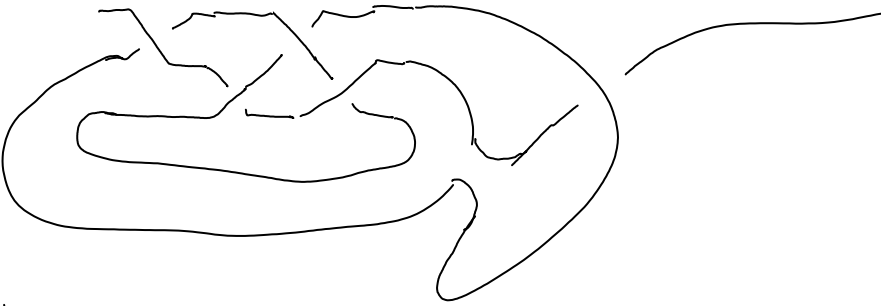
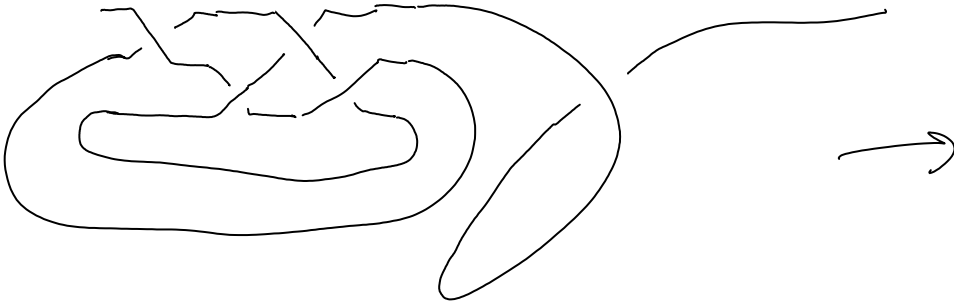
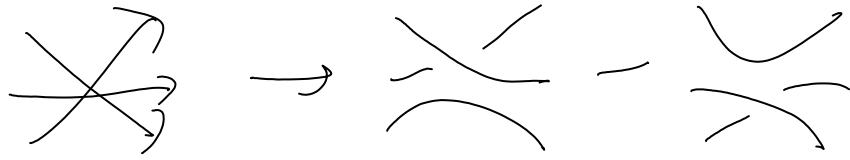
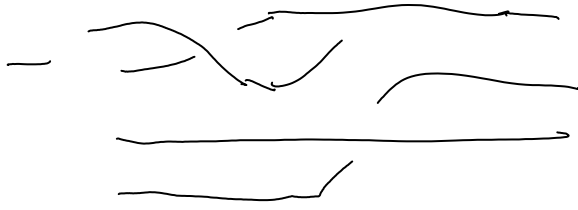
An example without cabling

$$Y(\sigma^+) = Y(\sigma^+_{\text{with red line}}) + Y(\sigma^+_{\text{with red loop}})$$

$$= - \frac{v^{-1} - v}{z} \langle \sigma^+_{\text{with red line}} \rangle + \langle \sigma^+_{\text{with red loop}} \rangle$$

$$- \langle \sigma^+_{\text{with red loop}} \rangle = -v^{-2}$$





+

